I DONT LIKE THIS MUD

THE WEATHER.

For Boston and vicinity: Rain late to-night and Friday; light wind becoming easterly and increasing.

High water: 1:10 a. m., 1.26 p. m.

10 PAGES

HEARST'S
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AND NEW YORK JOURNAL

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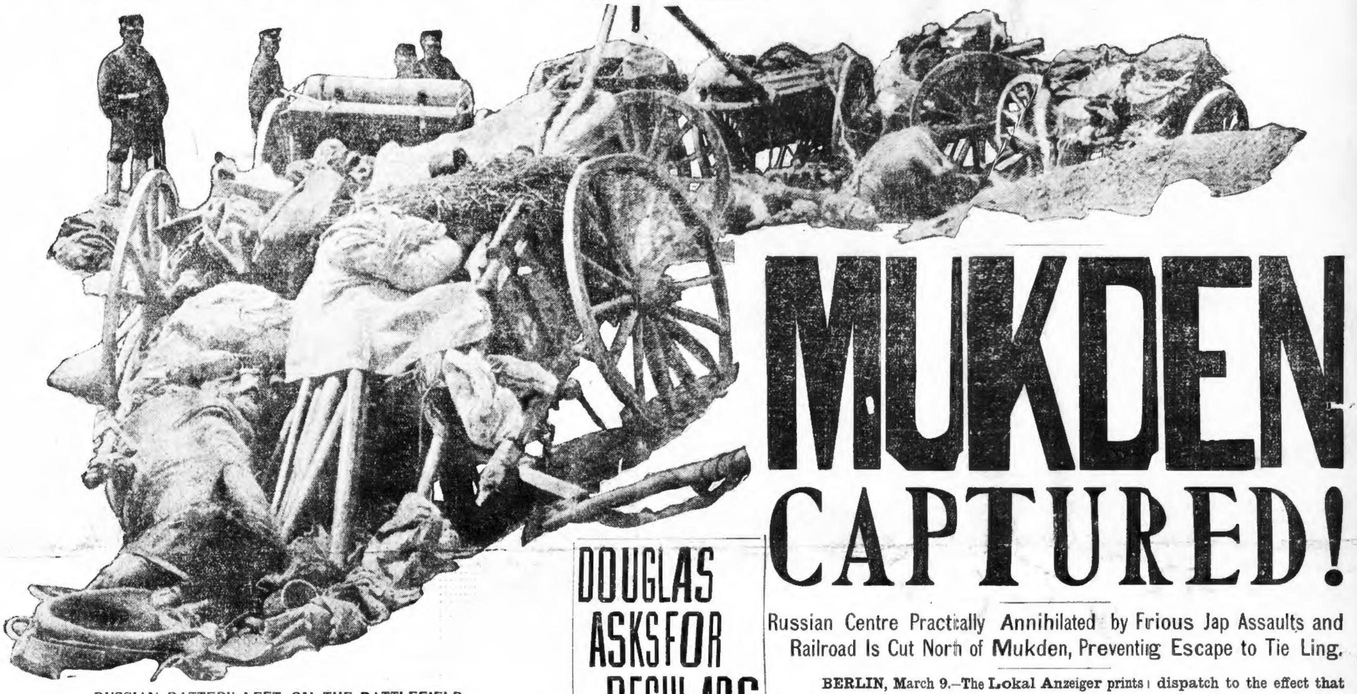
RUSSIAN ARMY SURROUNDED



RUSSIAN BATTERY LEFT ON THE BATTLEFIELD.
Showing the deadly effect of the Japanese bombardment.

MUKDEN CAPTURED!

Russian Centre Practically Annihilated by Frious Jap Assaults and Railroad Is Cut North of Mukden, Preventing Escape to Tie Ling.

BERLIN, March 9.—The Lokal Anzeiger prints a dispatch to the effect that the Japanese have occupied Mukden.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 9.—There has been no telegraph communication between St. Petersburg and Mukden for eleven hours.

TOKIO, March 9.—Information from independent sources is that the Japanese extreme right wing is engaged, and is driving the Russians hard at the point of the bayonet. The Russian centre, retreating under a terrible fire, has been practically annihilated.

400,000 RUSSIANS IN OYAMA'S TRAP

LONDON, March 9.—Russia's Manchurian army is completely isolated, according to official dispatches received here from Tokio. The railroad from Mukden to Harbin, this latter the base of the Russian supplies, has been cut by the Japanese. This means that Oyama's great girdle of steel holds Russia's 400,000 men at their mercy. They may either starve them or cut them to pieces.

Capture of the entire Russian army, military experts here declare, is inevitable. If Kuropatkin refuses to surrender there will be a carnage, compared to which the battle up to this time has been trivial. Oyama has declared that the Russian army shall never leave Manchuria. Tokio now believes that he has taken the vital step which makes his word a deed.

UNPRECEDENTED SLAUGHTER.

Thus far the slaughter has been unprecedented in civilized warfare. More than 8,000 Russian dead lie before Oku's army. On the Russian left there are other thousands who have fallen. The centre of the great battle is now about the Korean imperial tombs, northwest of Mukden. On the extreme north of the city is where the railroad has been cut. Here the Japanese flung division after division of men against the Russian lines, forcing the Czar's troops back toward Mukden.

Kuropatkin, it is declared, is hopelessly enmeshed, Oyama's coil is closing about him, solidly, relentlessly. On the north of Mukden the Russians are fighting as they never fought before. This time it is a fight to escape. On the southern line of the battle area the fighting has paused for a time, and weary troops who have been in action for days are having a brief rest.

Some idea of the ferocity of the Japanese attack on Mukden may be gathered from a statement sent out of Mukden, to the effect that nearly 5,000 Japanese shells landed in that city within three hours. The city, still held by the Russians to protect the rear in the retreat of their 400,000 men, is in ruins. Accumulated stores have been fired, and all things which might be of value to the Japanese destroyed.

KUROPATKIN'S FATE SEALED.

Oku and Kuroki have sent their exhausted men in great bristling waves over the Russian dead, leaving for the time being their own dead, and are now battering the retreating force. Kuropatkin's last dispatch has been sent to the Czar. It was a hopeless one. He foresaw doom for his troops. At the same time he stated that he would concentrate his force as far as possible and make one more attack on the

Continued on 3d Page, 3d Column.

Subway Strikers May Call Out Surface Men TO STOP EVERY CAR

Civic Ownership Is Again Urged if Arbitration Is Refused.

Company Claims Victory Is Already Won; Employes Still Confident.

NEW YORK, March 9.—While the railroad officials claim that the strike on the elevated and subway system is broken, representatives of the employes are in conference to-day laying plans to extend the strike to the power houses and thus effectually tie up not only the elevated and underground but all of the surface lines in the city.

Strike-Breakers Overworked.

The strike-breakers declare that they are being overworked. One of them called up General Manager Hedley to-day to tell him that some of the men had had no sleep since Tuesday, and that they were getting ready to desert.

They have been kept at work night and day. The strain of handling big trains and watching for signals along the subway and elevated roads is new to them. They have been used to handling single cars, and those who have worked for three days are physically exhausted.

The conditions of travel this morning were somewhat improved, but nothing like normal conditions obtain. The cars on the "L" road are run very irregularly, and nothing like a regular schedule is maintained in the subway.

The people, as a result of the numerous accidents that have been caused through the inexperience of the help employed, are only travelling by way of the elevated and

Continued on 2d Page, 1st Column.

New York Surface Lines Are $70,000 Ahead by "L" Strike

Passengers carried first day of strike by cars of New York City Railway Company	2,400,000
Estimated number passengers carried yesterday by same lines	2,500,000
Number carried each day under normal conditions	1,700,000
Increased revenue to treasury of New York City Railway Company (two days), 700,000 extra passengers each day	$70,000
Conductors and motormen and horse car drivers	7,000
Total number of employes, including men in power stations, etc., New York City Railway Company	13,000

BOARD OF TRADE ASKS CHECK ON GAS TRUST

LOUIS D. BRANDEIS APPEARS FOR BILL TO PREVENT STOCK WATERING.

A hearing on a bill to prevent for all time the enactment of any such legislation as that of the acts of 1903, which authorized the consolidation of the Boston Consolidated Gas Company upon practically the terms desired by the Gas Trust, was given to-day by the Legislative Committee on Public Lighting at the State House.

The bill limits the capital of a consolidation of gas or electric light companies to a sum equal to the total of the capital of the consolidating companies. The Massachusetts State Board of Trade has offered the bill, and all its great influence, representing the leading business men of the Commonwealth, is to be used to prove the merit of the principles advocated. Edwin L. Sprague, president of the board, is the official author of the bill.

Before the committee to-day Louis D. Brandeis argued in behalf of the bill.

"The greatest factors for communism,

Continued on 2d Page, 1st Column.

DOUGLAS ASKS FOR REGULARS

Wants Some from Each Branch of Service at Big Militia Camp in July.

COL. WAGNER AS UMPIRE

Governor Douglas to-day sent the following communication, relative to the mobilization of Massachusetts troops, to the Secretary of War:

Sir:

It is my purpose to mobilize the militia of the State in one camp, for the purpose of instruction, discipline and experience, especially in marching, camping and field manoeuvres. I expect the camp will be located in the central part of the State in the month of July, 1905, to remain eight or ten days.

In order that the troops may have the advantage of practical observation and the example of the National troops, I would request that one regiment of infantry, one battery of field artillery and one troop of cavalry, with a company or detachment of engineers, be ordered to report at that time and place, to be encamped with the State troops.

I would also request that Colonel Arthur L. Wagner, U. S. A., be ordered to report to me to assist in this service and act as chief umpire.

Yours, truly,
(Signed) WILLIAM L. DOUGLAS.
To the Honorable, Secretary of War,
Washington, D. C.

Adjutant-General Stopford says he will not issue a general order covering the mobilization until an answer has been received from the War Department to the Governor's letter and the place for the encampment selected. It is likely, he says, that the mobilization will begin July 10. The First Heavy Artillery will not be included in the commands ordered to mobilize. The place that meets with the most consideration is a stretch of country near Springfield, although there are certain reasons why the mobilization should be held on the Cape. The matter of expense for transporting troops enters into the selection of the place, and on that score an encampment in the eastern part of the State meets with some favor.

WORCESTER HARVARD MAN KILLS HIMSELF

WORCESTER, March 9.—Hiram N. Forbes, aged twenty-eight, has committed suicide by shooting at his home, No. 53 Chatham street. He graduated from Harvard in 1901 and studied medicine at Johns Hopkins, but suffered a partial paralysis after an attack of typhoid fever.

CONTRADICTS MRS. DUFF

Mayor Collins Denies Statement About High Schools Attributed to Him by Her.

SHE USES "EXACT WORDS"

Mayor Collins sent a telegram to City Hall this morning emphatically denying the statement that he was "utterly opposed to supporting high schools by public taxation," which Mrs. Julia Duff, of the School Board, attributed to him at the State House hearing on the bill giving the Mayor of Boston the power of appointing School Committees.

The mayor's dispatch, as given out from his office, stated there was not a singl word of truth in the statement that he ha made such a remark; that he never b lieved and does not now believe in suc policy towards the high schools, and consequently could not have given utterance to the language quoted.

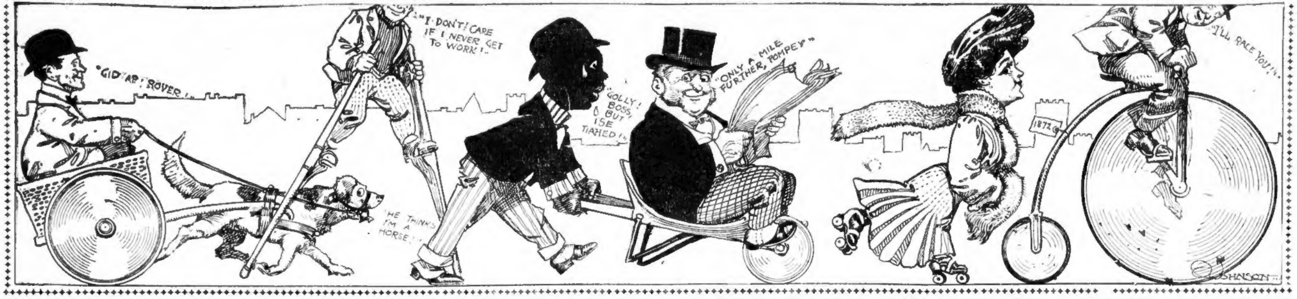
"Mayor Collins said it, every word of it, and what I said before the committee yesterday is absolutely true," said Mrs. Duff to-day. "I remember the Mayor's exact words. He said if 'he had his way, there would not be a high school in Boston supported out of the public funds.'"

DOG SMOTHERS BABY IN CRADLE

Davenport, Iowa, March 7.—A pet dog, which crept into the cradle of the two-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mason, smothered the infant to death while it slept.

"Scarlet Lies," a Thrilling Romance of Boston, the BEST LOVE STORY EVER WRITTEN *Read It on Page 8 of Boston American To-day*

STRIKERS THREATEN TO STOP EVERY STREET CAR WHEEL


"GID'AP, ROVER!"
"I DON'T CARE IF I NEVER GET TO WORK!"
"HE THINKS I'M A HORSE!"
"GOLLY! BOSS, BUT I'SE TIAHED!"
"ONLY A MILE FURTHER, POMPEY"
1872
"I'LL RACE YOU!"
JOHNSON

DIFFERENT WAYS OF NEW YORKERS IN GETTING DOWN TOWN, AS SEEN BY ARTIST JOHNSON

MAY DECIDE TO-DAY TO CALL OUT SURFACE MEN IN NEW YORK LABOR STRUGGLE.

Continued from First Page.

subway lines when they are absolutely compelled to. Women walk miles and miles in preference to taking this risk.

The surface cars were again jammed to suffocation to-day. Not only men but in some instances women made the trip down town on the roofs of the cars. In order to reach their places of business thousands started from their homes at daylight.

CIVIC OWNERSHIP URGED.

The absolute refusal of the company to arbitrate the differences which caused the strike has caused much criticism of its officials by prominent men, some of whom declare that the only way to obviate such catastrophes lies in the public ownership of the railways. Henry George, Jr., and Professor Charles Sprague Smith assert that this is the only solution of the difficulty.

The committee appointed by the Central Federated Union to confer with William L. Jencks about extending the strike to the power houses is composed of John Carroll, president of the Excentric Firemen's Union, and William Hand, secretary of the Standard and Excentric Engineers' Union. These men met to-day at Brevort Hall. Immediately after the meeting an effort to start the other strike will be made.

James F. Heffernan, secretary of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes, made a strong appeal for aid and said he felt sure that if the engineers and firemen joined the strike, the electric switch operators employed in the big power houses would follow them. He said that Timothy Haley and C. L. Schamp, president and vice-president, respectively, of the International Brotherhood of Firemen, were in the city and would aid in inducing the men to strike.

Would Stop Every Wheel.

Mr. Hefferman said that if the firemen and engineers in the various power houses could be induced to go out that would soon bring the Interborough Company to terms. Such a move, he said, would cut off every bit of power in the city. It would mean the instant paralysis of the surface lines, as well as those of the Interborough Company.

This is pay-day for the strikers and the police are taking additional precautions to prevent trouble. At to-day's meeting of the Rapid Transit Commission it is expected that action will be taken in regard to the strike. Should satisfactory service not be given in the near future it is said the city will take hold of the subway and run it.

HUB SENDS STRIKE-BREAKERS.

About 150 strike-breakers arrived here from Boston to-day and it was said that they would be put to work at once. The company declares that it has all the men it wants to operate the lines on the west side of the city, but has not employed the men necessary to run the east side lines.

It was said to-day at the company's office that while many men who had gone on strike had returned it was the purpose of the company to carefully examine the records of those who applied for reinstatement. General Manager Frank Hedley declared that only such men as are needed to operate the trains will be reemployed and not one of the strike-breakers who shows ability will be dismissed to make room for those who went on strike.

When President Pepper was informed that the company claimed that several of the strikers had returned to work, he declared:

"I will swear on the Bible that not a single member of our union has gone back to work, nor do any intend to. We will win this strike as sure as we live."

Speaking of the resumption of the express trains in the subway, President Pepper said:

"The more trains they run with their green motormen, the more collisions. The more collisions there are, the more dead and injured."

National labor leaders who are in conference here today are: Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor; W. D. Mahon, president of Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes; J. P. Archibald, of the Central Federated Union; Timothy Healey, president of the Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen; James Holland, of the Electrical Workers' Union; Thomas L. Kidd, vice-president of the American Federation of Labor and other leaders of national labor. The strikers' union was also represented.

As outlined by Mr. Healey, the previous night, in an exclusive interview with the AMERICAN, the plans of the national labor leaders will go even further.

MAY INVOLVE BROOKLYN.

The surface line men have been secretly organized. The labor men plan a strike on the Metropolitan lines. Probably Brooklyn will be involved.

They are talking of tying up cabs and other means of transportation. They even plan a great strike of all the allied trades. The effects of this on New York's business and the public will be appalling.

President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, last night said to an AMERICAN reporter:

"While I did not come here for the purpose of considering this strike, I have been asked to remain over a day and meet some of the leaders. I will leave to-morrow night unless something unforeseen occurs. I will meet Mr. Mahon and the other interested leaders to-morrow, and the whole situation will be gone over."

BOARD OF TRADE ACTS IN GAS FIGHT

Continued from First Page.

socialism, anarchy, among a free people are the excesses of capital, because, as Lincoln said of slavery: 'Every drop of blood drawn with the lash shall be requited by another drawn with the sword.'"

Mr. Brandeis said, impressively:

"Among a free people, those people will enforce their rights in time. We must see that the people are not provoked by injustices imposed by capital. This anti-stock watering legislation is the first comprehensive method of preventing the misuse of the power of capital."

The bill accompanies the petition of Edwin L. Sprague, for a committee of the Massachusetts State Board of Trade, for legislation to prohibit stock and debt watering by public service corporations. It is House Bill No. 62, and reads as follows:

Text of Bill.

"When a gas company incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth consolidates with any other such gas company or companies, or an electric light company incorporated under the laws of this Commonwealth consolidates with any other such electric light company or companies, or any such gas company or companies consolidates with any such electric light company or companies, the aggregate amount of the capital stock and the aggregate amount of the debt of the two or more consolidating companies shall not, by reason of such consolidation, be increased. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

Among the spectators were Attorneys Junius T. Auerbach and John B. Moran, Dr. Morton Prince, secretary of the Public Franchise League, and Edward R. Warren, the president; Frederic E. Snow, counsel for the Gas Trust; Richard L. Gay, secretary of the Massachusetts Board of Trade, and Edwin L. Sprague, the president. Upon the opening of the hearing Mr. Brandeis addressed the committee in favor of the bill.

Mr. Brandeis's Address.

Mr. Brandeis said in part:

"The Massachusetts State Board of Trade has petitioned the Legislature for the enactment of a general law providing for the consolidation of gas companies and electric lighting companies with a prohibition against stock waterings.

"The Massachusetts State Board of Trade comes here to urge the passage of an act now in a continued performance of the duty which it early assumed in this respect.

"To the efforts of the Massachusetts State Board of Trade is due in large measure the passage in 1894 of the anti-stock watering act, which embodies in the effective form of a general law the policy which had grown to be recognized as a wise one for the Commonwealth.

Wants No Exceptions.

"The Massachusetts State Board of Trade believes that to the law so established there should be no exceptions, and that the interests of capital, as well as of the public, will be best subserved by an adherence to that law without the grant of favors or special privileges to any.

"In connection with the controversies arising out of the Boston Gas Companies, it has been asserted from time to time that the attempt to enforce against these the anti-stock watering policy was communistic or socialistic.

"To my mind nothing can be farther from the facts.

"When Massachusetts passed the anti-stock watering law it adopted a measure of a most conservative character, a measure more potent for the protection of individual private property than any other which could have been devised.

Capital's Excesses Dangerous.

"The greatest factors for communism, socialism, anarchy, among a free people are the excesses of capital, because, as Lincoln said of slavery:

"'Every drop of blood drawn with the lash shall be requited by another drawn with the sword.'

"It is certain that among a free people every excess of capital must in time be repaid by the excessive demands of those who have not the capital. Every act of injustice on the part of capital will be met by another act or many acts of injustice on the part of those who do not possess capital.

"The conservative classes in the community are not to be considered those who wish to leave unrestricted the power of wealth, but those who in economic relations are working for justice to capitalist and the public alike, and in that position the Massachusetts State Board of Trade stands. In that spirit the Massachusetts State Board of Trade has come here to present its petition for the enactment of a general law providing for the consolidation of gas and electric lighting companies without permitting as a special privilege to any company the right of watering its stock."

RUSSELL SAGE HAS HEAVY COLD

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, March 9.—At the house of Russell Sage, No. 632 Fifth avenue, it is said that Mr. Sage is suffering from a severe cold, contracted on Tuesday. Dr. John P. Nunn, of No. 18 West Fifty-eighth street, his attending physician, said:

"Mr. Sage has a severe cold, but there is no reason at present to anticipate any serious outcome."

Mr. Sage was eighty-eight years old last August. During the Summer he had an attack of illness that forced him to take a vacation from his office for the first time in many years.

SALEM SHIPMASTER DIES, AGED EIGHTY

SALEM, March 9.—Captain H. Millett, one of the oldest of the old line shipmasters, died this morning at his home here after an illness of several months. He was born in Salem in 1825.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

KUROPATKIN'S GREAT ARMY DEFEATED AND SURROUNDED

Continued from 1st Page.

Japanese line to try to cut an avenue of escape.

Here is the last dispatch sent from Mukden:

"An engagement is in progress at the Imperial tombs. This may be the last dispatch out of Mukden."

The Sha River fighting line is now practically deserted. The Russians yielded it under cover of darkness, and the waves of little brown men have swept over it straight at the centre of Kuropatkin's army. All last night and the night before the fighting went on over the battle area, by the light of star bombs and under the glare of fires which burned Russian supplies.

The attempted Russian retreat brought forth scenes the like of which have rarely been witnessed in war. This was the throwing away of rifles, blankets, shoes, clothing of all kinds which impeded the men in their mad flight to the north. Now they are huddled together like sheep, helpless in view of the Japanese attack on the north, with nothing to do save wait.

STRIKE ADDS TO DISASTER.

Further embarrassment to the Czar has been caused by a reported strike of all employes in the East of the Trans-Siberian railway, the artery which connects the battle zone with the source of reinforcements. This strike was caused, wires a St. Petersburg correspondent, by the fact that the railroad employes have received no pay for more than a year.

A special dispatch received here from Tokio says:

"Messages from the front state that the battle before Mukden has been the bloodiest of the war. Over 8,000 Russian dead lie before General Oku's army alone, it is said, and it is expected that the reports from the other armies will treble this number. The casualties on both sides will probably exceed 100,000.

"It is stated that Field Marshal Oyama has directed his army not to encamp in large bodies in the vicinity of Mukden, in order to appease the native residents and safeguard the historic cradle of the Manchu dynasty."

This detailed statement of the conditions around Mukden before the cutting of the Northern communication is made under a Mukden date:

Russia has lost the greatest and bloodiest battle of the war. General Kuropatkin is beaten. His great army, out-generalled and out-fought, dispirited and panic-stricken, is abandoning its positions about Mukden and is fleeing towards Tie Pass, closely pursued by the victorious Japanese, under that twentieth century Napoleon, Field Marshal Oyama.

The Russians are rallying at the Imperial tombs as a feint to cover the retreat of the main body.

Like wolves at bay, the heroic rear guards of the Russian forces are slowly withdrawing, turning to snarl and snap at the Japanese at their heels. The line of retreat is lighted by the flames, which are consuming thousands of dollars' worth of stores and supplies of all kinds. Warehouses, villages and munitions of war, all have been fired to prevent their falling into the hands of the victors.

Appalling Losses in the Principal Battles of the War in the Far East

Battle.	Russian.	Japanese.
Yalu	3,196	1,030
Nanshan	1,704	3,500
Vafangow	4,635	1,120
Motien Pass	1,000	200
Liaoyang	22,058	17,539
Shakhe	67,868	15,878
Siege of Port Arthur	22,745	47,480
Hun	12,000	5,000
	134,206	91,748
Battles around Mukden, not yet ended—Russian estimate of losses	23,500	40,000
Total to date	157,708	131,748

TO CUT OFF RETREAT.

All the Russian forces have been withdrawn from the positions south and southeast of Mukden, this movement being made necessary by the heavy concentration of Japanese troops west and northwest of the city, a large share of the Mikado's army having been transferred to that locality to reinforce General Nogi and his veterans of Port Arthur and to cut off the Russian retreat if possible.

Already a Japanese division has been seen on the heights north of Mukden. This is in the direct line of retiremnt, and if the Japanese are strong enough it is feared that Kuropatkin's army will be annihilated.

KUROPATKIN'S DAY OVER.

It is believed that the defeat means the recall of Kuropatkin, the Czar having lost patience with a general whose translation of victory is a successful retreat.

The great question now is whether Field Marshal Oyama has entangled the Russians in his strategic net sufficiently to prevent a successful retreat to Tie Pass.

General Rennenkampff's force, to the eastward, admittedly is in great danger of being cut off, and a considerable force of Japanese is operating on the Russian right, well toward Tie Pass.

If the Japanese succeed in reaching the railroad and interrupting traffic, if only for a few hours, it may have dire consequences for General Kuropatkin, who is now engaged in a literal race with the Japanese to reach a naturally defensible position forty miles northward.

OYAMA REPORTS COMPLETE VICTORY

WASHINGTON, March 9.—According to information received by Minister Takahira from Tokio, the Japanese expect to capture Mukden to-day. In anticipation of this event, says the dispatch, Field Marshal Marquis Oyama has issued an order strictly prohibiting his troops taking quarter within the walls of the city.

He has done this, he says, "for the purpose of respecting the sanctity of the place whence arose the imperial dynasty of China and to preserve peace and tranquility among the Chinese inhabitants of Mukden."

The dispatch further says:

"Marquis Oyama reports that he has beaten the enemy in every direction, and that the Russians began retreating Wednesday morning with our troops in vigorous pursuit."

JAPS PRETEND TO BE RETIRING RUSSIANS TO CLOSE WITH ENEMY

ST. PETERSBURG, March 9.—A dispatch from General Kuropatkin says:

"One of the Russian detachments advancing on the Sinmintin road occupied the village of Zinvanche, near Tatchekiao, after a fierce fight, but subsequently was driven out by the Japanese, who are strongly defending Liukenahuan, eastward of Tatchekiao, and who have been reenforced from the southwest and northeast.

"The Japanese on several occasions turned their backs to the Russian troops, pretending to fire on their own men, and played in the dim light the role of retiring Russians, and so far deceived the Russian forces that they succeeded in getting close to the Russian wire entanglements. The troops acting the part of pursuers were then following them up closely, and the troops that had been shamming retreat suddenly turned and resumed the offensive."

AMERICAN CONSUL'S LIFE THREATENED BY REVOLUTIONISTS

LONDON, March 9.—Death to the American consul, James C. Chambers, his British brother consul and leading merchants and foreigners is threatened at Batoum, on the eastern shore of the Black Sea, Asiatic Russia, if they act in opposition to the revolutionary committee.

Chambers is a native of Pennsylvania, and was appointed to the consulate at Batoum from New York.

Anarchy and open defiance of the authorities is spreading in the western Caucasus. The situation is so serious that an expeditionary force has been mobilized to enter the disaffected district of Georgia. It consists of seven battalions of infantry, six companies of Cossacks and a battery of artillery, and is commanded by General Alikanoff, who is noted for his drastic methods. The Georgians threaten that the first shot will be the signal of a revolution.

KUROPATKIN TO BE DEPOSED; SAKHAROFF MAY SUCCEED HIM

ST. PETERSBURG, March 9.—After his acknowledged defeat at Mukden, General Kuropatkin's deposition may be regarded as certain. War Minister Sakharoff is picked as his probable successor, though Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholasevich or a board of strategists may be entrusted with the direction of affairs.

A strong faction of the army, those high in influence, about the Emperor, opposed General Kuropatkin from the first, and though his early defeats were condoned because it was realized that General Kuropatkin was doing all that man could do with the tools at his command, it is now felt that after twice having had the opportunity to show what he could do with a powerful army, and having failed to accomplish victory either time, his removal is advisable.

WASHINGTON HEARS OF GREAT VICTORY OF JAPANESE ARMY

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The State Department is officially informed from Tokio that the Japanese have achieved a great victory before Mukden and that the Russian army is in full retreat from the south, rallying at the Imperial tombs.

The casualties are enormous on both sides.

BALTIC FLEET HAS STARTED FOR HOME FROM MADAGASCAR

PARIS, March 9.—A dispatch from "Tananarivo, capital of the island of Madagascar, says the entire Russian fleet has left the waters of Madagascar on its return to Jibutil, French Somaliland.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

BOSTON STOCKS.

	Opening.	1 p. m.
Allouez	22¾	22⅞
Amalgamated	78⅞	79½
Am. Ag. Chem.	21	21¾
Am. Telephone	145⅝	145½
Am. Sugar	145¼	144¾
Am. Woolen	26⅞	27⅜
Am. Woolen pfd.	101	101⅜
Atlantic	16¼	16
Atchison	92½	93
Atchison pfd.	103	103
Bingham	31½	31½
Boston Con.	7	7
Boston Elevated	155½	155½
Boston & Maine	179	180
Calumet & Hecla	670	670
Centennial	18½	18¾
Chicago Junction	179	179
Copper Range	72⅝	72¾
Daly-West	16⅝	16½
Dominion Iron	23½	24¼
Edison Electric Illum.	250½	250½
Elm River	2⅞	2⅞
Franklin	10⅜	10⅜
Granby	5⅝	5½
Massachusetts Electric	19	19
Mass. Electric pfd.	65	65
Massachusetts Gas	44½	44¼
Mass. Gas pfd.	85	85
Mohawk	55¾	56
N. Y., N. H. & H.	207	206½
Old Dominion	28	28¼
Osceola	93¼	93½
Parrot	29	29
Pullman	242	242
Shannon	7½	7¾
Shoe Machinery	86	83
Shoe Machinery pref.	34	33¾
Swift & Co.	111¼	111¼
Tamarack	128½	128½
Trinity	10¾	10¾
United States Steel	36⅛	36¼
United States Steel pref.	95⅝	95¾
United Fruit	111¾	112
U. S. Mining	25	25
Union Pacific	133⅞	134⅛
Utah	41	41
Western Tel.	21	21
Western Tel. preferred	102	102
Winona	13¾	11
Wolverine	118	117

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Opening.	1 p. m.
Amal. Copper	78⅝	79⅝
Amer. Car & Foundry	35½	35½
Amer. Loco	43⅝	43⅞
Amer. Smelting	94⅞	95½
Amer. Smelting pfd.	120¾	121½
American Sugar	145	144¾
Anaconda	116¼	115⅝
Atchison	92½	93
Atchison pfd.	103¼	103
Baltimore & Ohio	110	110
Brooklyn Transit	68¼	68
Canadian Pacific	144⅝	143⅛
Ches. & Ohio	50⅞	50⅝
Colo. Fuel & Iron	51½	51½
Consol. Gas	213	212½
Delaware & Hudson	192¼	192
Erie	47⅛	47⅞
Erie 1st pfd.	82½	82½
General Electric	187	187
International Paper	22⅞	22⅝
Louisville & Nashville	142¼	142½
Manhattan Elevated	171	171½
Metropolitan	122¼	122¾
Mexican Central	24⅝	25
Missouri Pacific	109¼	109½

HEADACHE RELIEVED INSTANTLY

Got a constant headache? Ten chances to one the secret of your suffering is that "white man's burden," catarrh. Here's a sentence from one man's evidence for Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder: "One application gave me instant relief, cleared the nasal passages and stopped the pain in my head." It's a quick, safe and sure treatment, and it never fails to cure.

Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure is for heart, stomach and nerves.

Sold by WM. H. KNIGHT, 97 Court St., and LEWIS & CO., 145 Wash. St.

F. Gray Failure

Assignee W. V. Hyde Announces a Great Sale Today, Friday and Saturday.

Men's Spring Overcoats 25c. to 30c. on the dollar. Winter Overcoats almost given away. Men's $3.00 Pants 95c. Men's $4.00 Pants $1.25.

F. GRAY
Assignee Sale,
Washington and Hanover Streets.

DEATHS.

OVITT—Julia (nee Spalding), March 7; born Aug. 28, 1837, at Montpelier, Vt., widow of Almyron W. Ovitt, mother of Lee S., George W., Edna G., Charles H. and Mrs. Gertrude R. Wing. Funeral Friday at 1:30 p. m. from late residence, 818 Walnut street. Interment at Rosehill.

SENATOR DIES IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, March 9.—Senator William Brimage Bate, of Tennessee, died at the Ebbitt House in this city to-day, of pneumonia, which resulted in heart failure. He was seventy-nine years old.

Senator Bate was born in 1826. He was private throughout the Mexican war in Louisiana and Tennessee regiments. He served as private, captain, colonel, brigadier-general and major-general in the Confederate service. He surrendered with the army of Tennessee in 1865. During the war he was three times dangerously wounded, and after its close he returned to Tennessee and resumed the practice of law.

He was Governor of Tennessee from 1883 to 1887, when he was chosen United States Senator, and has served ever since.

MAPLE SUGAR WILL BE LATE THIS YEAR

BENNINGTON, Vt., March 9.—Sugar makers who have tapped a few trees report some good runs of sap, but not enough to make much sugar. The weather has been too cold, while the depth of snow interferes also.

PRIVATE TO MEN.

An Opportunity That No Man Should Miss.

Dr. J. A. Greene, the well known and successful specialist and proprietor of that wonderful curative remedy, Dr. Greene's Nervura, will deliver a grand free, private illustrated lecture to men only in People's Temple, cor. Columbus Ave. and Berkeley St., To-night (Thursday evening), March 9th, at 8 o'clock. This lecture will contain valuable advice upon those important subjects of a private nature which all men should know and understand, but of which they are too often ignorant. Dr. Greene will also discuss that terrible disease—Nervous Debility—so common among men. Remember, admission and seats are free to all parts of the house, and all men should attend this valuable private lecture. They will learn much to their advantage and each person attending will receive a trial bottle of Dr. Greene's Nervura without charge.

Sleeplessness

Read my offer—a full dollar's worth of my Remedy free to try—without deposit, or risk, or promise to pay.

Sleeplessness, fretfulness, nervousness, irritability—all are outward signs of inward nerve disturbance. The fault is not with the nerves which give you warning—not with the nerves which enable you to feel, to walk, to talk, to think, to see. But the INSIDE nerves, the automatic power nerves—these are the nerves that work wears out and worry breaks down.

I have not room here to explain how these tender tiny nerves control and operate the stomach, the heart, the kidneys, the liver. How excesses and strains and overindulgence destroy their delicate fibers. How, through a bond of sympathy, weakness in one center is conveyed to each of the other centers. How this same bond of sympathy produces the outward signs of nervousness which should warn us of the trouble within. I have not room to explain how these nerves may be reached and strengthened and vitalized and made well by a remedy I spent thirty years in perfecting—now known by druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. I have not room to explain how this remedy, by removing the cause, puts a certain end to all forms of nervousness, inward and outward, including fretfulness, restlessness, sleeplessness, irritability. All of these things are fully explained in the book I will send you when you write.

In more than a million homes my remedy is known and relied upon. Yet you may not have heard of it. So I make this offer to you, a stranger, that every possible excuse for doubt may be removed. Send no money—make no promise—take no risk. Simply write and ask. If you have never tried my remedy, I will send you an order on your druggist for a full dollar bottle—not a sample, but the regular standard bottle he keeps constantly on his shelves. The druggist will require no conditions. He will accept my order as cheerfully as though your dollar lay before him. He will send the bill to me.

Will you accept this opportunity to learn at MY EXPENSE ABSOLUTELY how to be rid forever of all forms of nervousness and insomnia—to be rid not only of the trouble, but of the very cause which produced it? Write to-day.

For a free order for a full dollar bottle you must address Dr. Shoop, Box K 898, Racine, Wis. State which book you want.

Book 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book 2 on the Heart.
Book 3 on the Kidneys.
Book 4 for Women.
Book 5 for Men.
Book 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases are often cured by a single bottle. For sale at forty thousand drug stores.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

200 COUNTS AGAINST TRUST

CYNTHIANA, Ky., March 9.—The grand jury has brought 200 indictments against the Standard Oil Company. The company is charged "with retailing oil from a wagon without a license." The fine in each case varies from $50 to $1,000. The lowest possible aggregate penalty would reach $10,000.

The indictments are a sequel to a recent decision by Judge O'Rear, of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky, holding the Standard liable for the license in an Oldham county case.

A New Hat Free

Buy one of our celebrated "Bostonia" Hats—$2.
Wear it rain or shine—if it "gives out" before its time bring it back and we'll give you a new hat free.

Bostonia Hats $2

Made on same blocks as Dunlap and Knox $5 hats... Quality same as the best $5 hats—our price $2

Spring Styles Now Ready

Vorenberg's
The Big Store
With Little Prices
Washington, Hanover & Elm Sts.

Huyler's
COCOA AND CHOCOLATE
as skillfully prepared pure and delicious as
Huyler's CANDIES
THE SAME MAKERS
THE SAME EXCELLENCE.

"The Dresswell"
LADIES' OUTFITTERS
A FINE LOT OF
Waists
JUST RECEIVED.
LAWN, LINEN AND CHINA SILK,
98c. to $5.00
159 Tremont Street.

CUTICLINE
IS THE NEW
and scientific
CLEANSER
that dissolves the dirt and cleans the skin without the hard rubbing. Sold in 10 and 25c shaker top tins everywhere. A free sample from
CUTICLINE CO.,
Bath, Maine.

"THE AMERICAN GIRL," AS SEEN BY CARUSO

GREAT TENOR PICTURES HER IN WORDS AND DRAWS ONE TYPE.

Cleverly Portrays His Impression of Yankee Girls as Seen from Theatre Stage.

"Chic, Smart, Sympathetic," He Says in His Tribute to His Fair Hearers in Boston.

THE American girl has impressed Enrico Caruso, great tenor and clever caricaturist, most favorably. With a few swift, delicate strokes of his pen, he illustrated the effect she had made upon his mind as he sees her from the stage of the Boston Theatre.

Scratch, scratch, went the pen, Caruso works rapidly, every line telling, and lo! there she was.

The tip-tilted chin, the arched eyebrows, the long, slender neck in its closely fitting stock, the shapely head with its onduled pompadour, the patrician air of repose, the indefinable air of smartness—really, one could almost hear the frou frou of her skirts.

"Delightful! Charmant! La Belle Americaine," declares Caruso, when you ask him how he likes American women.

He says that he admires their independence and their intelligence.

"She is Chic, Smart."

He says that they are graceful and clever and dress well and are "sympathetique."

"They arouse his enthusiasm," is the way a translation of his summing up of their charms would read.

"She is chic—what you call smart," he says, smiling and tossing his head lightly in imitation of the girl we all know and love so well.

But when he is asked to compare the women of America and the women of his own sunny Italy, he blushes with embarassment and gesticulates protestingly.

"Really," he declares, "it is a most delicate subject." He must beg not to be compelled to draw comparisons.

Devoted to His Wife.

The American women are lovely and enthusiastic and they have received his singing with a kindness which warms his heart with great gratitude, but—he is married most happily, most ideally to an Italian woman.

"Ah! She is beautiful and good." His voice grows tender.

Are Italians more domestic than Americans?

Ah! he cannot say.

The one Italian woman in all the wide world for him is most domestic. She is devoted to him and to the black eyed bambino who has been with them only a short time.

His home life is perfect. A castle near Florence, once the property of the friend of Dante, is his home in Summer.

Has Reclaimed Castle.

The castle has been reclaimed from the ruined state in which he found it and fitted with rare antiques and art treasures.

And there a beautiful Italian woman reigns, queen of his heart and home.

Still the American women are "ver' beautiful."

"They are beeg," he raises his head and stretches to be as tall as possible.

"And independent," he throws out his chest, "and clever," he touches his head.

He admires them "much, ver' much, all, everyone," and he waves his hands to include American women in general.

But only when he speaks of one Italian woman does his voice grow tender and his eyes dreamy with affection.

"La Belle Americaine"

(As seen by Caruso, the great tenor.)

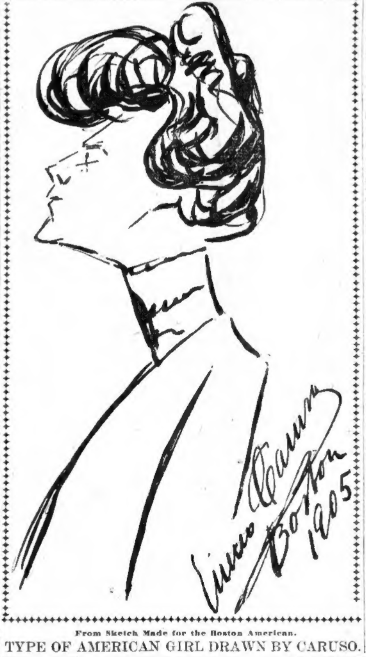
"She is chic—what you call smart."

"Ah, she is beautiful and good."

"She is beeg and independent."

"Delightful, charmant—La Belle Americaine—ver' beautiful; I admire much, ver' much, all everyone."

When compared to Italian women: "It is a most delicate subject."



From Sketch Made for the Boston American.

TYPE OF AMERICAN GIRL DRAWN BY CARUSO.

"PAGLIACCI" FOIL FOR "CAVALLERIA"

By Kent Perkins.

THE double bill of grand opera, "Cavalleria Rusticana" and "Pagliacci," drew to the Boston Theatre last night an audience that packed the big house from the first row in the orchestra to the top of the highest gallery, while solid lines of people standing were massed back of the seats.

It was almost as great a house as that which greeted "Lucia" on Monday night. It was a shade less brilliant so far as the women's gowns were concerned, but the wretched weather doubtless had some effect in this direction, and besides, it is not worth while to take so much pains with dress on any night after the opening one.

It was a great night in every respect, artistically, from the box office point of view, and as a striking evidence of Boston's taste in opera. Mr. Conried offered music and artists that pleased the town, and Boston rose to the bait with avidity. The artists, the choruses, the orchestra, were in fine spirits and carried out their parts with exhilarating dash. The audience was on edge to respond to this feeling and the air was surcharged with electricity that broke forth in storms of enthusiasm at every opportunity.

Mme. Macchi Heartily Received.

In "Cavalleria" Mme. Maria de Macchi was seen here for the first time, taking the part of Santuzza. She made a most favorable impression and was received with acclaim. Her voice was generous in volume, of fine quality, resonant, and endowed with exceeding beauty of tone.

She used it with fine artistic discrimination in the different situations and with delicate shadings of expression.

Her vocal talent was admirably displayed in conjunction with a vividly realistic and forceful dramatic portrayal of the unfortunate victim of the heartless Turiddu. Her conception of the part is diametrically opposite to that of Mme. Duse, who expressed almost the whole of Santuzza's emotions by suggestion and through a veil of consummately applied restraint.

Mme. Macchi's Santuzza is a wholly different woman from Duse's and requires other methods of expression. She is an Italian peasant woman who hides not one of her feelings and she lets you know openly what she suffers, what she hopes, what she fears by her looks, by her voice, by her gestures, and she does it with freedom and vigor.

Mr. Dippel, who was cast for Turiddu was slightly indisposed and this part was most acceptably taken by Mr. Bars both with voice and action. Mme. Louise Homer was fascinating and sang charmingly as Lola, the flirt. Miss Bauermeister was tender and sympathetic as the unhappy old Mamma Lucia, village inn-keeper and mother of Turiddu.

Mr. Giraldoni, who sang Alfio, the aggrieved husband, was heard here for the first time. His conception of the village carrier was that of a stolid and indifferent rustic, who smoked his pipe with even calmness just before he was going to kill the man who had ruined his home. He was careless, too, when he came on cracking his whip and singing a song that calls for vigor and abandon. He didn't seem to care much whether the whip cracked or not. He portrayed his idea of the part with excellent art and sang well, but without arousing great enthusiasm.

Mr. Franko conducted the orchestra most acceptably.

Ten Minutes of Cheering.

At the close of the opera there was a tremendous outburst of applause and cheers for Mme. Macchi was called out with one or more of the other artists a half dozen times. The demonstration lasted nearly ten minutes.

The sordid tragedy of "Cavalleria," unrelieved by any bits of humor, lightness of heart or happiness, was admirably, brilliantly relieved by the dashing, sparkling "Pagliacci." There are guilt and jealousy and tragedy in this story, too, but they are illumined by romance, by the cheerful light of rural fun and the joy of innocent mirth. It is not all murk and gloom.

Caruso was Canio, and how he sang, and with what fire and variety and abounding vigor he lived the strenuous part of the head showman, Punchinello! He sang with even greater beauty than on Monday night, and Canio gave him far more opportunities to show the remarkable range and the high quality of his vocal art, as well as his wonderful abilities as an actor, than did Edgar.

Climax of Dramatic Power.

As Punchinello in the travelling show he was so captivating that one felt he would be snapped up in a moment by the first manager from Milan or Rome or Naples who saw him in his tawdry little theatre in the Calabrian hills. When he ceased being Punchinello and became the man who had just been robbed of his wife, had failed to catch the robber and came back to go on with the little play with her, he rose to a height of dramatic power that is rarely equalled, and he carried the great audience off its feet. The theatre rang with cheers and cries for "Caruso" and "Speech," and the singer was forced to come out and bow his acknowledgments and smilingly refuse to speak until the people gradually ceased cheering from sheer weariness.

In the second act, where Canio appears in the show with Nedda, his faithless wife, interjects dialogue about his own troubles, is both actor and raging man, and finally stabs Nedda and her sweetheart, Caruso's consummate art was again displayed.

Miss Bella Alten as Nedda made her debut in Boston last night. Her voice is beautiful, powerful and flexible. She ably supported Caruso in the double part of erring wife and actress.

Mr. Scotti as Tonio, the clown, was simply inimitable. His splendid voice was never in better shape or better used, and he carried the people with him every moment he was on the stage.

Mr. Reiss as Beppe and Mr. Parvis as Silvio were most satisfactory, vocally and dramatically, and helped largely to make the whole performance the completely rounded artistic success that it was.

The orchestra, under Mr. Vigna, played Leoncavallo's beautiful music with fine effect.

To-day "Parsifal" is given, beginning at 11:30 a. m., and "Die Fledermaus" will be sung in the evening.

DENY SUICIDE THEORY IN MRS. STANFORD CASE

High Sheriff Henry Has Traced Bottle Containing Poison from San Francisco.

OFFICER TO BRING BODY

Special Cable to Boston American.

HONOLULU, March 9.—High Sheriff Henry says he has traced the history of the bottle containing the bi-carbonate of soda, which contained strychnine, and caused the death of Mrs. Jane L. Stanford, since it was packed in San Francisco, and he is positive the poison was not put into the bottle here. The opinion of the high sheriff is against the suicide theory.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 9.—Dispatches received from Honolulu say that Deputy High Sheriff Rawlins will accompany the body of Mrs. Stanford across the Pacific so that he may consult the police of this city. The police here are of the opinion that if Mrs. Stanford was murdered the guilty persons are in San Francisco. High Sheriff Henry has expressed this view.

Miss Grace Gilmore, an intimate friend of Mrs. Stanford, who is now employed in the United States pension bureau, gave out the following statement of the condition of affairs that obtained in the Stanford household.

Suspected a Servant.

"I know Mrs. Stanford suspected some member of her household of having poisoned her the first time," said Miss Gilmore. "She talked with me about that incident. She did not name any one of her servants as the one she suspected, but she was confident the poisoning had been done by one of them. That it was Miss Berner, seemed to be the thought furthest from her mind. She also excluded Wing, the Chinese cook. She had all faith in him. She was particularly fond of his cooking and she liked and trusted him.

"The circumstances under which Mrs. Stanford chose those companions with whom she went to Honolulu were a bit unusual. She refused to take Beverly, her butler, along. 'I don't want any men with me,' were the words she used. What significance there was in this I don't know."

Thinks Miss Berner Innocent.

"I have concluded that Miss Berner is absolutely innocent of all wrong doing. It would be unjust for me to name the person upon whose shoulders I think the guilt should be laid. This person is not now on the Stanford pay roll. I will not say whether it is man or woman."

It is pointed out that the opinion of the physician, taken in connection with the result of the chemical analysis, indicates that to bring about a fatal result Mrs. Stanford would of necessity have taken one of the capsules which contained a small quantity of strychnine and a dose of bi-carbonate of soda at the same time.

MOTHER TELLS POLICE HUSBAND KIDNAPPED SON

Mrs. James H. Debell Appeals to Emmons to Recover Her 19-Months-Old Boy.

DETECTIVES PUT ON CASE

Mrs. James H. Debell, of 553 Massachusetts avenue, made a personal appeal to Judge Emmons to-day to assist her in recovering her nineteen months' old son, Frederick, who, she declared, had been taken by the father.

Judge Emmons ordered Chief Inspector Watts to send out his best men to assist in the search and promised Mrs. Debell he would do everything in his power to get the child.

Debell was president of Cigarmakers' Union 97, but resigned two weeks ago.

Mrs. Debell said to-day:

"I think that my husband and our child are still in Boston and that the police can find them both. But the suspense is terrible, as every parent can understand. My baby was playing when my husband suddenly entered and grabbed him. I ran out into the street after them, but he got away.

I shall bless Judge Emmons as long as I live if he will restore my child to my arms. He spoke so kindly to me when I told him of my trouble and begged him to use his great power in my behalf."

Mrs. Debell has had a warrant issued for her husband's arrest on the charge of non-support.

U. S. SHOULD OWN RAILROAD IN PANAMA

House Committee so Advises and Severely Criticizes Present Directors.

SAYS THEY ACCEPTED FEES

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The report of the sub-committee of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce on the investigation of the affairs of the Panama Railroad Company, just made public, pays a high tribute to the management of the road, but has much to say in criticism of the Isthmian Canal Commission, and advocates government ownership of the Panama Railroad. The report is in part as follows:

"The testimony shows that the management by the officers and directors of the Panama Railroad has been conspicuously able, progressive and business-like.

"When the United States became the owner of a majority of the stock of the railroad company, seven of the directors resigned, and the seven canal commissioners were elected in their places. This was done in pursuance of a letter from the President to Secretary Taft, which stated that no salary or per diem allowance of compensation in addition to the stated salary and per diem allowance of the members of the Isthmian Canal Commission would be allowed to any member of the commission by reason of his services in connection with the civil government of the canal zone, or his membership of any board or commission concerned in or connected with the construction of the canal, or by reason of his services as an officer or director of the Panama railroad.

HUNTER'S "20,000 PAUPERS IN BOSTON" CONTRADICTED

Boston Men Say Statement Before Twentieth Century Club Is Misleading.

"50,000 ON VERGE OF PAUPERISM"

In the Chicago stock yards there are 50,000 on the verge of pauperism. I have seen children ten years of age working all day in great vats of blood. Incurable rheumatism before the age of twenty-five is a common result. When a girl is made incurable by consumption contracted in his service, she is presented with a five-dollar gold piece by Mr. Armour under the guise of charity and turned adrift. This for her lost health.—*Robert Hunter, of New York, chairman of the Child Labor Committee, in a speech before the Twentieth Century Club.*

Robert Hunter's statement made before the Twentieth Century Club that there were 10,000,000 paupers in the country, and that Boston has 20,000 who are in like condition, is denied by men who are at the head of institutions for relief of the poor.

"I would like to know where Mr. Hunter got his figures," is one of the phrases used by those who were seen to-day by BOSTON AMERICAN reporters.

Mr. Hunter is of New York, and was formerly head worker of the university settlement there and chairman of the New York Child Labor Committee. This is what Mr. Hunter said:

"This change in American life represents an appalling aspect. Never before in our history have we seen a large proportion of our people condemned to a life of pauperism permanently.

"There are 20,000 children in Boston in this situation just now, and in New York 70,000. They are the seed of the next generation and can only remain in poverty. They are underfed and underweight and unable to do brain work. Four or five times as many die yearly as in the more prosperous communities. Fall River, the Chicago stock yards, the mines of Pennsylvania and the sweat shops of New York and Boston are terrible examples of wretchedness.

Appalling for the Future.

"The fact that 10,000,000 people are in this condition now in fairly prosperous times is appalling for the future. Of these, 7,000,000 work when they can get it, but they are living on wages which will barely support them when they are at work, and any slight misfortune makes them dependent upon charity.

"The masses of the poor are getting worse in the country to-day. Social conditions have greatly changed in the past thirty years. A few men are amassing enormous wealth. The middle class is disappearing and the conditions in the slums are rivalling the worst in the great cities of Europe."

Conditions in the Stock Yards.

In referring to conditions in Chicago as he had observed them, Mr. Hunter said:

"In the Chicago stock yards are 50,000 on the verge of pauperism. They are in practical slavery. I have seen children of ten years of age working all day in great vats of blood. Incurable rheumatism before the age of twenty-five is reached as a common result, and tuberculosis even among the children is extremely prevalent. They have nothing to look forward to but death.

"Mr. Armour has visitors out among the workmen. When a girl is made incurable by consumption contracted in his service, under the guise of charity, she is presented with a $5 gold piece. This for her lost health.

"The average wage for the men is $5 a week, while some very few skilled laborers receive $17 or $18. This is but typical of the poor of our own section."

Robert Treat Paine, Jeffrey Brackett, Rev. Reuben Kidner, Meyer Bloomfield and others replied to Mr. Hunter and while they admitted that some of the conditions might be correct thought that his statements as regarded Boston were rather strong.

Here are some of the statements made to the BOSTON AMERICAN:

Also Said 10,000,000 Americans Were Unable to Earn a Living.

Max Mitchell, secretary of the Jewish Board of Charities:

"Mr. Hunter's statement is most unfair and wrong, for I know that there are no such number as 20,000 Boston children who are staring permanent pauperism in the face. His statement is misleading, and I believe it to have been made on misleading statistics.

There is congested tenement life in Boston, but sooner or later the people emerge to more wholesome environments. My records show that not over 10 per cent. of the children among poor families in Boston are in danger of becoming paupers and public charges."

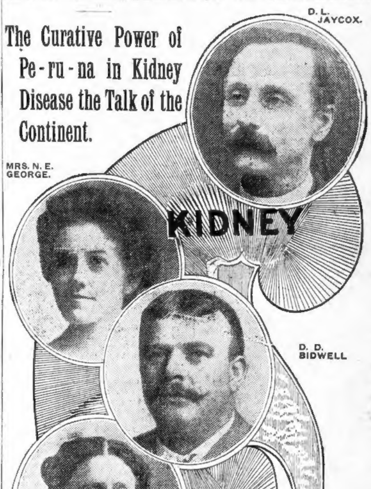
"Not Founded on Fact."

General Agent Henry Peterson of the Industrial Aid Committee: "Mr. Hunter's remarks are not founded on fact. There is no alarming element of pauperism in Boston to-day and the chances for any growth in this line is greatly checked by the splendid system of Boston schools and the interest our teachers show the pupils of poor families. The congested conditions in Boston are no good comparison for New York and to say that 20,000 Boston children are condemned to pauperism is stretching fact."

Miss A. F. Clark, assistant to the general secretary of the Boston Provident Association, says: "The statement that 20,000 children in Boston are facing a life of pauperism is exaggerated. There is less hardship among the poor of Boston this Winter than for many years."

KIDNEY TROUBLE DUE TO CATARRH

The Curative Power of Pe-ru-na in Kidney Disease the Talk of the Continent.


D. L. JAYCOX.
MRS. N. E. GEORGE.
KIDNEY
D. D. BIDWELL
MRS. CARRIE KING.

Keeps Pe-ru-na in the House.

Mrs. N. E. George, 112 W. 3d street, Sioux City, Ia., writes:

"Peruna cured my kidney trouble. I keep Peruna in the house all the time to take in case of a cold or when one is feeling worn out and tired.

"I have used many remedies, but never found anything to equal Peruna."

Catarrh of the kidneys is a medical phrase of recent origin. Dr. Hartman was the first to apply catarrh to kidney disease.

He discovered that so-called Bright's Disease, in its earlier stages, is simply catarrh of the kidneys, and is amenable to treatment the same as catarrh of any other organ.

Suffered Years with Kidney Trouble

Mrs. Carrie King, Darlington, Mo., writes:

"Peruna has been my favorite and only household remedy for nearly five years.

"I suffered for years with biliousness, and kidney and liver trouble. If I caught a little cold, the pains were increased, and backache and headache were of frequent occurrence.

"However, Peruna cured me—twelve bottles made me a new and healthy woman."

Cured by Pe-ru-na After Spending Hundreds of Dollars for Other Remedies.

David L. Jaycox, Chaplain Clarinda I. O. G. T., and Chaplain G. A. R., [illegible]65 Broadway, Oakland, Cal., writes:

"I am an old war veteran. I contracted severe bladder and kidney trouble. I spent hundreds of dollars and consulted a host of doctors, but neither did me any good.

"Some of my comrades who had been cured by Peruna advised me to try it. I at once brought a bottle and kept taking it for nearly four months.

"Peruna has proven the best medicine I ever used. I feel well and would not be without a bottle in time of need for ten times its cost."

Gives Pe-ru-na Entire Credit.

Daniel D. Bidwell, Notary Public and member of I. O. O. F., 160 Pearl street, Buffalo, N. Y., writes:

"When I obtained Peruna I was suffering from chronic indigestion, and kidney and bladder trouble.

"It helped the circulation at once. My digestion is now perfect, and my kidneys do not trouble me in any way. In fact, I give Peruna the entire credit."

Peruna is the remedy that Dr. Hartman uses with undeviating success. All forms of kidney disease yield promptly to Peruna.

We have on file hundreds of grateful letters from people who have been cured of chronic kidney catarrh by the use of Peruna.

BRITAIN LOSES FAIR SUBJECT

Miss Annie Beryl Evans was made a citizen of the United States in the Malden District Court to-day by Judge Charles Mansfield Bruce. She is one of Malden's prettiest school teachers, and the court was never in the slightest doubt that she could read the Declaration of Independence and understand the Constitution.

She was born in St. John, N. B., on June 6, 1875, and arrived in Boston on November 7, 1884. She was educated in public schools in the United States, being a graduate of the Malden High. She teaches a fifth grade class in the Glenwood school in that city.

Miss Evans, who lives at No. 152 Clifton street, Malden, forswore allegiance to King Edward VII, of England and took oath to support the Constitution of the United States with demure dignity.

CUTICURA SAVED MY BABY,
Curing her of a terrible eczema and saved her life. Mrs. G. A. Conrad, Lisbon, N. H.

BROOM FACTORY SET ON FIRE

The police of the Hanover street station and the Fire Marshal's office are investigating a fire which broke out in a broom factory at No. 2 Baldwin street early to-day, and which is believed to have been of incendiary origin.

Patrolman Pike, of the Hanover street station, was passing the building, which is a five-story brick, at 2 a. m., when he discovered the basement in flames. He rushed to Engine House No. 8, in Salem street, and summoned the department. The fire was extinguished with a loss of $200. The building is owned by J. M. Rubenovitz and occupied by L. Traub as a broom factory.

It is believed by the police that some person set fire to a pile of rubbish for the purpose of destroying the building.

CHANGES HER COAT OF ARMS

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, March 9.—The Legislature has adopted the coat of arms used under the Spanish regime, replacing the one adopted by the first Legislature under American civil government.

QUINCY GRANITE PAY-BILL FIXED

The details of the new agreement between the granite manufacturers and the Cutters' Union of Quincy will be signed by both parties to-day. Work will be resumed by the strikers on Monday.

The new bill runs for three years from March 1, 1905. The minimum wage for an eight-hour day is $3. It is provided that any man incapable of earning that amount may work for less. The bill of prices for piece work is an average increase of 7 per cent. over the 1900 bill.

EXPEL CORDOVA FROM CHURCH

NEW YORK, March 9.—The Methodist Episcopal Conference of New Jersey at Atlantic City has expelled Rev. J. F. Cordova, the eloping minister of South River, declaring him as unfit not only to preach but to participate in any Christian work.

HELD ON CHARGE OF POLYGAMY

Robert Benjamin of Suffolk street, Malden, was held by Judge Bruce, in the District Court in that city to-day in $2,000 for the grand jury on the charge of polygamy. The complainant is Louisa L. Benjamin, who says she is his first and legal wife. Carrie D. Benjamin, to whom it is said the prisoner was married in this city four years ago, was a witness at the court hearing.

Benjamin is a carpenter and forty-three years old. He had one child by his first wife.

Benjamin was arrested at his home last night. Both women express great indignation at him.

LICENSE LOSES A TOWN 300 MEN

RUTLAND, Vt., March 9.—Because the town voted license, E. B. Ellis of the Ellis granite works at Northfield decided to move the concern to Bethel. The Ellis works employ 300 men, and their removal will be a severe blow to Northfield.

WEEKS FAILS TO PLACATE DALY

Dr. Charles T. Weeks, of the Cambridge Board of Health, apologized to-day to Mayor Daly for calling John J. Scott names at an executive meeting of the board last week, but the apology was spurned by the Mayor.

Mayor Daly says that charges looking to the removal of both Weeks and Scott will be preferred by him at a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen next Saturday.

The Old Reliable
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY
PURE
There is no substitute

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

Published Daily and Sunday at 80 and 82 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

NEW ENGLAND NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING CO.

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Terms: Postage included for the United States (outside of Boston), Canada and Mexico.

Daily only:	
One year	$3.00
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One year	2.50
Six months	1.25
Daily and Sunday:	
One year	5.50
Six months	2.75
One month	.50

CURES INFLAMATION
SLOAN'S
LINIMENT

WIVES WANTED

TO NOTIFY their husbands that neither John nor Ed. Wilson, the original and only owners of the old firm of Wilson Bros., jewelers, are any longer interested in Wilson's Hanover-st. store or what was once their big store, on Tremont row; go across the street now, on the same side and near the big tea kettle. 95 Court st

FROM BOSTON TO N. Y. IN FIVE HOURS

Short Cut for Passengers and Freight Over Point Judith, by Land and Water.

NEWPORT, March 9.—A short cut road to the heart of New York from Boston, by which the trip by land and water will be shortened seven hours, and the whole distance covered in five hours, has been practically agreed upon by the New York, New Haven & Hartford and the Pennsylvania roads. The new route is to be known as the Point Judith route, express trains from Boston, Providence, Vermont and Newport connecting at Point Judith with fast boats running to Montauk Point, where they will connect with the Long Island railroad express trains to the heart of New York city.

Fast freight can go over this line almost as quickly as if sent by express over the present routes. The new short-cut road will make Point Judith one of the biggest freight exchanges in New England and relieve the congestion on the N. Y., N. H. & H. railroad in busy seasons to a great extent.

The plan is to erect an immense system of wharves and docks at Point Judith, now protected by the big new breakwater built by the United States government, and establish a fast day line of boats from Montauk Point. This is expected to do away, to a great extent, with the all-night trip down the Sound from Fall River. It is planned to make the trip from Boston to Point Judith in an hour and ten minutes, from Point Judith to Montauk Point in a little less than two hours, and from there to the heart of New York city in two hours more.

Mrs. Linda Hull Larned, author of "The Hostess of To-day," tells women of the important little things they ought to know about business in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

BOSTON COURTS BEAT NEW YORK DIVORCE TIME BY 7 SECONDS AVERAGE, EACH CASE

Judge Bond Grants 11 in 145 Minutes, Truax 18 in 240 Minutes.

One Day's Divorces in Boston.

CASE.	START.	FINISH.	ELAPSED TIME.
Sloan vs. Sloan	10:15	10:25	10 minutes
Henken vs. Henken	10:30	10:45	15 minutes
Wells vs. Wells	10:50	11:01	11 minutes
Lloyd vs. Lloyd	11:10	11:24	14 minutes
Lockhart vs. Lockhart	11:45	12:00	15 minutes
Stanley vs. Stanley	12:20	12:30	10 minutes
Black vs. Black	12:40	1:00	20 minutes
Frost vs. Frost	2:00	2:12	12 minutes
Dyar vs. Dyar	2:15	2:28	13 minutes
Toomey vs. Toomey	2:30	2:42	12 minutes
Gunter vs. Gunter	3:45	3:58	13 minutes

Judge—Daniel W. Bond.
Average time for each divorce—13 mintues 11 seconds.
New York Supreme Court.
Eighteen cases, 240 minutes.
Judge—Truax.
Average time for each divorce—13 minutes 20 seconds.

Boston beats New York by seven seconds in the granting of a divorce.

In Boston Judge Bond granted eleven divorces in 145 minutes.

In New York Justice Truax disposed of eighteen cases in 240 minutes.

Average time made in the Boston separation court was thirteen minutes and eleven seconds. In New York it was thirteen minutes and twenty seconds.

As a general rule other cities move more swiftly than the courts of Boston, so lawyers here declare. In Chicago and San Francisco they generally average from three to five minutes. With fewer cases before the court New York has made quicker time than that required by Justice Truax. It is maintained that there should be time enough for counsel and court to go over the case carefully and the figures show that thirteen minutes can accomplish about what is desired.

Many Women in Court.

Most of those in the audience were women. The few men there were seemingly all witnesses who wanted to tell the story and leave. But to the women the divorce session seemed to have a strange fascination. Elderly women and young girls alike listened intently for every word of testimony given. There was a human interest in the proceedings that attracted, and the whisperings of counsel and court, followed by questions to and answers by the witnesses, gave an air of deep mystery, coupled with a solemnity, that could not be resisted.

"Oh, I just must hear the rest of that wife's story," said one woman in the courtroom during the day's hearing.

Her whisper was heard by the court. Judge Bond frowned and shook his head disapprovingly. His long white hair and beard, worn after the manner of a Southern plantation owner, seemed to bristle with indignation at the interruption. There was no more whispering.

Pathetic Recitals.

The eleven divorces granted were all on contested libels, and were given on grounds ranging from desertion to non-support, from brutality to unfaithfulness on the part of the libelee.

One of the most pathetic stories ever heard in a Boston divorce court was told during the progress of the session, while many of the cases caused attorneys sitting within the rail to smile sadly.

"The same old story, the same old story," they were heard to say.

Mrs. Marion Gunter, asking for a divorce from Dr. Frederick B. Gunter of Chelsea, nearly broke into tears as she told her story.

"We were married on Washington's Birthday, 1900," said Mrs. Gunter, who is but twenty-three years old. "On November 22, 1901, my husband struck me because there was no soup ladle on the table, and from that time on until January 27, 1904, when I left him, he abused me and assaulted me many times. One time he pulled me upstairs by the hair, and he has kicked and beaten me. Once he struck me in public because I asked for one cent to get weighed on one of the slot machines."

The aged mother and father of the young wife, to whom she had turned for refuge after leaving her husband, corroborated their daughter's story. She was granted a divorce without one word of discussion between court and counsel.

Mrs. Rosie Black was given a divorce from Louis H. Black, a hackman, after she had, in halting, broken English, told a story of persecution on the part of her husband.

"He followed me everywhere I went," said Mrs. Black. "One time he struck me and my landlady got after him with a broomstick and ran him out of the house."

Mrs. Black was given an absolute divorce.

McINERNEY GIVEN ONE-YEAR SENTENCE

Former Representative James M. McInerney of Ward 19 has been sentenced to the House of Correction for one year by Judge Lowell for destroying the record of his own naturalization in the United States Circuit Court office. McInerney was released in bonds of $3,000, pending the result of his appeal. Surety was furnished by Martin Lomasney.

HORSEMAN A SUICIDE.

BATH, Me., March 9.—Robert Craig, one of the State's best known horsemen, and sixty years old, hanged himself in his stable on account of ill health.

OPEN LETTER TO Messrs. Kidder, Peabody & Co.:

GENTLEMEN—In thrusting myself into your affairs my interference is not with your identity as private bankers, but in your semi-public capacity as absolute controllers of the different gas companies upon which Boston depends for its lighting.

I early learned to regard with reverence and respect the house of Kidder, Peabody & Co., the solid old banking firm, intrenched in the best traditions of Boston finance and dedicated to integrity, conservatism, sobriety and good citizenship. Throughout my boyhood in all New England the name of Kidder, Peabody & Co. stood for all that was honorable and safe in the banking business.

In 1901 "Standard Oil," as the owners of the Amalgamated, and controllers of Butte & Boston and Boston & Montana Copper Companies, instructed me to select from among the old banking houses of Boston the one best able to carry through the consolidation of these three companies—the one whose standing and reputation would guarantee the slipping under, over or through the many obstacles, legal and otherwise, which it was assumed would be put in the path of such consolidation. My choice fell upon you principally because through your relations you had it in your power to help clear up the Boston gas complication, in which "Standard Oil" as well as myself were largely concerned at that time.

You justified my choice, for with the aid of the Shawmut Bank and your complete financial, legislative and other connections you carried through this consolidation in the face of court proceedings and other attempts to hinder it. You did your work so adroitly and effectively that you were invited by "Standard Oil" to tackle the "mix-up" in Boston Gas. I was a party to the compact whereby you undertook the job of consolidating the various gas companies of our city, and I believed at the time that the reputation of your firm would insure all the parties concerned a fair deal.

What has been the result? Infected by the bacillus of "frenzied finance," you have forgotten the splendid traditions of your house and have dragged its honored name through the mud and mire until public exposure was inevitable, and before the Supreme Court of Massachusetts your complicity in the jobbery that was going on was laid open to the world. Instead of retreating in the face of the public reprobation thus aroused, you have preferred to defy it, and you are still attempting to plow your way through all obstacles to a success which will yield you and "Standard Oil" only additional millions. You have ranged the good citizens of the State against you, until your honored house is identified with the enemies of honest government before the people of our Commonwealth.

If you finally succeed in your operations and the Legislature permits the Boston Consolidated Gas Company to be capitalized at from $15,000,000 to $20,000,000, I ask you what does it mean to the gas consumers of Boston? It means that dollar gas becomes a permanent condition. To pay interest on this preposterously swollen capitalization the dollar charge must be exacted for all time, and until a remedy be found or an opposition company is organized, the citizens of Boston are condemned to pay interest on junk, water, syndicate commissions and "legislative expenditures," all capitalized with the legitimate value and cost of the several lighting plants. What is more, it means that Boston Gas, its criminal and unsavory history, and the past of everyone connected with it, will again and again be dragged before the public's eye, and for all time, or until a remedy is found, the gas consumers of Boston and the citizens of Massachusetts will have a bitter and sullen feeling for those who have wronged them, and the securities of the Massachusetts Gas Companies must continue to be regarded as financial Magdalens.

If, on the other hand, you now allow to the people the concession they know they have a right to demand, that is, if you will accept a just capitalization, one which will fairly admit of reductions in the price of gas from time to time, the Boston gas situation will be settled forever, and the gas consumers of Boston and the citizens of Massachusetts will feel it their duty, which they will unquestionably perform in a generous and friendly manner, to see to it that it is not reopened; Massachusetts Gas securities will become in time gilt-edged investments and sell at and be worth much higher prices than they can ever possibly be worth and sell at under the conditions you would now impose upon the consumers.

If you decide to persist in your present attempt, there will be competition at once, or in the near future, and ultimately, in my opinion, another readjustment will be compelled, but if you decide to be fair, just and reasonable, there will be no opposition, either through rival companies, the courts or in the stock market.

I have no financial interest in the present Boston gas situation other than a suit pending against you for the payment to me of large amounts which are due me and which I believe I can collect, but if you will do that which, in my opinion, it is fair and right for you to do:

I WILL AGREE TO DO ALL IN MY POWER, WITHOUT PAY OR DESIRE OR HOPE OF PAY, TO MAKE YOUR ENTERPRISE NOT ONLY A FINANCIAL SUCCESS, BUT POPULAR WITH THE GAS CONSUMERS AND CITIZENS WHOM IT WILL THUS BENEFIT, AND I WILL AGREE TO DISCONTINUE MY SUIT AGAINST YOU, AND NOT ONLY WAIVE ALL SUMS THAT ARE DUE ME, BUT THEREBY SHUT OFF THE SERIOUS REVELATIONS WHICH WILL COME IN OPEN COURT THROUGH THIS PROCEEDING.

I earnestly ask you to give my offers careful consideration that you may not, in the event of your rejecting them and the battle be on, blame me for the destruction which will inevitably ensue; and I take this occasion to call your attention to the "handwriting on the wall" which should warn you and your kind that the people are aroused; that they will have their rights, and in securing them that they may sweep every corrupt corporation and trust into eternity.

THOMAS W. LAWSON

Boston, March 9, 1905.

TO THE Massachusetts Legislature:

In one of the chapters of my story, "Frenzied Finance," I stated that 1896 Massachusetts legislators were bought and sold as were sausages and fish at the markets and wharves. Immediately a howl went up throughout the State. Legislators, and even our Governor, criticised me because I had not taken steps at the time to stop the scandalous acts I described.

At the present time an equally scandalous deal, but one much more boldly and brazenly conducted, is being "pulled off." Nothing that occurred in the 1896 Legislature parallels the present Massachusetts-Boston Consolidated Gas conspiracy. It is common knowledge that at the present time graft is in the saddle on Beacon Hill, yet neither the Legislature nor the Governor has taken a step to halt it, apparently because no accomplice in the plot is voluntarily coming to the State House with his confession.

I have spent time, money and energy to bring to the attention, both of the Legislature and of the Governor, the nefarious project that is under way and the corruption through which it is being consummated. I have done all I know to provoke a judicial investigation of my charges.

Now, as it appears that no one in authority cares enough to make a real move towards exposing once and for all the frauds and crimes which have become common on Beacon Hill and to punish their perpetrators, I deem it my duty to give this notice that in the coming chapters of my story, which is read by millions of Americans and Europeans, I shall set forth details of a fraud that will shock all honest men, and, in as graphic a manner as possible, I shall show our State so steeped in corruption, so completely in the power of corporations and trusts, and its law makers and administrators so indifferent to the interests of the people that they sit calmly by and allow any crime to be perpetrated for the benefit of these leeches and vampires of the body politic. Denied the privilege of bringing my charges before the courts of Massachusetts, I shall try my case in the open forum of America with the whole country for an audience.

If legislative and State officials howled at my 1896 chapter, they may well prepare to actually suffer, for I shall administer a lashing such as will make that chapter a symphony of nursery lullabies by comparison. I shall not only state how the Massachusetts gas conspiracy was organized, but how it was developed to its present stage. I shall give names and dates; shall tell exactly what took place in the private chamber of the Supreme Court, and I will expose with the fullest details what is going on at this moment, including the openly-made charges of reputable counsel as well as my own.

The Massachusetts Legislature may smother all measures looking to public exposures, and may sit idly by while crimes are being committed in its midst, but, thanks to our right of free speech, some of us unmuzzled citizens of the Commonwealth will take care that the world shall be a witness to its shame. The day is almost here when in every city and State of the Union the people will see to it that not only the graft and plundering of the past 20 years is fully exposed, but that the hypocrites who have sat calmly by without courage enough to take part in the brigandage and without pluck enough to make the highwaymen halt, are shown up in their real light.

That I may close the mouths of this class of eminent citizens, I now give notice that I will preface the chapter of my story devoted to these revelations with the publication of this notice, so all may know that the Legislature of 1905 had full and ample opportunity, not only to call a halt on the plundering, but to nail red-handed those perpetrating the frauds.

THOMAS W. LAWSON

March 9, 1905.

$10,000 REWARD.

It is common knowledge that there has been bribery in connection with Boston gas affairs during the past two years. I will pay the above reward to any person or persons who will give me information which will lead to the conviction of any member of the 1903, 1904 or 1905 Legislature, or any Massachusetts official, of the crime of accepting a bribe in connection with Boston gas affairs.

All information will be received in absolute confidence, and, if necessary, the giver of such information will at any cost be protected from publicity.

$5,000 REWARD.

I will pay the above reward to any person or persons who will give me information which will lead to the conviction of any member of the Massachusetts Legislature of 1905, or any State official, of the crime of accepting a bribe in connection with any matter (other than a gas matter) pending before the 1905 Legislature. This offer to hold good until the close of the present session.

THOMAS W. LAWSON

March 9, 1905.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

PERSONAL INFLUENCE

And self control taught privately; nervous troubles and insanity cured in a few treatments; call, WM. A. BARNES, 167 Huntington av.

SHORTHAND, typewriting, bookkeeping etc.; individual instruction, day or evening; none too old to learn; call or send for circular. BOSTON COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, 372 Boylston st.

YACHTS AND BOATS.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A 21-foot yacht, sloop rig, new sails and rigging, large cabin and self-draining cockpit; will sell outright or exchange for gasolene launch or dory. G. F. BROOKS, 367 Western av., Cambridge, Mass.

SEE PALMER'S EXHIBIT at the motor boat show of marine and stationary engines; 14 different sizes and styles; 2 and 4-cycle, snap and jump spark.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE—DIVORCES.

STRICTLY PRIVATE advice and book on divorce free; prompt, reliable, efficient; references everywhere, success all counties in Mass.; lowest fees, easily paid; our only office. LAWYER CHAS. C. ALLEN, 47 Court st., Boston.

IF YOU ARE IN TROUBLE consult us on law and domestic relations. Advice free. 43 Tremont st., room 314.

TYPEWRITERS.

SAVE MONEY—Good machines; write or call. TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 3 Bromfield st.

DIVORCES.

DIVORCES—Call for book and advice on divorce, free; easy payments; strictly private. LAW SYNDICATE, 7 Water st., office 514.

SEWING MACHINES.

ALL MAKES—Second-hand, $3 to $10; new, $17.50 to $65; machines rented; repairs and supplies. ROXBURY SEWING MACHINE AGENCY, 28 Warren st., opp. Dudley st. L station; telephone Roxbury 934-3.

NEW WHEELER & WILSON cheap. K 92, Boston American.

LATEST STYLE No. 66 Singer at low price. T 34, Boston American.

NEW DROP-HEAD Standard Rotary Machine cheap for cash. E 91, Boston American.

FURNITURE.

RED STORE FURNITURE CO.,
28 PORTLAND ST.

Handsome Mahogany Parlor Set, hand carved, piano finish, fine Verona, limited quantity, now $12.00.

CITY OF BOSTON.
BOARD OF POLICE.

T 91 BOSTON, March 8, 1905.

Notice is hereby given, under Chapter 100 of the Revised Laws, that William H. and Annie V. McInerney, as William H. McInerney, have applied for a transfer of their license of the first and fourth classes to sell intoxicating liquors as victuallers and wholesale dealers "A" from 34 Brattle St. to 34 Brattle St. and bulkhead entrance, 1 Franklin Ave., and 33 and 35 Cornhill St., in said Boston, in one room first floor, one room second floor, one room third floor; stock in cellar, one room first floor, one room second floor, one room fifth floor and kitchen on fourth floor, of said building.

THOMAS RYAN, Clerk.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

PURE WHISKEY, Gin and Old Rum—100 proof, 50 cents, full quart. THOS. SNOW & SONS, 59 No. Market st. Estab. nearly 100 years.

PEOPLE'S TEMPLE.

Nerve Power of Japs vs. Physical Strength of Russians.

DR. J. A. GREENE thoroughly interested a large and intelligent audience at People's Temple, corner Columbus Ave. and Berkeley St., last night. He handled the subject with his usual skill, and illustrated with the picture machine the battle scenes on land and water between the Japs and the Russians, explaining the nerve strength and power of the Japanese, which made them victorious, as compared to the physical development of the defeated Russians.

The fact that Dr. Greene is proprietor of that great, unrivalled remedy, Dr. Greene's Nervura, is sufficient guarantee of the Doctor's honesty of purpose and his eminent medical ability. This remarkable remedy has cured more people of nervous, stomach and kidney derangements than all other proprietary medicines combined. It is the premier medicine for spring debility, the grip, and really and absolutely the only professionally prepared and scientifically compounded proprietary remedy before the public today.

The Doctor will deliver a free instructive lecture tonight, to men only, at People's Temple, corner Columbus Ave. and Berkeley St., and will place in the hands of all who attend a trial bottle of Dr. Greene's Nervura, and let the remedy prove its curative properties. For a meritorious article, this proceeding becomes an effective advertisement, while the distribution of an inferior remedy would not only tend to stop all sales, but would of necessity demonstrate the absence of professional ability of the proprietor. Dr. Greene's Nervura is the standard, unequalled family medicine and spring tonic, excelling in curative properties and life-giving action all other nerve and blood remedies.

This free demonstration is to call the attention of any that may not have made use of it before, to its wonderful merits. All who are using, or who are contemplating using Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy have the privilege of consulting the Doctor personally or by letter, at his office, 34 Temple Place, entirely free of charge.

As usual, admission and seats to the lecture to men will be free, and no children can be admitted. Bear in mind, please, that this lecture tonight, Thursday, is for gentlemen only, and will be upon those vital points of great interest and paramount value to men.

HELP WANTED—Male.

EXPERIENCED PRESSMAN wanted on Gentlemen's clothes. Apply Superintendent, LEWANDO'S, Watertown.

AMBITIOUS MEN looking for opportunity to earn $25 per week. See MR. SMITH, 10 a. m. to 4 p. m., room 1012, 101 Tremont st., Boston.

A RELIABLE YOUNG MAN, with $500 to $600, in an established business; one familiar with office duties preferred; good salary, and permanent if satisfied. Address P 10, American Office.

A MAN with a few hundred dollars can hear of a good proposition, good salary and expenses, by addressing P. O. Box 3022, Boston.

A CLEVER MAN can make $5 working 5 hours per day selling an advertising specialty to men. THE RUSS MFG. CO., 352 Atlantic ave

BOYS—Wanted to sell lunches. Apply 25A Common st.

CARRIAGE and wagon painter, immediately. F. R. MACKENZIE & CO., 27 Joiner street, Charlestown.

CIRCULARS and sample distributors wanted everywhere; no canvassing; good pay. CO-OPERATIVE ADV. CO., New York.

ENGINEERS, firemen and conductors; also automatic air motormen; out of town. Call 7 a. m. to 10 p. m., 153 Milk st., room 25.

FIREMEN AND BRAKEMEN on Massachusetts and other railroads; young men, age 20 to 30, strong, good sight and hearing; firemen earn $65 to $100 monthly, become engineers and earn $125 to $175 monthly; brakemen earn $60 to $75 monthly, become conductors and earn $100 to $140 monthly; name position preferred; send stamp for particulars. RAILWAY ASSOCIATION, Room 227, 227 Monroe street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

GENTLEMEN and ladies to gild tickets; best paying homework; particulars stamped addressed envelope. G. DEVEER, 853 Broadway, New York.

JOB COMPOSITOR—Good, bright young man, capable, sober and industrious. Address giving references. NEWCOMB & GAUSS, Salem, Mass.

MEN wanted everywhere, tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; permanent occupation; good pay. AMERICAN UNION, Pontiac bldg., Chicago.

MEN can make $5 to $10 a day selling unbreakable glass lamp chimneys; can throw on the floor and stand on them without breaking them. C. J. & A. G. BROWN & CO., 209 Harvard st., Cambridgeport, Mass. Tel. 1477-2.

WANTED—400 cotton mill help; 200 cotton weavers; 50 families to start new mill. Write to CHARLES M. NEWTON, Woonsocket, R. I.

WANTED—Man to take tickets and assist manager; must furnish $100; same secured. Q 3, American.

WANTED—Representative in each district; salary $20 and expenses paid weekly; old established house; business successful; work easy; position permanent; experience not essential. Manager, 855 Como Block, Chicago.

WANTED EVERYWHERE—Hustlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. SUN ADVERTISING BUREAU, Chicago.

WANTED—Two first-class paper hangers, two (2) first-class whitewashers; one smart boy, age about 17 years. J. A. BREMER & CO., 21 Bow st., Somerville.

WANTED—A young man between the age of 20 and 30 years, who has had experience in a shoe factory office; write stating age and experience. Box No. 5,222, Boston, Mass.

WANTED—To travel for house established 30 years; expenses advanced; weekly salary or commission, or both; experience unnecessary. Traveler Dept., fifth floor, 204 Oliver st., St. Louis.

WANTED—Action maker and hammer coverer, state experience and wages wanted. MATHUSHEK PIANO MFG. CO., New Haven, Conn.

WANTED—One first-class hollow-ware moulder; to such a man we have a long job, union shop, no strike. NOYES & NUTTER MFG. CO., Bangor, Me.

WANTED—Salesman on commission who is familiar with the manufacturing trade to sell paint and oil specialties; splendid opportunity for a first class man. Address UNITED SPECIALTY MANUFACTURING CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—Young men to learn the automobile business and take position; salary not less than $20 to $35 weekly; open day and eve. THE E. S. G. SCHOOLS, 61 and 63 Court st., Boston.

WANTED—2 mule spinners for night work. VASSALBORO MILLS, North Vassalboro, Me.

WANTED—A few good weavers on fancy woolens. MOOSUP WOOLEN MILLS, Moosup, Ct.

WANTED—An engineer with first-class license who can do his own firing; give recommendations. Clifton Mfg. Co., 65 Brookside av. Jamaica Plain.

WANTED—An experienced man in a rubber factory to run a spreader. Clifton Mfg. Co., 65 Brookside av. Jamaica Plain.

1,000 MEN AND BOYS WANTED DAILY—Shaves 1c. to 15c.; haircuts, 2c. to 25c. HALL'S BARBER SCHOOL, 814 Washington st., Boston.

$20.00 WEEKLY earned easily (position permanent) distributing circulars, samples, etc. For particulars, COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia, Pa.

HELP WANTED—Female.

CARAMEL WRAPPERS.

Also girls to learn. Apply before 9.30. LOVELL & COVEL CO., 128 Fulton st.

DEMONSTRATORS on tea and coffee, outside work, on salary. 138 Warren st., Rox.

HOME WORK—$9 to $15, no canvassing; $5 to $6 weekly working evenings; experience unnecessary; enclose stamp for instructions, sample, etc. Address B. WILSON & CO., 603 Walnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.

LADIES—Genuine Diamond Ring absolutely free for several hours' work; congenial employment and good pay; particulars free. The J. L. CHICOINE AGENCY, Box 485, Troy, N. Y.

LADIES having fancy work to sell, embroideries, battenberg, drawnwork; also to do order work; stamped envelope. LADIES' EXCHANGE, 34 Monroe st., Chicago.

LADIES—2 hours each day devoted to pleasant, fascinating work will bring you in $8-$12 week; send 10c. for sample and particulars. THE BRADFORD CO., Dept. A., North Reading, Mass.

LADIES wanted to work for us in spare time, easy and profitable; send 10c. for large useful sample. BELL'S SPECIALTIES, Box 167, Station A, Boston.

LADIES—$30 thousand copying letters; no mailing to friends or furnishing addresses; stamped envelope particulars. COMMERCIAL LETTER CO., Dept. A 3, Chicago.

WANTED—Lady for hypnotic subject; evenings; 50c per hour. K 5, Boston American.

WANTED—Experienced, well-dressed girl canvassers to sell special rate coupons for a large photograph studio in a New England city; studio has no coupons in circulation. Address T 173, Boston American.

502 COLUMBUS AVE., SUITE 2—Girl wanted to take care of baby. Can go home nights.

$20 SALARY, expenses paid weekly to energetic ladies to represent old established house, solid financial standing; headquarters at home; experience unnecessary; work easy. Manager, 850 Como Block, Chicago.

DOGS, CATS, ETC.

$25.00 REWARD.

INFORMATION wanted of a Boston terrier bitch, lost or stolen in Chelsea, in March, 1904; dark brindle body, all white head, cut ears, tight screw tail, one black nail on forepaw; answers to name Babbie; will reward any information. H 4, Boston American.

REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES.

MONEY TO LOAN

on first and second mortgages at 3½ and 5 per cent.; country property preferred. T 35, Boston American.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

A CARPENTER AND PAINTER wants work. American man. A 1, American office.

ACCOUNTING or position wanted by a thorough experienced bookkeeper, age 34; first class references furnished. G 55, Boston American.

CHEF COOK; colored man; good references. 46 Church st.

COMPOSITOR, straight matter or ads, steady man, city or country, wants position. D 10, Boston American.

COLORED man wants sit., order cook; will go anywhere. Address F 6, Boston American.

EXPERIENCED attendant and nurse wants position caring for invalid gentleman; would take position in an institution. G 43, Boston American.

FIREMAN, first-class lic., will accept position anywhere in state. Address F. J. STEED, 631 Saratoga st., East Boston, Mass.

FIRST-CLASS meat cutter and grocery clerk wants position; best references. J. L. MANSFIELD, So. Acton, Mass.

MARRIED man, small family, wants situation on farm; cottage; understands care stock, general farming; references given. D., 309 Water st., Quincy, Mass.

SITUATION WANTED by a working foreman and wife, best of references. C. A. HALL, Hollad st., Waltham, Mass.

WAITER, experienced, would like position in a club or private family; can be hired off for one week. Y 107, Boston American.

WANT SITUATION, expressing, furniture moving, teaming, any kind, city or country. L 3, Boston American.

YOUNG MAN of good character and education wants position at anything; good penman and quick at figures; recommendations and references, state particulars. E 18, Boston American.

YOUNG MAN wants position as assistant shipper in large establishment, with chance to advance; good reference. A. J. L., 92 Cherry st., Cambridge.

YOUNG colored man, best of references, would like situation, familiar with farm work, care of horses and lawns. Box 102, Mendon, Mass.

YOUNG MAN (Swedish) wishes situation as gardener; understands flowers, vegetables, shrubbery and horse mower; sober; wants steady situation. Address G. SWANSON (care of Mrs. Tornell), L. Box 243, Brockton, Mass.

$25 TO ANYONE securing me steady job, watchman, porter, teaming preferred, by intelligent man, willing to work. F 9, Boston American.

3D ENGINEER, large chest of tools, including piping tools of 2-inch, and refs. Address ENGINEER, 11 Allen st., city.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

SEAMSTRESS, thoroughly experienced and reliable, would like engagements at $1.50 per day and car fares; first-class work and references. P 7d, Boston American.

AM. PROT. working housekeeper (48), exp., neat, good cook, desires permanent situation in small adult family; prefers pleasant home to high wages, 5 years in one place, unincumbered; Boston or Lynn preferred; Mass. reference. Box 145, Newmarket, N. H.

A COLORED WOMAN would like position as competent cook; latest cooking school training. K W., 11 Worcester st., Cambridge.

AMERICAN LADY as housekeeper to widower's family; experienced and competent. Address A 9, Boston American.

A NEAT GIRL would like day work for three days in week. ROSA BROWN, 43 Hammond st.

CAPABLE Down East girl, excellent cook, laundress, wants work; 3 years' exp. 23A Blue Hill av.

COLORED GIRL, general house or chamber work, or day washing, cleaning; speaks English and Spanish; reference. Write R. K., 8 Parnell st., Roxbury.

COLORED WOMAN like work by day or week. 113 Warrenton st., cor. Eliot. Cook's place.

COMPETENT stenographer 12 years' experience, rapid, accurate, desires position; excellent references. Address M., 90 Waltham st., Boston.

COL. GIRL wishes general work; small flat for gentleman; call or write; 2 years references. L. 20 Greenwich st., Rox.

COLORED woman wants work cleaning buildings or offices. 21 Grove st., city.

E. V. C.—Position as travelling companion by young lady who desires foreign privileges. Address E 17, Boston American.

EXPERIENCED—A young lady would like position as saleslady or writing. F. E. SISSON, 128 Oxford st., N. Cambridge, Mass.

MANAGING housekeeper's position, full charge, wanted by middle-aged American woman; reference given and required. Miss WHITTEMORE, 21 Jefferson st., Milford, Mass.

WORK by day or hour or washing to take home, in or out of town. MRS. RANZY LAWSON, 157 Northampton st., suite 2.

WANTED—By elderly sewing woman, sewing in family; will work at reasonable price. E 20, Boston American.

WELL-EDUCATED young lady wishes situation to travel as lady's maid or child's nurse. V. H., 81 Warren ave., city.

WORK by day or hour, in or out of town. 157 Northampton st., MRS. E. BERRING; suite 2.

YOUNG LADY would like work in small private family, in or near Boston. Address MISS CONNELL, 33 Tufts st., Charlestown.

MEDICAL.

LADIES OLD DR. JACKSON
Office 233 Tremont St.
Hours 9-8, Sun., 11-3.

Boston's most celebrated and reliable specialist in Female Diseases. Established over 60 years. Call and see me first. It will save you lots of useless expense. I will guarantee a cure for $2 or no charge. Call at once and get professional advice about your case free. Confinements a specialty. Home comforts. Strict privacy.

WOMEN'S DISEASES!

Medicines for all forms of Women's Diseases. MUTUAL BENEFIT MEDICAL CO., 218 Tremont st., Boston, Room 212. Opp. Majestic Theatre. Hours, 9-9; Sunday, 10-2.

THE AMES OFFICE,
165 Tremont St., Room 8.

Specialist in DISEASES OF WOMEN. Registered Mass. Physician; College Graduate. Lady Attendant. Hours. 10-7; Sundays, 1-5.

A. W. TURNER, M. D.

Office 161 W. Springfield st. Boston's leading specialist in all female diseases. Private Hospital. Hours, 9-9.

Old Dr. Hall OFFICE 3 BEACON st., near Parker House. Oldest established office. Regular physician; treatment safe and skilful; all letters truthfully answered. Hours 9-9, Sundays 10-3.

E. K. WRIGHT, M. D.,

Office, 144 Tremont st. Specialist in Female disease. Hr's. 10-7. Sun., 1-4.

DR. GORDON Office 532 Tremont st. Oldest established and most reliable specialist in women's diseases; lowest prices. Hours 9-8; Sundays 11-2.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A LIVE MAN WANTED for each State in the Union (except the six New England States, which have just been sold and a strong company formed) to organize State syndicates preliminary to forming State companies and industrial enterprises, based on three valuable and popular household inventions, all patented during the last six months. For particulars address or call upon ROBT. LAWRENCE, room 20, Journal Building, Boston, Mass.

SPOT CASH PAID (privately) for stocks, stores, any kind, anywhere. ALLEN, 10 Tremont st.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WOOD PIANO CO.
180 TREMONT STREET

OUR NEW STYLE 8 Wood piano is the latest attainment of perfection in upright pianos; see and hear this beautiful piano before you purchase; catalogue mailed free on application; pianos of all makes taken in exchange. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

WE HAVE several Steinway uprights and grands, one fine Gabler upright that has been sent us to sell on private account, several pianos by Hallet & Davis; terms made to suit every pocket; write us today. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

KRANICH & BACH—Been stored for a while and is in every way as good as when new. $155 cash or terms to suit; see this piano. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

CHICKERING UPRIGHTS, brand new, latest styles, $350, mahogany cases, number nearly 90,000; write us for full description. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

HARDMAN UPRIGHT—Taken in exchange, 7 1-3 octave, good piano, and seldom one of this make can be found; price $85. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

NEW ENGLAND UPRIGHT—Mahogany case, bought new from factory within one year, warranted, $90 cash. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

HENRY F. MILLER—Fine tone and action; there is not in our whole collection of 100 pianos a better bargain; price $155; write us to-day for our full list of bargains. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

A POSTAL CARD MAY SAVE $50.

NEVER in our 39 years' experience have we been able to offer inducements equal to those at the present time; large purchases for spot cash and small expense in comparison with the business we do enable us to quote prices lower than any competitor. Remember, please, our terms will be made to suit every purchaser; write to-day.

WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont St.

$70 MILLER Upright Piano, beautiful rich mellow tone piano, has had but little use in a small family; tone and action in perfect condition; elegant rosewood cabinet, upon which there is not a mar or scratch; cloth cover and solid bench goes with it. Can be seen any time by addressing G 41, Boston American.

$275 BEAUTIFUL Sohmer Upright, never been used. List price $500, our price only $275. Artistic mahogany case, rich resonant tone. Better see this piano before you decide to purchase. STIEFF, 207 Tremont st., opp. Hotel Touraine.

BARGAINS in Upright Pianos. Almost every make to select from; some used and several brand new. Write for our big bargain list of 250 upright pianos, ranging in price from $25 to $500. STIEFF, 207 Tremont st., opp. Hotel Touraine. Established 64 years.

STEINWAY & SON'S Upright, cost when new $750, our special price $100. STIEFF, 207 Tremont st., opp. Hotel Touraine.

$48 BRIGGS Upright, in good repair, guaranteed. Original price $350, our special price $49. STIEFF, 207 Tremont st., opp Hotel Touraine.

CHICKERING Upright Piano, must be sold at once; will accept any offer within reason; cost new $550. Address V 7, Boston American.

CHICKERING Piano, magnificent tone, cost new $900; special price now $90, easy terms. STIEFF, 207 Tremont st., opp. Hotel Touraine.

$39 GABLER Piano, been used but will guarantee it for 5 years. Easy terms. STIEFF, 207 Tremont st., opp Hotel Touraine.

RENT A PIANO—3 months, $10; allow rent within one year toward purchase of that or any piano you may select; squares, $5 to $50; organs, $3 to $35; uprights, $75 to $450; all makes; new or second hand. BLAKE'S, 561 Washington st.; elevator; established 1869.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

DESIRABLE FRONT ROOM; sun all day; h. and c. water; closet; bath floor. 193 Warren ave., near Col. square.

DINING ROOM with kitchen privileges, well heated, $2.50 weekly. 10 Milford st.

GARDEN ST., 51—West End, furnished square and attic rooms; bathroom, open plumbing; prices low.

SUNNY square room, with stove, lodging or housekeeping, $2.50; small square, $2.00. 10 James st., off Brookline.

TO LET—Three or four rooms, all improvements; prices $8 or $11. 38 Marshfield st., Dorchester.

TO LET—A front square and side room. 11 Hanson st.

WANTED—Children to board; good home, best care. 49 Robbins st., Everett.

WANTED—Child to board; over 2. Apply MRS. D., 59 Jefferson av., Chelsea.

W. CANTON ST., 149—Back parlor, view of park, hot and cold water, neatly furnished; gent preferred.

WARREN AV., 181—Handsomely furnished large front room, steam heat, running water, Summer prices.

WARREN AV., 101—Two square rooms; running water and closets; by day or week.

WARREN AV., 123—Newly furnished square and side rooms; running water, handy to all cars.

YOUNG MAN of 25 would share room with another between 20 and 25. Address U. A., 10 Columbia st., city.

11 DURHAM ST., near St. Botolph st.—Nicely furnished sq. room in French family.

16 JAMES ST.—Two fur. con. rooms for housekeeping or lodging, reasonable; small sq. $2.

21 E. CONCORD ST.—Newly furnished choice rooms with or without board or light housekeeping.

28 E. BROOKLINE ST.—Parlor and alcove, with piano; also front square, h. and c. water.

31 E. CONCORD ST.—Nicely furnished rooms to let; all conveniences; prices reasonable.

32 DWIGHT ST.—Sunny sq. room, water; lodging or housekeeping, $2; others $1.25 and $3.

39 UNION PARK—Parlor, fronting park; hot and cold water; excellent heat; home comforts.

49 E. CONCORD ST.—Large square room, steam heat, running water with board.

81 WORCESTER ST., nicely furnished rooms; terms reasonable.

87 WALTHAM ST.—Back parlor, heat, hot and cold water; also piano.

91 WARREN AV.—Furnished rooms, day or week. Telephone 1104-1 Tremont. A. A. TOWLE.

99 WALTHAM ST.—Basement room, light housekeeping.

106 W. CONCORD ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, h. and c. water, $2 to $4, tourists accommodated.

120 W. CONCORD ST.—Two side rooms, modernly furnished, $1.50 to $2.

127 W. NEWTON ST.—Two nice square rooms, with all conveniences; gentlemen preferred.

135 W. CANTON ST., cor. Tremont—Furnished front room and sq. room; steam heat.

155 W. CONCORD ST.—Large front room, bathroom floor; modern conveniences; references.

137 W. CANTON ST.—Front square room, nicely furnished; good location; $2.50.

138 W. CONCORD ST., front parlors with piano; desirable for two gents; terms reasonable.

145 W. CANTON ST.—Square room, bath floor, nice view, h. and c. water, large closet.

156 W. BROOKLINE ST.—Back parlor and side room, will let together or separate; all conveniences in both, sunny and cheerful.

164 W. BROOKLINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms.

165 W. NEWTON ST.—Square room, heat, h. and c. water, home privileges; breakfast if desired.

172 W. BROOKLINE ST.—Hall room, well furnished, plenty of hot water and heat.

174 W. BROOKLINE ST.—Square and side room; well furnished; hot and cold water; heat.

187 W. BROOKLINE ST.—Front and back parlor, h. and c. water, heat, large and well furnished.

194 WARREN AVE., near Col. square—Square and side room; references required.

376 SHAWMUT AV.—Nicely furnished square room, running water, $2.50.

429 SHAWMUT AVE.—Side and attic room nicely furnished and good location.

445 SHAWMUT AVE.—Front, sunny square room, hot and cold water and heat.

468 SHAWMUT AVE.—Furnished rooms; hot and cold water, gas, heat; $2.50 to $3.00.

546 TREMONT ST.—Desirable square and side room; also suite with private bath and piano.

REAL ESTATE.

THE TIME TO SELECT A FARM IS NOW

$1 WEEKLY, $5 first payment, which includes excursion trip to Farm Village on the Highlands of Cape Cod, good after April; 5 acres, high, dry farm, good soil, only $150; no taxes or interest during payment term; photographs at office. THE HOMESTEAD TRUST, 24 Milk st.

WINTHROP.

FOR SALE—My beautiful residence of 10 rooms and bath, all modern improvements, containing 7,287 ft. of land, and situated in the best part of Winthrop, near seashore; will sell furnished or unfurnished; can be seen any time. S. ARONSON, 26 Cottage Park road, Winthrop, Mass.

FOR SALE—Land on Washington av., corner Winthrop st., Winthrop, Mass., in lots to suit, terms reasonable. S. ARONSON, 26 Cottage Park road, Winthrop, Mass.

$1,500—ON EASY TERMS, 6-room house in Malden, with 7,000 feet of land, fruit and shade trees. W. A. DUNHAM, 7 Water st., room 411.

FARMS—$1 down, $1 week; 10 acres, $100; good soil, plenty of wood. BARTLETT, 89 Court.

AH! AH!—In South Braintree, 7-room, 2-story house with bath; nice home; owner going away; will sell cheap. H. P. VINTON, Agent, Braintree.

I PAY CASH (private) for anything you will sell anywhere. ALLEN, 10 Tremont st.

FOR SALE—12-room house and large barn, henhouse, fruit trees; will sell cheap. D. A. SMITH, 17 Harvard st., Malden, Mass.

HOTELS.

WOMEN TRAVELLING ALONE should go direct to the Franklin Square House, 11 East Newton st., Boston; cheap, safe, warm, conveniently located; rates 75c., $1 and $1.25 per day; operated by the philanthropic association known as the Franklin Square House.

JILTING OF CAPTAIN VON SAARBURG WOMAN'S WHIM

MISS MINNA TWOMBLEY JONES.

Miss Minna Jones Took Sudden Dislike to Austrian When He Arrived Here.

Invitations Cancelled and Presents Are Returned, Despite Her Mother's Objections.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Town Topics says:

Now, the story of how Miss Minna Twombly Jones of Boston, the niece of Hamilton McK. Twombly, broke off her engagement to Captain Arthur von Saarburg of the Austrian army, is this:

The young woman, who has not the sweetest of tempers, suddenly conceived a repugnance for him that is rather unaccountable, in that he appears to be a thoroughly decent fellow. She became a Roman Catholic, to which faith her fiance belonged, and when she sailed from Europe for this country last October it was understood that the wedding was to take place this Spring. Invitations had been issued for the ceremony, and on account of Miss Jones's connection by marriage with the Vanderbilts many handsome presents arrived here.

Expostulation in Vain.

About a fortnight ago Captain Von Saarburg went to Boston, and Miss Jones drove to the station at Boston to meet him when his train arrived from New York. The moment she saw him she conceived a sudden distaste for him. She could not account for it and fought against it, so her intimates say, but it was no use. The distate grew stronger and stronger, so that in a day or two she asked her mother to be present when she told the young man that she wished the engagement broken.

Mrs. Jones expostulated, and Mrs. Jones can expostulate rather fiercely, but this time she expostulated in vain. Miss Jones said to Captain von Saarburg:

"I have said I would marry you, and, if you insist, I will; but I don't love you any more."

Released Her at Once.

The man took his medicine. He released her at once and left almost immediately for New York to catch the next boat home. Walter Jones, Miss Jones's brother, whose sympathies were with Captain Von Saarburg, insisted upon coming to New York with him and seeing him off on the boat, fearful that in his disappointment and despondency, he might do some rash thing.

In the meanwhile the invitations were recalled, the presents sent back and things made so uncomfortable for the young woman at home that at last accounts she was suffering from nervous prostration and had left town with a trained nurse.

LABOR NEWS

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL BOSTON, MASS. 96

Contractors at work on school buildings in this city are charged with ignoring specifications in a letter sent by the Lathers' Union No. 72 to the Boston School Commission. The further charge is also made that, though the contracts call for union men being given the preference, men are employed at below the union scale.

A progressive report was made by the committee appointed to investigate the work being done by the Roblin Construction Company on the new schoolhouse, corner of Dearborn street and Norfolk avenue, Roxbury. The union voted favorably upon the amendment to the Building Trades Council, which provides that no strike shall be declared without the unanimous consent of all trades at work on the job.

TEAM DRIVERS' CAMPAIGN.

The Team Drivers' District Council indorsed the new working agreements of the Malden and Newton locals at a meeting at No. 45 Eliot street.

Michael McGrath and D. D'Alessandro, representing the Building Trades Council, spoke on the advisability of the Team Drivers' Council becoming affiliated with that organization.

Arrangements were made for mass meetings of teamsters in Charlestown March 27 and in Cambridge March 27. The organizing committee reported that the recent mass meeting in Chelsea was the means of bringing several new members into the fold.

M'LAUGHLIN ISSUES CALL.

State President John J. McLaughlin has issued the official call for the convention of the New England District Council of Electrical Workers, at Lawrence, next Sunday.

The delegates from Union No. 103 are J. J. McLaughlin, L. W. Kimball and R. H. Bradford. Representing Union No. 104 will be Michael J. Birmingham, Alfred Connors and Daniel McDonald.

CUSTOM TAILORS' DANCE.

Paine Memorial Hall was crowded at the third annual ball of Custom Tailors' Union No. 223. The grand march was led by Business Agent Harry Sherman and Miss Sarah Sherman, followed by Secretary Harry Lipie and Miss Jennie Goldstein and seventy-five couples.

The officers were: Chief marshal, Morris Goldman; assistant marshal, Isaac Winner; floor director, Louis Miller; assistant, Morris Freedman; chief of aids, Solomon Segal; aids, Morris Swartz, Robin Caplan, Isador Freedman and Max Jacobowitch; chairman of ball committee, Morris Knopf; secretary, Morris Rose; treasurer, Louis Mastrofsky; committee, Isaac Winner, Y. Yanofsky, L. Miller, H. Goldstein, M. G. Segal, I. Neitlich, A. Cramer.

The officers of the organization are: President, Hyman Goldstein; vice-president, Zulick Panamonsky; secretary, Harry Lipie; recording secretary, Frank Asserkoff; treasurer, Samuel Swartz; business agent, Harry Sherman.

PATTERN MAKERS' BANQUET.

The Pattern Makers' Association is to hold a banquet, March 18, in the Quincy House. The committee of arrangements includes President E. C. Pooley, Business Agent S. M. Lent and Secretary-Treasurer L. C. Powers. At the meeting in Unity Hall two new members were initiated.

LABOR NOTES.

Austin Kaveney has been elected secretary of the Waltham Central Labor Union.

Secretary-Treasurer Dennis D. Driscoll, of the State Branch, A. F. of L., and Harry K. Skeffington, of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, will be the speakers at the educational hour of the meeting of Team Drivers' Union No. 25, Sunday, March 19.

Two prominent coal dealers will speak at tonight's banquet of the Teamsters' Conciliation Club at the Quincy House. The club is composed of working officers and agents of the teamsters' unions of this city.

Walter V. Batson will deliver another lecture before the members of Electrical Workers' Union No. 103 at next Wednesday night's meeting.

The Helpers' Section of Electrical Workers Union No. 103 has called a special meeting for next Thursday night at No. 987 Washington street.

The teamsters' trouble at the Henry Siegel & Company building on Washington street has been settled by taking from the job the non-union trucking concern which was the cause of the big teamsters' strike five years ago.

The executive board of the Boston Cooks' Union will communicate with the Y. M. C. A. directors about the alleged unfair manner in which the employment bureau of the Y. M. C. A. is run.

A vice-president will be elected to-morrow night by Boston Cigarmakers' Union No. 97.

IN THE PERGOLA YOU DINE BY MOONLIGHT
THE MOST REALISTIC OUTDOOR GARDEN EFFECT EVER PRODUCED
HOTEL LENOX
BOYLSTON AND EXETER STREETS

TWINS WEIGH SIXTY OUNCES

WORCESTER, March 9.—Twin girls born to Mr. and Mrs. James Taylor at No. 177½ Chandler street weigh but sixty ounces together. One weighs two pounds, thirty-two ounces, and her sister weighs one and three-quarters pounds, twenty-eight ounces.

Dr. Emil Sauer, the attending physician, says that the Misses Taylor are delicate and they are wrapped in cotton to keep them from being chilled by the Spring air. While not easy to see, they make themselves heard without difficulty.

The highest-grade, lowest-priced clothing that bears the Union Label is Morse-made.

Even those persons who wanted an old-fashioned winter are now more than satisfied with what they've had and eagerly avail themselves of the noonday warmth to shed their heavy overcoats in favor of light topcoats.

Our new topcoats are in, snappier than ever, and, best of all, Morse-made, "Superior."
$10 to $30.

Seen our $3 Hats? Better.

Everything That Men and Boys Wear.

Leopold Morse Co.

Designers and Makers of "Superior" Ready-to-Wear Union-Made Clothing.
Washington and Brattle Streets

HERO BURNED IN SAVING A WOMAN'S LIFE

Mrs. Darkin Rushes Into Street With Her Clothing in Flames.

HUSBAND'S LEG BROKEN

Richard O'Mara, sixty-two years old and for thirty-five years an employe of the Boston Elevated road or its predecessors, was badly burned about the hands at dawn to-day in saving a woman from being burned to death on Dorchester avenue, South Boston. Mrs. Annie Darkin conducts a small variety store at No. 158 Dorchester avenue, and when she opened her place of business at 6 o'clock lit a small gas stove.

She was standing near it, warming herself, when her skirt caught fire. She ran screaming into the street. As soon as she reached the open air the wind fanned the flame, and when O'Mara heard her shriek in agony he saw a living torch running toward him. He is switch tender at Dover street and Dorchester avenue.

Was Adjusting Switch.

He was adjusting a switch for a City Point car, but stopped and ran to Mrs. Darkin's assistance. He slipped out of his coat in an instant and wrapped it around the woman to smother the flames.

She collapsed in the street from pain and fear. Men ran to aid her from the car, but before they reached Mrs. Darkin the brave old switchman had torn away the burning cloth and extinguished the fire. Charred fragments of her dress were scattered around the spot where she lay writhing. Taken to the City Hospital, physicians there said there that she was terribly burned on the limbs and body. She is on the dangerous list.

Misfortune has weighed heavily on the Darkin family within twenty-four hours. Alexander Darkin, her husband, who is out of work, was gathering fuel on Dover street yesterday when struck by a bale of straw which fell from a passing wagon. His left leg was broken.

While lying on a bed of pain to-day, his wife was brought into another ward in the same hospital. He had expected to see her as a visitor, and his first tidings was that she might die within a few hours in the same institution.

SHE ASKS $25,000 FOR ATTEMPTED KISS

Kansas City, March 7.—Suit for $25,000 damages has been instituted by Mrs. Martha E. Cunningham against the Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Company, of St. Paul, and John O. O'Shaughnessy, field manager and vice-president of the company, who had offices in Kansas City.

Mrs. Cunningham alleges in her petition that when she was cashier of the local office O'Shaughnessy attempted to hug and kiss her. Her constant refusal, she says, caused him to discharge her.

DEFEND OUR MERCHANTS FROM ATTACK OF PASTOR

Ample Wages Paid Girls in Boston, Say Persons Who Know—Not Driven to Vicious Courses.

What Rev. Herbert S. Johnson Says of the Morals of Boston

There are many business men in our city who are nothing better than moral vipers.

There are thousands of working men and women in this city who find it almost impossible to live.

The city of Boston abounds in the spirit of greed, selfishness, indifference to spiritual realities, impurity, sensuality and practical atheism.

Is Boston immoral? Are Boston business men vipers?

These two questions since the statement made by the Rev. Herbert S. Johnson, pastor of the Warren Avenue Baptist Church, have aroused keen interest throughout the city.

Boston business men say that the city is not immoral, and that they are not and never have been vipers in their business dealings with their employes. Ministers who have watched over working girls as heads of helpful institutions declare that it is possible for a girl who supports herself to live right and true even on low wages.

The Rev. George Perin.

The Rev. George L. Perin, president of Franklin Square House, where annually hundreds of working girls make their home, to-day in an interview given to the BOSTON AMERICAN, declared that a girl who can do something well, who is bright and intelligent, can earn an honest and decent living in Boston.

"Boston business men pay good wages to girls who can do something, who are competent. Good stenographers, bookkeepers, dressmakers and salespeople are well paid for their work. A girl who is any of these may support herself very nicely," Dr. Perin said. "The scale of wages for the great unskilled class of women is low, however, and this is due to the fact that there are many girls working for a few dollars a week, all of which they use as 'pin money.' Stores that are forced to pay these low wages require that girls who work for them live at home.

"But I know from experience with Boston business men that they pay a living wage, and girls who come here from the country seeking work need have no fear that if they are capable they will not be able to earn an honest, decent living.

"Far from being greedy and grasping, Boston merchants are, most of them, kind and considerate to their employes. Store after store which I know of treat their employes splendidly, and are as sympathetic of the needs as any one could be. There are many stores in Boston that are like great happy homes."

Y. W. C. A. Statement.

The employment department of the Boston Young Women's Christian Association gave out this statement to-day in reply to the Rev. Mr. Johnson's statements:

"By strict economy any girl may earn her way in Boston, and earn a decent living. Low wages are paid to girls who live at home, but to others, if they be competent, good wages are paid. Though the girl who tries to support herself must economize closely at first, she need have no fear that she will soon be advanced if she deserves it."

From $6 to $20 a Week.

William S. Butler & Co., at No. 90 Tremont street, employing several hundred young women clerks, gave out the following statement to-day to the BOSTON AMERICAN:

"Competent girls in our employ and in the employ of many other Boston stores are paid from $6 to $15 and $20 a week. Girls who are capable are hard to find. Too many girls do not care for advancement. When a Boston merchant finds a girl who likes her work and who is willing and cheerful, depend upon it she will be well paid. There is no excuse for statements that Boston men are greedy and seek to keep wages of their employes down. The opposite is true concerning employes who are worth keeping. This is not alone a Boston rule; it is a rule of life."

MAY MODIFY DOMINICAN PACT

WASHINGTON, March 9.—It is announced on authority that the President will accept any reasonable amendments to the Santo Domingo treaty that the Senate may make, and will endeavor to secure the consent of the Dominican government to the changes.

MRS. CHADWICK GOT $80,000; HAD NO CREDIT

Government Closes Case with Reading Two Interesting Letters to Bankers.

CARNEGIE WAS NOT CALLED

CLEVELAND, O., March 9.—The Government's case against Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick is completed and the defence will begin to introduce testimony when court convenes to-day. Andrew Carnegie has not appeared on the witness stand, and it is now believed that he will not be called at any time during the trial.

The prosecution rested its case after reading two intensely interesting letters written by Mrs. Chadwick to Beckwith & Spear. One related to a loan which Mrs. Chadwick had secured from Mr. Fay of Elyria, O. It said that she had given a check to Fay, and all they had to do was to say that they had extended her paper. The letter concluded:

Asks for Certified Check.

"He said that you would be surprised to see the check in his hands, so you better be surprised. If you don't say it, you can look it."

In the second letter Mrs. Chadwick asked Spear to certify a check to be given by her to Henry Wurst, of Elyria, saying that she would get the "goods" in the East to meet the check.

"So draw a check for $15,000," the letter said, "and I will sign it, and pay you well for it. I am about to do something of great interest to us all."

Government Wins Point.

The most important point yet made by the Government was gained when District-Attorney Sullivan, after a hard fight, secured the admission as evidence of two drafts, aggregating $80,000, issued by the Oberlin Bank in favor of Mrs. Chadwick, Aug. 24, 1903. On this same date Mrs. Chadwick obtained from the bank a certified check for $12,500, and Receiver Lyon testified that there was nothing on the books to show that at the time Mrs. Chadwick had a cent in the bank or was entitled to credit. It is believed that the attorneys will commence their arguments before to-night.

ANOTHER MURDER SUSPECT DISCHARGED

Michael Giacobzzi, the Italian arrested by the Lynn police on suspicion of being connected with the murder of Alfonso Turi, the Italian cook, murdered and robbed in a boarding car in Hyde Park, was released by the Hyde Park police to-day.

Turi was murdered for his money. The men arrested on suspicion so far have all been able to clear themselves.

JORDAN MARSH CO.
ESTABLISHED 1851
Our Standard Always the Highest — Our Prices Absolutely the Lowest — Our Stock Always the Largest

Men's Clothing
Street Floor.

Special Values in Odd Trousers
The regular 3.00 kind for....................1.95
The regular 4.00 kind for....................2.95
The regular 5.00 kind for....................3.95

Spring Top Coats and Overcoats
Some very attractive new lines are ready in new styles that are exceptionally nobby. For the smart dressers we have the swell covert cloth top coats, 34 inches long, with full backs and broad shoulders, serge lined, at....................10.00 and 15.00
Silk lined overcoats at....................18.00, 20.00, 25.00

Oxford Mixed and Plain Black Vicuna Overcoats
For the conservative man, cut 42 inches long and serge lined, at 10.00 and 15.00
Silk lined overcoats at....................18.00, 20.00, 25.00

Rain Coats
Our special this week is a 15.00 and 18.00 value, marked at.....10.00

Our Spring Lines of Men's Suits
Are also ready. The materials are of fancy worsteds and cheviots in double and single-breasted sack coats, up to date in cut and style. Prices....................10.00 to 30.00

Custom Tailoring
Street Floor.

Our new spring woolens are ready and we are showing many exclusive designs in Suitings, Furnishings and Overcoatings. Our prices:
Suits, from....................19.00 to 40.00
Trousers, from....................5.00 to 12.00
Overcoats, from....................19.00 to 40.00
We guarantee fit, style and workmanship.

Men's Underwear
Wright's Fleece-Lined Shirts
In large sizes, 1.00 quality, to close, each....................29c
Fancy and Plain Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers
Broken sizes, 50c and 75c qualities, each....................29c

IMPORTER'S SURPLUS STOCK OF
Fine Razors
Street Floor—Front.
Regular 1.00 and 1.50 Goods
Special Price 39c
Extra quality Steel Razors, English and German makes, 5-8 and 6-8 inch blades, 3-4 and full concaved, black and fancy handles. An unapproachable bargain opportunity of special import to barbers.

Men's High Grade Shirts
We are now prepared to show you a most complete line of Spring Shirts. Choice lots of fine goods.

Famous Earl & Wilson Shirts
We carry at all times a full line. We would respectfully call your attention to one of these new spring lines, the "Chantilly." Price.........3.50

White Madras Shirts
Made of high grade madras, self figured. This will be one of the most popular shirts the coming season. Cuffs attached or detached. Sizes 14 to 17. Price....................1.50

Shirts to Measure
Cutting and fitting guaranteed. Complete line of importers' shirtings, exclusive designs, measurements taken at residence if desired. Special price....................3.50

Madras Shirts
Absolutely new goods in original patterns, made by experts in the most careful manner, cuff attached or detached. Sizes 14 to 17. Price......1.50

French Flannel Shirts
Just the shirt for outing wear. Choice array of colorings and made in the best possible manner, with neckband or collars on. Sizes 14 to 17. Special price....................1.50

Madras Shirts, a Special Bargain
By taking the manufacturer's entire line we are able to offer this regular 1.00 shirt at the extreme low price of 68c. Cut just as well as a 1.50 and 2.00 garment. Neat effects in stripes, cuffs detached. Sizes 14 to 17....................68c

CORRECT SPRING STYLES IN ALL KINDS OF
Men's Hats
The New Miller Derby
Is, as usual, a dressy hat for dressy men. Price....................5.00
Stetson Hats
Derbys....................4.00 and 6.00
Superior grades, all colors, soft hats....................4.00 to 10.00
High Grade Opera Hats
A special offer at....................5.00
Silk Hats....................5.00 and 8.00
All New Spring Styles
Both stiff and soft, style and color guaranteed....................3.00
We challenge all competitors to produce for 2.00 a better hat than our "Iron."
Full Line of Livery Hats

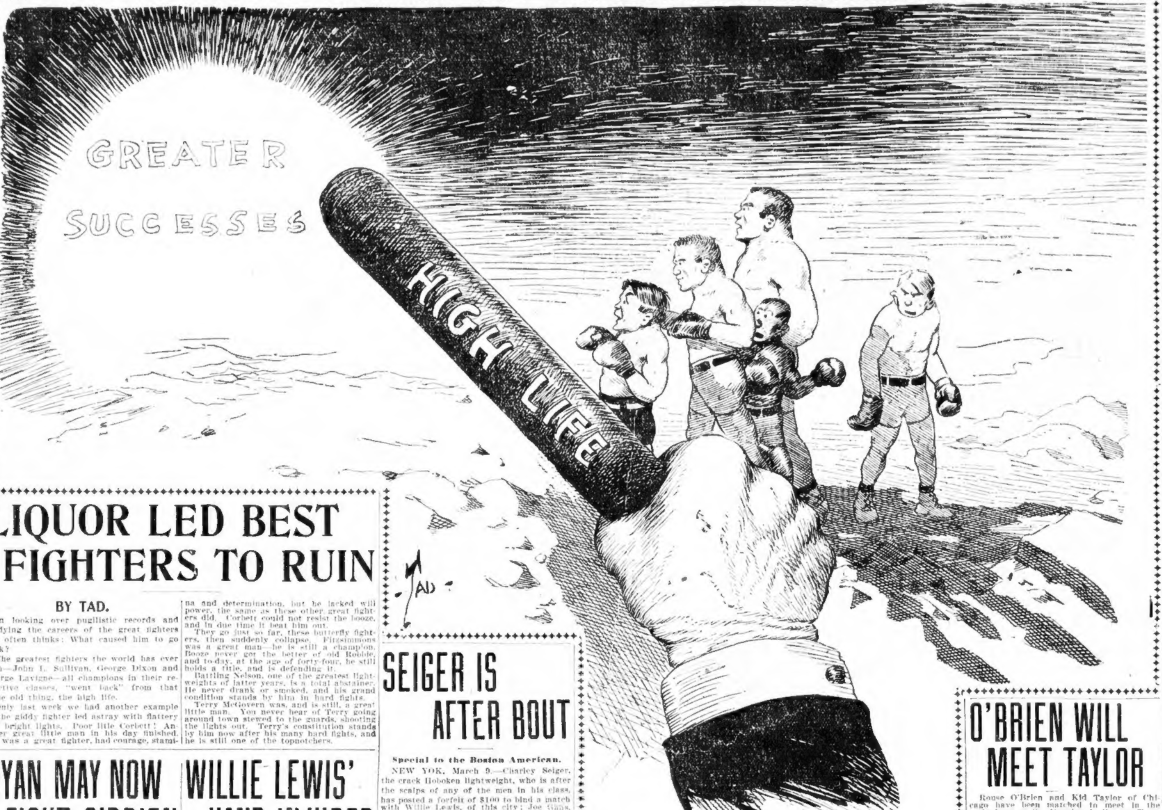
THERE'S UNUSUAL VALUE IN THESE
MEN'S
Underpriced Shoes
Second Floor—Summer St. Side.
This week marks the passing of the shoe bargains in the men's section. Sizes are somewhat broken, to be sure, but nearly every man can be fitted in some one of the various styles.

Lace Shoes
On popular lasts, with medium or heavy soles, mostly black Russia and box calf. Original price 5.00, now.........2.75

Blucher Shoes
On comfortable medium toe lasts, enamel, patent colt and box calf, all Goodyear welted. Originally 3.00 and 3.50, now 1.50

WHOLE WORLD OF SPORTS COVERED FOR THE BOSTON AMERICAN BY ITS CORPS OF EXPERTS

TAD PICTURES THE DREAD HAND THAT HAS SENT MANY CHAMP FIGHTERS TO OBLIVION



LIQUOR LED BEST FIGHTERS TO RUIN

BY TAD.

In looking over pugilistic records and studying the careers of the great fighters one often thinks: What caused him to go back?

The greatest fighters the world has ever seen—John L. Sullivan, George Dixon and George Lavigne—all champions in their respective classes, "went back" from that same old thing, the high life.

Only last week we had another example of the giddy fighter led astray with flattery and bright lights. Poor litle Corbett! Another great little man in his day finished. He was a great fighter, had courage, stamina and determination, but he lacked will power, the same as these other great fighters did. Corbett could not resist the booze, and in due time it beat him out.

They go just so far, these butterfly fighters, then suddenly collapse. Fitzsimmons was a great man—he is still a champion. Booze never got the better of old Robbie, and to-day, at the age of forty-four, he still holds a title, and is defending it.

Battling Nelson, one of the greatest lightweights of latter years, is a total abstainer. He never drank or smoked, and his grand condition stands by him in hard fights.

Terry McGovern was, and is still, a great little man. You never hear of Terry going around town stewed to the guards, shooting the lights out. Terry's constitution stands by him now after his many hard fights, and he is still one of the topnotchers.

RYAN MAY NOW FIGHT O'BRIEN

Special to the Boston American.

ST. JOSEPH, Mich., March 8.—A. Coffroth of San Francisco forwarded articles to Tommy Ryan of St. Joseph, to-day, for a twenty-round fight for the middleweight championship of the world with Jack O'Brien of Philadelphia.

The articles provide that both men will weigh in at 3 p. m. on the day of the fight at 154 pounds.

The articles provide for an open date next month, while Ryan favors April 20, which it is believed will be agreeable to the management of the club.

WILLIE LEWIS' HAND INJURED

The fifteen-round bout between Peter Sullivan of Fall River and Willie Lewis of New York, which was to have been held in Fall River to-night, has been postponed for a week, because of an injury to the right hand sustained by Lewis while training.

SETBACK FOR JIU JITSU.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 9.—The Japanese style of wrestling, jiu jitsu, received another setback when Columbus of this city, the champion featherweight wrestler, defeated Hako, the Police Gazette champion of jiu jitsu.

TO INVESTIGATE 'EGAN'S' STANDING

The expose by the BOSTON AMERICAN of the "ringer" in the amateur boxing championships created considerable of a stir in the amateur ranks in the Hub and further developments are awaited. The local registration committee has taken up communication with the national body and before many days the disposition of the case of Jack Egan alias Fred Floyd of Bryn Mawr will be known. The local A. A. U. authorities are now in communication with the main body of the A. A. U. in relation to the entry made at the annual boxing championships and action will be taken immediately in the matter.

A prominent official of the N. E. A. A. U. said last evening that there was no doubt in the case of Jack Egan, who entered the boxing championships under an assumed name, and that immediate investigation would take place concerning his standing. This official said: "I have sent a letter to Secretary James E. Sullivan of the A. A. U. in regard to the matter and we are awaiting further information before taking definite action in regard to the case. It certainly looks like a case of disqualification, and decisive action will be taken if necessary."

The following dispatch from Philadelphia was received at a late hour last night:

"Frank Floyd, who won the 158-pound A. A. U. boxing championship in Boston, did so under an assumed name, but not without the full knowledge and sanction of A. A. U. officials in Philadelphia. Floyd is a prosperous merchant in the millionaire district of Bryn Mawr, and for business reasons has always boxed under an assumed name. No deception was contrived at, and his only reason for such action has been a desire to avoid criticism from his friends and business associates."

BETTY BROOK A FAST MARE

A very fast mare is quartered at Readville; one which may set the Bankers' Club to work, early in the season, figuring out how fast she will step before Fall. It is the highly bred mare Betty Brook, 2:17¼, by Silent Brook, and he by Dark Night, a son of Alcyone.

George Leavitt, who has brought more high class race horses to New England than any man in the business says: "This is a fine looking mare of great substance and extreme speed. She has a good right to be the foremost horse in this season's campaign, and I should not be surprised to see her excel the splendid record which Sweet Marie made last year."

MEET NEXT TUESDAY.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 9.—Latt J. Wynn, president of the American Turf Association, has called a meeting of that body for next Tuesday in Chicago to confirm recently allotted dates and go over the rules adopted at the New Orleans meeting.

FOX HOUNDS MAY BE RACED

Special to the Boston American.

WORCESTER, March 9.—A race between packs of American and English fox hounds is likely to result from a challenge issued by A. Henry Higginson, master of fox hounds of the Middlesex Hunt Club, and the pack of the Grafton hunt. Harry W. Smith, master of the hounds of the Grafton Club, has accepted the challenge for $1,000 a side.

The hunt Smith proposes is on practically the same conditions named by Higginson. The match to last two weeks, the packs to hunt on alternate days and the pack catching a fox fairly in the open to be declared the winner.

Smith suggests that the hunt take place during the month of November, expressing his belief that scenting conditions will be better then than any other season of the year.

WARNELL AS COACH.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 9.—William A. Warnell, Cornell '03, who coached the football team after graduation, has been engaged to coach the University of North Carolina football team next season.

SEIGER IS AFTER BOUT

Special to the Boston American.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Charley Seiger, the crack Hoboken lightweight, who is after the scalps of any of the men in his class, has posted a forfeit of $100 to bind a match with Willie Lewis, of this city; Joe Gans, the lightweight champion, or Jimmy Gardner, of Lowell. Seiger will take on any of the above boys at 136 pounds.

O'BRIEN WILL MEET TAYLOR

Rouse O'Brien and Kid Taylor of Chicago have been matched to meet in the main bout at the Douglas A. C. next Tuesday night. Taylor is under the management of Tom O'Rourke.

Believing in the Osler Old Age Theory,

JEFFRIES WILL QUIT RING AT FORTY

By Boston American Leased Wire.

RICHMOND, Va., March 9.—Champion Jim Jeffries is keeping up to the times. He has been playing in his "Davy Crockett" company, and no question of public interest gets away from him. Jeff's latest is to put the seal of his approval on Professor Osler. That is, the big fighter thinks Oslerism is right to a certain extent. He doesn't go so far as to say that all men over sixty should be put out of the world by the chloroform route, but he says that, physically, a man is of little use after he has reached forty.

Jeff says that at forty every man goes back physically, but that this is made up to him by the fact that he improves mentally. This is the way the big bruiser puts it:

"Osler is half right. A man doesn't get any better physically after he's forty. He goes back then, but a man doesn't really get intelligent until he's past forty. He gets experience after that. Physically, Osler is right; mentally, he is wrong."

Fighters Out at Forty.

"I am not trying to go into the scientific part of this thing and don't want any one to think that I know much about the Osler theory, but from what I have seen I think I am right. I have been in the fighting business long enough to see the effect time has on men. None of us can hold the old fellow off. We may think we can, but you can gamble all you have that he will get us shortly after we reach the forty milestone. He is the only champion that can't be put out of business.

"There have been fighters who were good at over forty, but they didn't last long after that. Take Fitzsimmons. He is good yet, but he is far from being the man he was when he rammed that fist into Jim Corbett's solar plexus. He was under forty then. Later, when he was just on the right side of forty he met me and I licked him. He put up one of his greatest fights then. After that he really went back. When he fought me again he had not the same hitting power, speed or strength. He was over forty then. Later he took on George Gardner for the light heavyweight championship, and had all he could do to win on points from him. His showing was really pitiable to those who knew him when he was at his best.

Jeff Will Quit at That Age.

"I am thirty-one now, and that isn't a great way from forty. I am hoping for another chance to fight between now and the time the 'forty' is put against my name. If I get it I think I will win, but you can take it from me that I will never enter a ring after I am over forty.

"Old John L., who is challenging Fitzsimmons, me and a lot of other heavyweights, is on the old age list, and he would not last a round with any young heavyweight."

HOLY CROSS WILL MEET TUFTS TODAY

Special to the Boston American.

WORCESTER, March 9.—Extensive preparations are being made at Holy Cross for the Tufts-Holy Cross dual meet in the college gymnasium, and the indications are that a good evening of sport will be held to-night. To allow the use of spikes in the sprints and hurdles, a floor is being laid over the polished ground floor.

Although track athletics have been but lately resurrected at the college, principally through the efforts of Graduate Manager Welch, there is great interest, which bids fair to bring the present meet to a successful end.

In preparation for this meet a large number of runners started work training under Coach Powers. Some time ago the team who will wear the purple in the games was picked and given daily practice and instructions, with the result that all the men will perform their feats while in perfect condition.

In all nine events have been scheduled. The complete list of entries from both schools is:

Thirty-yard dash: Tufts—Gordon, Perry, Warner, Resigari, Greene, Powers, Captain McCarthy, Hunter. Holy Cross—Geary, Riley, Frank Cahill, Barrett, McCarthy, Shea and Sullivan.

Forty-yard hurdle: Tufts—Gordon, Hunter, Resigari, Warner. Holy Cross—Kelley, Shea and Donovan.

Four hundred and forty-yard run—Tufts—Procter, Barry, McCarthy, Greene. Holy Cross—Geary, Riley, McCarthy, Stevens.

Eight hundred and eighty-yard run: Tufts—Stafford, Perry, Powers, Sweetser. Holy Cross—Dowd, Jones, Roche, McKenna.

Mile run: Tufts—Mitchell, Starrett, Stafford, Powers. Holy Cross—Lilly, Roche, Donovan, Dowd.

Shotput: Tufts—Jones, Greene, White. Holy Cross—McCarthy, Callanan, McManus.

Pole vault: Tufts—Greene, Zeller, Colbert. Holy Cross—Barrett, Barnes, McKenna, Murphy.

High jump: Tufts—Jones, Zeller, Colbert, Gordon. Holy Cross—Barnes, Kelley, Almirall, McKenna.

Relay race: Tufts—McCarthy, Procter, Perry, Gordon, Greene, Powers. Holy Cross—Cahill, McCarthy, Geary, Riley, Barrett, Stevens.

TOURNEY FOR POOL CHAMP

Beginning next Monday night an open championship pool tournament will be held at Murray & Irwin's billiard hall which will decide the title holder of New England. The tourney will run during the week, and a medal emblematic of the championship will be awarded the winner. Those entered are English Tom of East Boston, Tom Dugan, the Irish champion; Harry Manuel of South Boston, Roxbury Kid, Kid Taylor and Kid Coffey of South Boston and other well known pool players.

ROLLS RECORD STRING OF 179

George W. Russell of the Roslindale team created a new world's mark at candles on the Elite alleys by rolling a string of 179.

He rolled a spare for 20 in the first box, a strike for 18 in the second, a break for 8 in the third, a spare for 18 in the fourth, a spare for 20 in the fifth, a strike for 29 in the sixth, a strike for 19 in the seventh, a break for 10 in the eighth, a spare for 19 in the ninth and a spare for 18 in the tenth.

DEALERS READY FOR AUTO SHOW

Everything is in readiness for the auto show which opens in Mechanics' Building Saturday evening. This week's rain has made the automobile dealers happy, as there has been quantities of ice in the vicinity of the building that would have interfered with demonstrating.

"I have every reason to believe that the fire which occurred in the Sportsman Show in New York had no effect upon the motor boats that were being shown in connection with the automobile and power boat show," said Manager Chester I. Campbell. "The advices received indicate that none of the boats that will be shown in this city were injured."

5000 MILE RACE PLANNED.

A go-as-you-please race of about 5000 miles, from New York to Portland, Ore., is being planned for next June. Hitherto all the transcontinental feats have been performed by a journey Eastward from the Pacific Coast, and the idea of a race from here to the other side of the continent offers certain attractions that bid for its success in engaging entrants.

THE WHITE DENTAL PARLORS
523 WASHINGTON ST., (Opp. R. H. White)

$5 10 YEAR GUARANTEE

Full Sets of Teeth $5. Perfect Fit or No Pay
Gold Crowns $5 and up. Gold Fillings $1 and up
Silver Fillings 50c. Teeth Without Plates $5

No More Dread of the Dentist.

Nervous and sensitive people may have their dental work done without pain or fear by our late patented electric appliances used by us only, which have proven a perfect success.

To extract, fill and apply gold or porcelain crowns, undetectable from natural teeth, without the least pain or danger. Call and we will examine your mouth free and convince you that we do as we advertise, and tell you in advance what your work will cost. No charge for extraction where other work is done.

Hours 8 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 10 to 4

INHERITED SCROFULA

When a child I had a very severe attack of Diphtheria, which came near proving fatal. Upon recovery the glands of the neck were very much enlarged, and after the free use of iodine, the right one was reduced to its normal size, but the left one continued to grow—very slowly at first—until it was about the size of a goose egg, which began to press on the windpipe, causing difficult breathing, and became very painful. An incision was made and a large quantity of pus discharged. The gland was removed, or as much as could with safety be taken out. For ten years I wore a little piece of cloth about an inch long in my neck to keep the place open. During this time I had to have it cut open by the doctor every time I took cold or the opening clogged. In the Spring or early Summer of 1884 I was persuaded by my wife to use S. S. S., which I did, strictly in accordance with directions. I took twenty-six large bottles, and was entirely cured, for I have not suffered since that time. B. S. RAGLAND.

Royal Bag Mfg. Co., Charleston, S. C.

Only a constitutional remedy can reach an hereditary disease like Scrofula. When the blood is restored to a normal condition and the scrofulous deposits are carried off there is a gradual return to health. S. S. S. is well known as a blood purifier and tonic. It is the only guaranteed strictly vegetable remedy. If you have signs of Scrofula, write us and our physician will advise you free.

SSS

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

FITZPATRICK LOSES FIGHT WITH DUFFY

Special to the Boston American.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 9.—Martin Duffy of Chicago was awarded the decision over Dick Fitzpatrick of the same city after ten rounds of furious fighting. Duffy had the advantage of height, weight and reach. In the last round Fitzpatrick went in to finish his man and infighting of the cleverest kind was the result. Fitzpatrick would have accomplished his desire had the fight gone two more rounds.

Willie Fitzgerald of Saginaw and Gus Gardner of Brooklyn have been matched to fight in this city the 20th of this month before the Indianapolis Athletic Association.

FAIR CITY TO HOLD FIGHTS

Special to the Boston American.

ST. LOUIS, March 9.—Local sporting men are rejoicing to-day over the announcement that boxing in this city will be allowed in the future. At a meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners it was decided not to stop boxing matches if properly and legally conducted.

Joe Cappels, manager of the Commercial Athletic Club, appeared before the board and complained. The board informed Cappels his complaint was not well founded. However, Chief Kiely declared he would not oppose matches conducted by responsible clubs when the law was not violated.

STRONG MAN ACCEPTS DEFI

Strong men are coming to the front since P. A. Lentendre of Providence issued his challenge to meet anyone for a big stake. John V. Smith, the strongest man that the Hub can boast of, comes forward accepting the defi of Lentendre under the following conditions:

1. Pushing a dumbbell from the shoulder to straight arm overhead with the right arm alone. 2. Lifting a barrel clear of the ground, using the finger nails alone to grip with. 3. Swinging a dumbbell from the floor to straight arm overhead in one sweep. 4. Pushing a man from the shoulder to straight arm overhead with the right alone and with left alone. 5. The above feat and in addition lying down with him and getting up again.

Smith adds that he will be glad to hear from Lentendre at his earliest opportunity, as he has tried vainly to meet all the strong men in the country, and will be delighted to at last meet a bonafide strong opponent.

VOLKMANN LADS IN CLASS GAMES

The annual interclass games of the Volkmann School will be held Saturday afternoon in the school gymnasium, Newbury street.

The boys are divided into three divisions. There are six events on the card, as follows: Potato race, rope climb, shot-put, three standing jumps, high jump and fence vault.

HOPPE NOW CHAMP.

NEW YORK, March 9.—By defeating Walton Aborn in the twelve-inch balk line billiard tournament at McLaughlin's Academy, Frank Hoppe became professional shortstop champion of Greater New York. The score was 250 to 205. The winner's high runs were 37 and 30, and his average 4 28.53. Aborn's high runs were 29 and 24, and his average 4.

I CURE MEN

MY BEST REFERENCE IS. NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED.
E. B. HERRICK, M. D.
37 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

It may be in its primary stage, or it may have been hereditary or contracted in early days, thereby being constitutional. I cure all its complications; I stop its progress, eradicate every vestige of poison from the system, and this without the use of mercury or potash.

My guarantee to cure is:
"Not a dollar need be paid until cured."

Varicocele, Stricture, Unnatural Discharges, Loss of Manly Vigor, Drains, Losses, Kidney, Bladder and Prostatic Trouble and Private Diseases Cured.

Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays 10 to 1 only.
—CONSULTATION FREE—

DR. HERRICK MEDICAL CO.
37 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

FOR MEN.
Strenva Vacuum Appliance
(Patented, July 21, 1903)

Circulating the blood cures varicocele, stricture and nervousness. Restores manly vigor. No drugs or electricity. Call or write for book, sent sealed, plain envelope.

SOLD ON TRIAL.
STRENVA CO., 9 Cambridge St., Room 201, Boston

MANY BASEBALL FANS ANSWER THE AMERICAN'S GREAT PUZZLE

Hundreds of letters have already been received from those interested in the National game, and some of the best answers are printed below. Contest is open to all readers of the Boston American.

Baseball Puzzle. What's the Answer?

Two teams, A and B, are playing. A is at the bat in the last half of the ninth inning. The score is 5 to 4 in favor of B. Two men are out, a man on second and another on third. The batter hits the ball into fair territory, but it is not a hit. There is no putout, no base runner hit by the batted ball, no assist or no error, and yet A wins the game by a score of 6 to 5. What was the play?

Readers of the BOSTON AMERICAN are invited to send their answers to the problem to the Sporting Editor. The first one to solve it will receive two grand stand tickets for himself and best girl for the opening game at the Huntington Avenue Grounds on April 21. Write on only one side of the paper, and send full name and address.

Although the BOSTON AMERICAN'S baseball puzzle was only printed for the first time yesterday, hundreds of answers have already been received. It promises to be one of the most interesting baseball puzzle contests ever held, judging by the batch of letters in the Sporting Editor's mail to-day.

All interested in the national game are invited to send in their solutions to the problem. Read the conditions printed in the box at the head of this column.

Of course, it will not be possible to print all the answers, but each day some of the best will be given. Here are a few received this morning:

March 8, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

In answer to yours of the 8th inst., relative to baseball problem, would say it was pop fly which infielders let go between them. JOE ROGERS.

64 Bowdoin street, Boston.

March 8, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

When the batsman hits the ball the nearest fielder returns it to home plate and it reaches there before the man on third. This prevents the scorer from crediting the batter wit a hit. The runner from second has gone toward third, but stops just before reaching the bag because the man on third in the first place sees he is too late to reach home and is running back and forth between the catcher and third baseman, hoping to score if possible. He succeeds and the man who has reached first base sees his chance and darts for second. The catcher throws to second to catch him, but fails, and meanwhile the man at third races home, making the score 6—5. E. BEATON.

P. O. Box 334, Woburn, Mass.

March 9, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

The following is my solution of the baseball puzzle:

The batter hits a ball to centre field, which is picked up by an outsider and handed to the centre fielder, who throws the ball to the pitcher which is necessary before ball can again go into play. In the meantime both men score. This, of course, is a blocked ball. FRANK G. HART.

No. 55 Hillside street, Roxbury.

March 9, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

In regard to answer to your baseball puzzle, I would say that the batter bunted a slow ball along fair line, allowing one man to score. If the other man did not score, he scored on a balk by the pitcher, that is, if no other batter followed the batter in the puzzle.

JAMES A. COLAHAN,
Track Manager St. Alphonsus.

No. 80 Smith street.

March 8, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

I think I have solved the problem in to-day's BOSTON AMERICAN, as follows:

The batter hits a slow bounder to an infielder, who, being too late to catch the batter, tries for the man going from third to home, but the runner scores. The batter, instead of stopping at first base, continues to second, and the catcher throws to second base to catch him, and while he is dodging between first and second the runner scores from third, making A the winner, 6 to 5. L. J. MAHONEY.

No. 138 Hyde Park avenue, Forest Hills.

March 8, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

Seeing your baseball puzzle in to-night's AMERICAN I figure it out that the batter, with the score standing 5 to 4 in favor of B, and A having a man on second and third with two men out, must have hit the ball so that it did not come in contact with any of the fielders, thereby bringing the two men on bases home, thus making the score stand 6 to 5 in favor of A, and ending the game. The batter himself not running to first, so that it was neither an error, putout or hit. GEORGE STEVENS.

26 Minot street, Lynn.

March 8, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

In answer to your baseball problem, I would say that there was a large attendance at the game, making it necessary to put the ropes up; therefore the batter on A's side knocked the ball into the ropes and by ground rules got a three-bagger, scoring the men on second and third, making it a total of six runs. HARRY A. BIXBY.

March 9, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

The batter hit the ball to the outfield and both men score. The man who hit the ball never touched first base; being the last inning they all walked off the field without noticing it.

Natick. FRANCIS R. CONNOLLY.

March 9, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

While I was looking over your paper Wednesday evening I happened to see the baseball puzzle which was in the paper. I am always interested in baseball, also a constant reader of your paper, which I buy every night and Sunday.

The puzzle is: The batter hit ball so hard that it broke. A won by one run. ALEXANDER SULLIVAN.

No. 229 Bennington street, East Boston.

March 8, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

The batter "hit" the ball into fair territory close to the foul line, and the umpire called the ball foul, so the men were still on base on that play.

It is presumed that the batter on the next play did make a hit, which was unquestioned, and scored the two runners, winning the game, 6 to 4.

69 Summer street. G. B. HARRIS.

March 8, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

In answer to the baseball puzzle would say that it was "fielder's choice." The ball could be hit to any infielder and the ball handled cleanly and attempts made to retire the runners at the various bases without success.

While the ball was being thrown about two men crossed the plate. Such is possible, but hardly probable. J. H. COOK.

Woonsocket, R. I.

March 9, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

My solution of your baseball problem of March 8 is this: That the ball hit was merely a fielder's choice and allowed the two men to score.

East Cambridge. J. H. G.

March 9, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

The batter hits a slow grounder to the shortstop and he tries to catch the man going from second to third, and while doing so the fellow on third goes home, which makes the score 5 to 5. They try to catch this fellow who was on second, but he gets away from them, so the shortstop throws the ball over to first to catch the fellow between first and second who hit the ball, and while trying to get him out the man on third scores the winning run and the game breaks up. C. F. EDWARDS.

107½ Walnut street, Chelsea.

March 8, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

I am a daily reader of your paper and my answer to your problem is as follows: When the batter hit the ball in fair ground, with two out, the man on third would of course go home, while the man on second would start for third. A player on the opposing side might get in the way of the batter and the umpire could call the man safe at first, and allow the other runners safe; still it would be no hit, no error, no baserunner hit, no assist, no put out. After the man had scored from third, that would tie the score, 5 to 5, and a hit, passed ball or a double steal would score the man from third and A would win, 6 to 5. R. M. LAIRD.

Surveyor's Office, Custom House.

March 9, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

Batter hits ball to an infielder, for instance, second baseman. He fields the ball home attempting to catch the man who was on third at the plate. His throw was perfect, but arrives too late. The batter having reached first, starts to second on this throw, the catcher having missed one man tries to catch the batter at second base, but is too slow in his throw. Meantime the man who was originally on second reaches third on the first throw and scores on the second. E. J. WINSTON.

No. 97 School street, Taunton, Mass.

March 9, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

In answer to your puzzle in last night's paper, would say the man at bat hits to one of the infielders, who, instead of throwing to first throws to catch the man at home, but the man beats the throw and scores. Meanwhile the man at second goes to third and the man who reached first on fielder's choice starts for second. The catcher throws to catch him and the man on third reaches home on the play, scoring the winning run. The man running from first to second beats the throw to second. CHARLES W. CROMB.

50 Barry street, Dorchester.

March 9, 1905.

Sporting Editor:

My answer for the baseball puzzle in the BOSTON AMERICAN is that the batter hit the ball over the fence. A. MADREW.

No. 1880 Washington street.

ANSON LEADS KING LAJOIE

CLEVELAND, March 9.—"King" Lajoie, manager of the Blues, has the greatest record of all batsmen with the exception of old Cap Anson. For nine years the "Pride of Woonsocket" has averaged .363, and has never batted under .325. He has been to the bat 4,025 times, and has made 1,461 base hits. Anson has a grand average of .368 for fifteen years of service on the diamond. Lajoie's record as a major league player is as follows:

Years.	G.	A.B.	R.	B.H.	S.H.	S.B.	Av.
1896	39	174	37	57	..	6	.326
1897	126	545	107	198	5	22	.360
1898	147	610	113	200	5	33	.328
1899	72	308	70	117	3	14	.379
1900	102	451	95	156	2	25	.346
1901	131	543	145	229	1	27	.422
1902	87	352	81	129	8	20	.376
1903	126	488	90	173	13	22	.355
1904	140	554	92	211	6	31	.381
Totals	970	4025	840	1461	43	209	.363

SMALL TALK FOR BASEBALL FANS

Business Manager Bancroft of the Reds has cancelled August 16 in Lynn, Mass., as the New England League has placed a team there, and Banny's date was with an independent club.

* * *

Ambrose Puttman has informed Manager Griffith of the New York Americans that he has mastered the spit ball. He is the first left-hander who has mastered the trick—if he really has succeeded in doing so.

* * *

Manager Lajoie of the Clevelands is mourning the loss of his favorite bull pup. As he was not the mascot of the team, he will not be missed by the public at large.

That pup was relation to the canine that will shine with the champs.

* * *

A dispatch from New Orleans says that the Athletics are hot at it. The players are divided into two teams, the Yanigans and the Regulars. In the first game the Yanigans put it on the Regulars. Coakley and Noonan were the youngsters in the points, while Waddell, Plank and Bender did the twirling for the Regulars, with the veterans in the lineup.

* * *

The Cleveland batteries stopping at Hot Springs are up in the air over the decision in readiness for the Pittsburg team, that reaches there on March 14.
of the management of the grounds to stop all practising, as the grounds are being put

* * *

Tommy Leach is very particular about his bat, and one of his reasons for going to Cleveland was to get the old stick which he used last year. The handle of this stick was broken early in the 1904 campaign, but instead of throwing the bat away Tommy wrapped the handle with tape and used the club all Summer. During the Winter a friend of his at Cleveland showed him a piece of ash which is nine years old and offered to make him a bat out of this well seasoned block. Although the smallest man on his team, Tommy uses the largest bat.

* * *

Nearly all the leading college teams are being coached by professional players as follows: Keeler and Chesbro, New York Americans, Harvard; Lush of Detroit, Yale; Clarkson, New York Americans, West Point; Jennings, Baltimore, Princeton; Harry Davis, Philadelphia Americans, Pennsylvania; Hamilton, Harrisburg, Dartmouth; Clarke, Washington, Annapolis; Sebring, Cincinnati, Pennsylvania State; McAllister, Buffalo, University of Michigan; "Lefty" Davis, Minneapolis, University of Minnesota, and Abbaticchio, Boston Nationals, Washington and Jefferson.

* * *

Out in Cleveland the claim is set up that the city is represented by fifty-eight players who are scattered among twenty leagues all over the country. Such prestige is sufficient to increase the possibility of Cleveland being a factor in the championship race next season if the Hub champs don't make an effort to get the rag.

* * *

Amos Rusie, considered by some baseball sharps to be the best pitcher that ever stood before a batsman, is working in an Indianapolis lumber yard, loading planks on drays for $1.50 a day. Since his retirement from baseball several years ago, Rusie has earned a living at digging ditches and driving trucks. He has lost all of the magnificent physique that made him a diamond hero years ago, and has given up all hope of bettering himself. Amos got $4,000 in 1894 for pitching less than fifty games for the New York Nationals. He was in his prime then, and friends advised him to save his money. But the big pitcher, fond of good fellowship, refused to listen to reason, and proceeded to blow his money in treating a horde of flatterers and supposed friends. What Rusie did not spend in this manner, he loaned to Tom, Dick and Harry, always leaving town at the end of a season in debt. To-day, in actual want, Rusie would find few of his boon companions of days gone by who would raise a finger to help him. His pitiable condition should be a warning to other young players who come into baseball with empty pockets, find money easily and fail to appreciate its worth.

* * *

"Pierpont" Morgan, of McAleer's staff, hearing about the wondrous new curves, declares that he has one that will put the rest out of the running. He calls his new pitching kink the "Bedelia" ball, and says that by a peculiar twist of the wrist he can make the ball sing the first stanza of "Bedelia" while ascending on the batsman. He declares that the "Bedelia" drop has it on Waddell's "loop-the-loop," and that it will be the winner among freak deliveries this year.

* * *

That the Browns may lose the services of J. Emmett Heidrick this season is admitted by Manager McAleer. When salaries were being sliced last year Emmett's stipend received an ugly gash, and while it was understood at the time that he was perfectly satisfied with the cut, it has since developed that he considers himself worth more than his contract calls for.

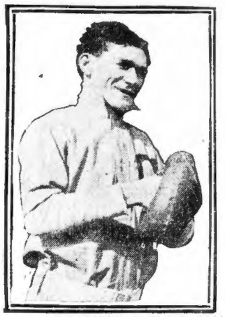
* * *

The Clevelands will not lack for bats during their training period in the South. Manager Lajoie will not take any of the large number that he has in pickle in his cellar, as he says it will not be necessary. "What's the use?" asked the manager. "Elmer Flick has asked that an extra baggage car be placed on our train to accommodate the bats that he is going to take. Elmer found recently another piece of ash timber that had been seasoning for fifty years and has had it converted into bats, sixty of which he says are so good that he will have to take them all South before he can determine which are really the best two or three. Now, with Elmer's sixty and those that the club intends to provide I don't see why I should take any of mine."

ARTHUR M'GOVERN, CHAMPS' NEW CATCHER

Arthur McGovern, the Champs' cub backstop, is a South Boston boy. That he will make good is generally expected, as he is made of the stuff which is embodied in all baseball stars.

He is only twenty-two years old. He is solidly put up, and has the outline of a strong athlete in every feature. His strength as a catcher was well brought out when he caught over fifty successive games for the Lowell team last year. Fred Lake discovered McGovern on a barnstorming trip in Maine and signed him for his Lowell team.



FRANK L. DORAN WILL CAPTAIN HARTFORD TEAM

WORCESTER, March 9.—Frank L. Doran of this city, formerly of the Worcester and Montreal Eastern League teams, is to captain the Hartford team of the Connecticut State League this season.

Doran started with the Montreal team of the Eastern League last season, but a surplus of catchers caused his release and he caught on with Hartford. He played remarkably fine ball for that club, behind the bat.

Doran has just returned from Hartford, where he has been in conference with the management. He expects a most successful season. Captain Doran is confident that the Hartford team will be in the race for the pennant from the start this year.

Doran caught for the Worcester Eastern League team three years ago, but was forced to give up playing in the middle of the season owing to an injury to his knee.

Clear the way for the Emergency Angel. Fair graduates of the first aid to the injured classes in New York have formed a volunteer corps. Illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

HALLMAN FOR HOOSIERS

Special to the Boston American.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., March 9.—Former National League star, Billy Hallman, who signed to play second base and captain the Williamsport team during the coming season, has abrogated his contract and returned all advance money tendered him, and will join the Indianapolis team. Hallman's loss would fall heavily upon the local club, but for the fact that another player of even greater reputation has virtually been secured to take his place.

F. Gray Failure

Assignee W. V. Hyde Announces a Great Sale Today, Friday and Saturday.

Men's $10.00 Suits at $2.75. Men's $12.00 Suits $3.25. Men's $15.00 Suits at $4.50. Men's $18.00 Suits at $5.50. Men's $20.00 Suits at $6.50. Men's $22.00 Suits at $7.50.

F. GRAY CO.
Great Assignee Sale,
Washington and Hanover Streets.

CHAMP GIANTS WILL PARADE

Special to the Boston American.

NEW YORK, March 9.—When on April 14 the champion Giants open the baseball season with the Boston Nationals here, one of the greatest demonstrations in baseball history will be witnessed. Secretary Fred Knowles, of the New York National League, sailed yesterday on the Savannah Line steamer City of Kansas to Savannah to confer with Captain John McGraw, and arrange details for the reception of the champion Giants and the hoisting of the championship pennant on the opening day.

A preliminary program has been mapped out by Secretary Knowles, but until it meets with the approval of Manager McGraw the full details will not be known. It is, however, proposed to have a monster parade of all the uniformed clubs in and around New York, with the Giants in the van. Invitations to hundreds of loyal rooters to ride in carriages in the parade will also be sent out.

HANLON HAS SIGNED ONLY THREE MEN

Special to the Boston American.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Manager Hanlon, of the Brooklyns, has announced that his team will journey Southward on the twentieth of this month, but as yet only three players have signed contracts, and they are all new men. It is said that the club has cut salaries all around, with the idea of reducing expenses. According to a recent statement made by Frank De Hass Robinson, the City of Churches club lost money last season, which was chiefly due to the poor showing of the team.

The war with the American League proved a hardship for the Brooklyns, as such men as Keeler, Jones, Daly, Kelly, McGuire, Donovan, Kitson and others who helped to win the National League pennant two years in succession jumped at the offers of increased pay. In their places Hanlon was compelled to secure players of doubtful calibre from the minor leagues, where he is still looking for talent.

Early in January Hanlon had fifty-four players on the Brooklyn Club's list, some secured by regular draft and others taken from minor league clubs, to be "covered up" until the drafting season was at an end. More than half of this number have been sent back to last year's employers, and with the rest in hand Hanlon will try to mould a new ball team to begin the National League race next month.

If Sheckard does not play this year Hanlon will be up a tree to find a substitute for this brilliant fielder, unless he plays Gessler in the position. Dillon, the big first baseman, will not be a member of the team, either, as he has been sold to Los Angeles. As Hugh Jennings will remain with the Baltimore team, owned by Hanlon, McGamwell, the player taken from the Albany club of the New York State League, may cover the initial sack. Emil Batch, the youngster whom Hanlon picked up in Holyoke, Mass., last year, will probably cover third base again. If he plays the bag with the same speed he showed last fall there can be no fault found with him. He is a good hitter, and Hanlon thinks he will improve as he gains experience.

Lewis, of last year's Baltimore team, may be the shortstop. He did so well with the Orioles that half a dozen major league clubs were after his services, but Hanlon had first choice and decided to hold him. Charley Babb, last year's shortstop, is also on the club's roster and may be needed. When Hanlon let Strang go he evidently made up his mind to get another second baseman. He has a crack infielder named Cargo, who played short for Albany last year, and will also get out his lines for young Jordan, who is an excellent man at second bag. Lumley, the hard-hitting right fielder, who is already a star, can be depended on again to be on deck, and Bobby Dobbs will possibly cover his old place at centre field.

In addition to a number of young pitchers who will be tried out, Hanlon has the more experienced boxmen, Jones, Poole and Cronin, with Bergen, Ritter and Jacklitsch to do the catching. Altogether it does not seem probable that the Brooklyns will excel their work of a year ago when they found it impossible to get out of the second division. The officials of the club are still deliberating as to the advisability of playing Sunday games at home. It is the opinion in some quarters that the games that were played last season at Washington Park injured the attendance during the week, but it is understood that the club officials do not look upon the matter from this point of view.

I CURE MEN

MY GUARANTEE IS, FIRST I CURE YOU—THEN YOU PAY ME. NO CHARGE FOR MEDICINES.

I never fail to cure any case I accept for treatment. For this reason I have the largest practice in Men's Diseases in Boston.

I take every case on the above condition, and I give a written, binding guarantee to cure to stay cured all diseases of men by DR. COLLINS' New and Marvellous Method. ☞Graduate of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, England, also Kings and Queens College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ireland; surgeon superintendent New Zealand government immigration; Consulting Physician Surgical and Medical Institute, Ill.; also graduate Harvard Medical University. I cure to stay cured. I Cure Varicocele in 5 Days. I Cure Blood Poison in 20 Days. I Cure Nervous Debility in 20 Days. I Cure Stricture in 8 Days. I Cure Gonorrhea in 3 Days. I Stop Emissions in 4 Days. I Stop Impure Dreams in 5 Days. I Cure Rupture in 25 Days, and all private Genito-Urinary diseases of men. No detention from business in any case. No surgery, no pain, no nasty drugs. I especially invite men to see me who have been disappointed of cure elsewhere. I never disappoint my patients. I keep all my promises. ☞Call or write and let me convince you. I have the experience and the only remedies that cure men to stay cured for life. Remember, not a dollar need be paid until I cure you.

Office Hours 9 to 9. Sundays 10 to 4. DR. COLLINS Medical Inst. 11 Berwick Park.

Near Hotel Plaza, off Columbus av., Boston, Mass. (All Columbus av. cars stop at Berwick Park.)

REDUCE SQUAD FOR HARVARD NINE TO 27 MEN

Harvard's baseball squad suffered its second cut, being reduced to twenty-seven men. The Freshman squad lost two of its worst offenders and now numbers forty-three. The battery candidates are working as at first.

ASS'N FOOTBALL:

Harvard's Association football schedule was announced as follows, all the games but the second one, with Haverford, being played on Soldiers Field:

March 18—Fort Warren.
March 25—Boys Club of New York.
April 1—Haverford.
April 15—Haverford at Philadelphia.
May 6—Columbia.

The team is now practicing regularly on Soldiers Field, except when the mud and slush make it absolutely impossible.

LACROSSE:

The annual meeting of Harvard's lacrosse candidates was held in lower Massachusetts Hall. Nearly forty men reported and listened to short speeches outlining the season's plans by Trainer MacMaster, Captain Phillips and Head Coach Sayles. It was announced that J. B. Hutchinson, an old Oxford University player, would coach the Freshman team and it was also intimated that the Crimson team might make a trip to England after class day this June.

Regular practice for the team will begin to-morrow.

TAYLOR WILL BRING SUITS

ST. LOUIS, March 9.—"General Jack" Taylor, pitcher for the Cardinals, and "Kid" Nichols, manager of the Cardinals, had a conference to-day at the Southern Hotel. Taylor, when seen after the conference, declined to give a detailed description of what had transpired, but stated that as a result of the conference the $300 fine imposed upon him for drunkenness by the National League would be paid.

Another matter discussed at the conference to-day was civil suits, which Taylor intends to bring against Garry Herrmann, of Cincinnati, president of the National Baseball Commission, and President Hart, of the Chicago National League Club. Taylor stated after the conference that he had consulted counsel and would waste no time having the suits filed.

BURKETT WILL BE IN SHAPE

WORCESTER, March 9.—Jesse Burkett who has signed with the Boston American baseball team for the coming season, will report to Manager Jimmy Collins in Washington, March 11, in the pink of condition.

Burkett will report in better condition than ever before in his career. He has done more preparatory training in the Y. M. C. A. than he has ever been known to do before.

The outfielder is several pounds lighter than he usually is at this time of the year, and expects to take off a few more pounds when he gets South.

Burkett is confident that he will play better ball than ever, despite the prediction of the St. Louis wiseacres that he is about all in.

Men Are you satisfied with your present physician? if not—Consult DR. LOUGEST The Most Reliable and Only True Specialist in Boston.

DR. LOUGEST

Cures Varicocele, Hydrocele, Rupture and Stricture without an operation, and stops unnatural discharges within three days

Lost Manhood, seminal weakness, effects of youthful indiscretions, nervous debility, pimples and blotches, hair falling out, loss of memory and energy, impotence, rheumatic pains, discharges and all private diseases quickly and permanently cured by an original and never-failing treatment. Blood poison, ulcers, stricture, varicocele and diseases of the kidneys, bladder and blood cured in the shortest possible time without the use of mercury or hindrance from business. Rupture cured without operation or detention from business.

Consultation Free

either by mail or at Dr. Lougest's office, also a free examination, if needed, with the X-Ray light. If unable to call, write for Dr. Lougest's Book, "Diseases and Weakness of Men." It is the only recognized authority upon diseases and weaknesses of men.

Hours 9 A. M. to 9 P. M., Sundays included.

Remember the number, 313 Columbus ave.

I am the only specialist in Boston who furnishes medicines free to patients.

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CURES MEN & WOMEN

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless. Non-poisonous. Prevents contagion. SOLD BY CHEMISTS, or in plain wrapper, express prepaid, on receipt of $1.00, or three bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request. Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

PRICE $1.00

Boston American WOMAN'S Home Magazine

The Sacred Codfish and Other Seafood
A Lenten Collection

"DO you know why you can't borrow your neighbor's fish kettle."

"No, Mr. Johnson, I do not know why I cannot borrow my neighbor's fish kettle."

"Because it is Lent."

Man for man, woman for woman, child for child, New England eats more fish, both in and out of the Lenten season, than any other part of the United States. And they do say that fish food makes brain matter, you know.

Does the New England housewife know how to cook fish? By the Great Sacred Cod that hangs 'neath the gilded State House dome, she surely does.

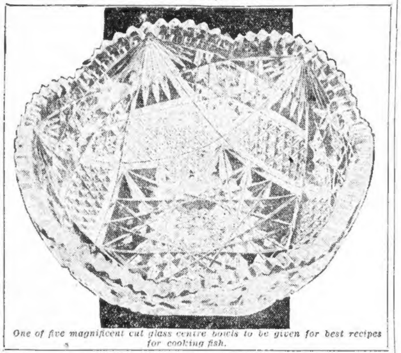
Codfish salt and codfish fresh, haddock, mackerel and porgy, salmon, trout and smelt, oyster, scallop and clam; if you really want to taste each and all of them, cooked to the point of gastronomic perfection, you stay right in little old New England, that's all.

Just think of the delicious recipes for cooking sea food carefully treasured in every home. Recipes that are heirlooms and never saw the inside of a cookbook.

Do you possess one or more of such recipes? Of course you do!

Well, just send 'em in to the Fish Food Editor of the BOSTON AMERICAN, No. 80-82 Summer street, Boston, and win a beautiful real cut glass centre bowl, eight inches wide and four high. You see it in the picture, but the picture doesn't really do it justice. For it's one of the most beautiful specimens of the glass cutter's art.

We have five of these to give away, and they'll go to the authors of the five best recipes submitted before Sunday, March 12.



One of five magnificent cut glass centre bowls to be given for best recipes for cooking fish.

A Norwegian Fish Pudding

Take a five or six pound haddock, which has been cleaned and skinned, scrape to a pulp with a knife, pound until it is smooth, add one teaspoon salt and one tablespoon of butter, continue working for ten minutes.

Transfer to a large bowl and work in with a potato masher two egg yolks blended with one cup of cream, putting it in by spoonfuls; add another cup of cream and one-half pepper spoon allspice. Beat very well, and when it is frothy put in a buttered mould and steam for three hours. If desired, the top may be browned before serving, but it should be quickly done. Serve with cream and caper sauce. It should be fine, smooth and firm as blancmange.

MRS. A. GRAY.
No. 508 Massachusetts avenue.

Potted Mackerel

Take 6 pounds of small fresh mackerel, cleanse thoroughly, remove head, tail and fins, split and take out back bone. Salt and peper each fish to taste, roll up, skin side out; have ready 2 tablespoons of whole allspice and one teaspoon of whole cloves mixed; place a layer of fish in a half-gallon stone jar, shake over a thin layer of spices, then another layer of fish and spices until jar is full; cover with fresh cider vinegar and water, equal parts; cover jar closely, so steam cannot escape, and bake in a moderate oven five hours. (Any other small fresh fish can be used if preferred.) An appetizing lunch or supper dish to be eaten cold.

MRS. WILLIAM G. WOODRUFF,
Wareham.

Creamed Codfish

Steam two pounds codfish; break in flakes, removing bones and skin. Grease a baking dish, fill with alternate layers of fish and cream sauce, chopped parsley and a few drops of vinegar; mix together one cup dry bread crumbs and three tablespoons melted butter, spread over top and brown in quick oven.

Cream Sauce—Put one tablespoon each of butter and flour in a saucepan over fire. When mixed, without browning, add one half teaspoon salt, one-quarter teaspoon white pepper, then gradually one cup hot milk; stir until thickened and simmer three minutes.

MRS. W. S. BAILEY, JR.
No. 22 Tilley ave., Newport.

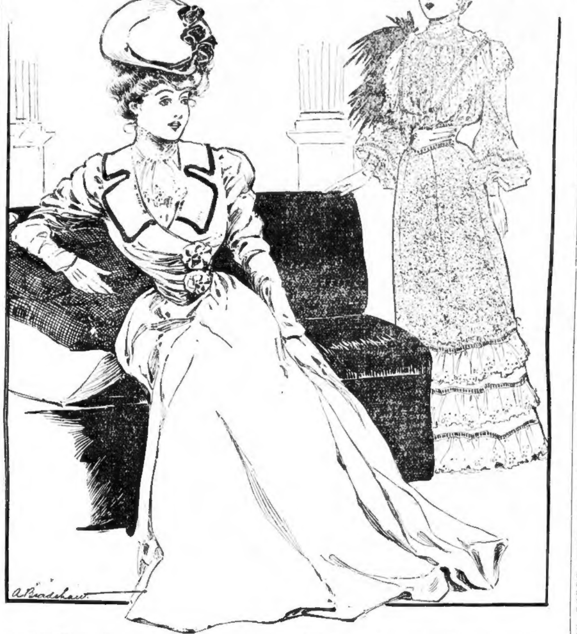
Fish Chowder

Three pounds haddock, one quart potatoes, sliced; one onion, one pint milk, three slices fat pork, six crackers. Cut the pork into dice, and fry brown; strain into the chowder kettle; use a layer of fish, then a layer of potato, a few slices of onion, salt, pepper and a shake of flour; repeat til all is used, cover with boiling water, cook gently till potatoes and onion are done; pour in one pint milk; lay crackers on top; let stand one-half hour, and serve hot.

MRS. H. B. CROSBY.
No. 225 Lexington street, East Boston.

ALSE ECONOMY IN REPAIRING OF OLD GOWNS

ome Attempts to Save Money Really Result in Extravagance Because of Ill-Considered Making Over



The right and the wrong way to spend money economically on gowns is here strikingly illustrated.

TWO young girls were waiting in the foyer of a restaurant the other day. Their circumstances in life were about equal.

At a glance a casual observer could see that one girl understood the secret of being a well-dressed woman, in spite of small means, and that the other did not. Undoubtedly she spent just as much and perhaps more on her outfit, but hers was a false idea of economy.

Her companion was smart, up-to-date, a harmony in line and color, though her costume was simple, while the badly groomed appearance of the other could be expressed only by the rather harsh term "misfit." And yet the amount spent on the two outfits was practically about equal.

Where, then, lay the fault? A little study of the two revealed the trouble.

The wise maiden had not attempted the impossible—the combination of old materials with new. This cannot be done and acquire a satisfactory result.

The other girl, in her attempt to be economical, had used old materials, still good in their way, and in these efforts to steer clear of unnecessary expenditure she had run into worse extravagance by piling on trimmings, with the hope of freshening up or concealing the old clothing.

The whole outfit lacked style, freshness and expert handiwork.

It was a pleasure to contemplate the other girl, in a simple gown of lightweight moss-green cloth, with green silk revers, bordered with a narrow band of dark brown velvet.

Her jaunty little turban of soft green horsehair displayed simply knots of rich brown velvet.

But do not think that amateur handiwork is to be decried. Far from it.

The whole secret is this: Never attempt too much. If you would trim a hat, buy one that is so shaped that a knot of ribbon, a wing or a cluster of flowers completes it.

In a gown be wary of essaying anything tailor made. Choose a style that you know you can accomplish successfully.

And one word more: Keep the "ensemble" always in mind. See to it that one article of apparel does not hopelessly clash with another.

Better to be inconspicuous and always simply gowned than to be "dashing" at the expense of good taste.

By Ella Wheeler Wilcox

Small Acts of Life Which Are Petty Larceny In That They Steal Happiness from the Home

Copyright, 1905, by American-Journal-Examiner.

SECONDS make minutes, minutes make hours, hours make days, and so on, until time melts into eternity. Just so the small acts of life compose it in its entirety, and make happiness or unhappiness.

We all deplore the degeneracy of great criminals, and many of us wonder how they could so mistake the road to happiness or so destroy the happiness of their victims.

The majority of us are not criminals, and we are not tempted to break the laws of God or the land; yet many of us are destroying comfort for ourselves and others by a score of petty faults and habits which might be avoided if we would realize how destructive to happiness they are.

A woman who has all her life believed herself devoutly religious has ruined the dispositions of her children and spoiled the life of her husband by continual nagging.

The man was temperate and clean in his life, but he loved an occasional cigar. If his wife detected the odor about him it served for a week's text of sermons. All his many shining virtues were forgotten in this one offence against the wishes of a petty tyrant, who would sulk or scold until the house was made detestable.

If a son or daughter left a hat or glove or book or newspaper misplaced a wearisome harangue and a martyr face resulted. This woman was continually guilty of petty larceny.

Again I have known a woman to spoil a home by insane jealousy of relatives, and even a pleasant word spoken to a faithful maid or a compliment paid to a guest brought sulks or tears and recriminations.

Sisters and brothers indulge in irritable and disagreeable remarks, which are rifts in the lute of domestic happiness, and weeks, months and years go by in many a family with scarcely a day of real happiness because the members use no control over their moods, but allow every weak impulse to govern them.

I have known a woman to dwell upon the thought that she was out of her sphere of life until she became morbid. In the beginning she did indeed seem superior intellectually to her associates, but as the years passed the woman's one pleasure was derived from having her misfortunes remarked.

Her mental misplacement served as an excuse for her uncontrolled temper, for her despondency, which destroyed the happiness of her children, and for her severe criticisms of others, which often turned would-be friends into enemies.

It never occurred to the woman that she was making her own destiny more cheerless day by day, or that she was spoiling the memories of home for her children.

Her thoughts were so centred upon herself and her own disappointments that all other considerations were lost.

She worked hard and performed distasteful duties successfully, but even when her surroundings changed to those which she had always desired the discordant and rebellious atmosphere which she had created for herself went with her, and made happiness impossible for her or her associates.

While you are thanking God that you are not a criminal, stop and give yourself a little careful introspection, and see whether you are destroying peace and happiness for yourself or others by petty crimes against daily comfort. No matter what great, good plans you may have in mind for the bettering of the world and the helping of the human family, you are not living a good Christian life unless you are doing all in your power to make to-day a happy period for those nearest you.

There is such a crime as the petty larceny of the happiness of others. And there are more criminals of that class than of all others.

No amount of self-sacrifice for your family, no amount of money and advantages spent upon your children, no millions accumulated can make you a good husband, wife or parent if you belong to the petty purloiners of domestic peace.

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

How to Take Proper Care of Your Teeth

THE greatest suffering for the least sympathy. See if that doesn't fit toothache about ninety-nine times out of a hundred.

The sufferer tells you it is digging, shooting, boring, cutting, throbbing, jumping, thumping, tearing, gnawing, pulling, and his stock of adjectives is exhausted—but the ache keeps on.

Where does it come from, and what can be done to relieve it?

The pulp, or nerve, as it is commonly called, is the central part of the tooth and consists of arteries, veins, nerve fibres, and no doubt lymphatics. All these are held together by delicate connective tissue.

It is, in fact, the uncalcified original tooth germ, and corresponds to the general shape of the tooth.

The foramen is the opening in the end of the root through which the nerve enters.

The function of the pulp is to supply nourishment to the tooth, but when from any cause it becomes irritated and inflamed the hard walls in which it is encased do not give, and pain results.

Now this irritation may come from the outside, as when decay or fracture makes an opening; or it may come from the inside, as when pulp stones form in the body of the pulp.

Again, such irritation may be caused by too close proximity of a metal filling, or from wearing the tooth down with mastication or with clasps which retain artificial teeth.

As long as an actual exposure exists relief can be secured by carefully removing food and other debris with warm water, then drying the cavity well and applying a mixture of oil of cloves, wood creosote, equal parts, and acetate of morphia in the proportion of five grains to the drachm.

Care should be taken to prevent this from contact with the lips or other soft parts, as a bad burn would result.

Should this happen, however, a little sweet oil will stop its action.

Drying the cavity is best accomplished with absorbent cotton wrapped around a toothpick, and the medicine should be administered on a pellet of cotton the size of the cavity.

Great care must be exercised not to cause any pressure, either in drying or in putting the medicine in.

Pain arising from the inside, as from pulp-stones, cannot be stopped by local applications. In that case the pulp must be destroyed and removed.

The remedy in the other cases named can only be applied by the dentist.

It should be borne in mind that a pulp which is exposed, or nearly so, and has ached, will ache again, and for permanent relief the only efficient plan is to secure the services of a dentist.

Destroying the pulp is no longer the painful operation that it was; the use of cocaine in conjunction with arsenic or cocaine with carbolic acid makes it practically painless.

Another form of pain in connection with the teeth is that occasioned by the inflammation of the membrane which covers the root and lines the tooth socket.

This membrane, technically known as the pericementum, unites the tooth with the socket, conveys nourishment to the root and socket and acts as a cushion or pad to deaden violent impacts as from blows or the foolish habit of cracking nuts with the teeth.

This trouble usually commences with a scarcely noticeable uneasiness in the tooth, but soon passes into a dull, heavy, throbbing pain.

The swelling of the membrane lifts the tooth out of its socket, thus making mastication almost impossible. If the cause can be gotten at at this stage and its removal effected no abcess will result.

In addition to removing the cause the gum over the seat of the trouble should be painted with equal parts tincture iodine and aconite, the feet should be placed in hot water, to which several tablespoonsful of mustard have been added, and a laxative administered.

A sedative is always in order. Should treatment, however, be delayed, and the inflammation resolve itself into pus, then the quicker it is brought to a head and voided the better for the victim.

This opening when formed in the gum, as it usually is, is called a gum boil. After the discharge of the pus the pain subsides and the swelling gradually disappears.

But this does not effect a cure. Unfortunately this pointing does not always go in the right direction, and some distressing disfigurements very often result.

Plastic surgery can, of course, remove all trace of a scar, but it is safe to say that a person who has to defer treatment of an abscessed tooth till a scar results is usually without the means to employ [illegible] surgeon.

This naturally prompts the query, why is it that in a land where millions of dollars are spent each year, some wisely and some otherwise, not a dollar should be available to open real dental dispensaries where the needy could have intelligent care?

Why does not the city appoint [illegible] to look after the teeth of school children?

It took the national government a long while to wake up to the necessity of appointing dentists to the army and navy. The duty of the city toward the children is even plainer.

SCARLET LIES

By X and Z, Authors of Married to Mystery

SYNOPSIS.

Stephen Holland, renowned for his record of unblemished honor, visits the Commonwealth avenue residence of Robert Armstrong, who has amassed a colossal fortune as a soap manufacturer. He finds the millionaire's only daughter, Mary, in the drawing room, and before his brief visit concludes becomes her accepted lover.

In the Somerset Club on Beacon street Stephen Holland announces his engagement. The healths of the prospective bride and bridegroom are toasted enthusiastically by all excepting Morley Darch, a Jewish financier. But in the "hour of his triumph" a telegram is handed to Holland, who hurriedly leaves for Holland Holme by special train, having learned that his father—Judge Joseph Holland—has met with a serious accident.

Stephen Holland reaches home in time to see Judge Holland alive. Judge Holland, with his last breaths, binds Stephen to carry out his wishes, as revealed in a document, which is in a safe, of which he hands over his key. Holland learns from the document that he is only the adopted son of the Judge, and that he has bound himself by a sacred oath to do his utmost to trace the Judge's wife and her son, the rightful heir.

CHAPTER VI.—Continued.

HIS father was dead. At first that was his one paramount thought. Apart from the cruel shock of the bereavement, the irreparable loss in companionship and love that it meant to him, there was the terrible mystery of the manner of his death.

Shot down suddenly in the darkness, in his own house, at his own table, and by an assassin who might have faded into thin air for all the trace that he had left behind him. The world was without a shadow of explanation, the police were without the shadow of a clew. It was a death as terrible as it was sudden, as cruel as it was vividly dramatic.

To Stephen it seemed a hideous and monstrous injustice. His father, the kindest, best, most generous man in his private life, the most upright in his public capacity, cut down in his prime, in the full maturity of his intellect, in the very height of his splendid career; his father who had been universally loved and respected, who had not a single enemy in the world.

But stay! Was it possible to say of a judge that he had no enemy, even though he were the very soul of honor and uprightness, the very essence of impartiality, the very pattern of incorruptible integrity? Could a man deal out justice and yet make no enemies among those whom it was his duty to punish for their evil deeds?

Might it not be by the hand of one of these that his father had fallen? Some depraved and degraded creature whom he had once sent to a well-deserved punishment, whose existence he had forgotten, but who had not forgotten him, and had come back when he regained his freedom, and watched and bided his time and slain?

The thought was horrible in its suggestion of relentless hatred and revenge dogging the footsteps of the men who are raised to high places to deal out justice with an impartial hand. But it took such hold of Stephen that he determined on the first opportunity to mention it to the police.

But it was not these thoughts that possessed him, as he restlessly paced the long, formal paths of the Italian garden, early in the morning of the day after the funeral.

His brain had cleared a little; the first stupor of grief had passed, and he now faced the position in all its naked and devastating truth.

The strange and cruel story contained in that document, of which his father on his death-bed had told him the secret hiding place, was vividly impressed on his mind.

He was a fraud. The new master of Holland Holme was an impostor; there was not in his veins one drop of the Holland blood. He, who had called himself Stephen Holland, was in reality a waif, a foundling, a child whom none wanted, and whose antecedents were buried in obscurity.

And he had pledged himself to find the real heir, the true-born son of the great, dead judge, and of the woman whom he had married in his youth and suspected of wrongdoing, and who had fled from him, taking her child with her, and whom he had never seen or sought to see from that moment to the day of his death.

In the stormy days before the funeral, during the brief inquest and the endless consultations with the family lawyer, Stephen had had no time to think of these things. Only once, when the junior partner in the old-established firm of lawyers had mentioned to him the fact that the late Judge Holland's will could not be found, the memory of that fatal document had forced itself upon him, and a smile of deathly bitterness had crossed his face.

"It is a strange thing that Judge Holland left no will," Mr. Blenheim had said. "For a man of such methodical habits, almost incredible. But we may come across it yet. Anyhow, it makes little difference, Mr. Holland. Almost everything in the natural course of things comes to you, and your father knew well enough that you would provide for his faithful servants, and for any other who were dependent on him. His faith in you was touching. A will would only have confirmed your splendid inheritance. Still, I am astonished."

But Stephen had understood well enough. Of what use would have been a will to confirm an inheritance that he stood pledged by his word to the dead man to deprive himself of and to hand over to another?

And now the time had come. The man he had looked upon as his father, and whom he could not have loved and honored more had the tie of blood bound them, was dead and buried. There remained nothing for him but to fulfil his promise.

He must set about quietly and discreetly to discover the whereabouts of the dead man's long-lost wife and son. It might be a long and weary task, for the clews to them were slight and tangled, and little seemed to be known, save that they had taken the by no means uncommon name of Lang. For more than twenty years Judge Holland had heard nothing whatever of them. It would be for Stephen to take up the thread of their lives five and twenty years ago. They might be dead. In that case he had the dead man's authority to say nothing, and live out his life as Stephen Holland, millionaire.

So implicitly had the man he called father trusted him.

But he had little hope that they would be dead. It was almost certain that the son would be alive, even if the mother had succumbed to hardship and her burden of sorrow and shame.

In the midst of these melancholy musings a sound fell on his ear, the swishing sound of a woman's gown sweeping the ground.

Stephen turned and saw Judith Mort advancing towards him. Her slow, dragging walk, the gravity of her white face, and her black gown, brought him back more keenly than ever to the consciousness of his loss.

She was surprisingly beautiful, but he had no eyes for beauty now. Black suited her to perfection, the soft folds clung gracefully to her tall, splendid figure. She gave an impression of glowing color, despite the chalky whiteness of her face. Her head was uncovered, and her magnificent black hair took on lights of a mysterious steely blue in the sunshine; with her vivid, scarlet lips and her great eyes, that were the color of a deep, purple sea, it made a bewildering combination.

She was a woman of twenty-six, but she looked a trifle older. Stephen had known her more or less ever since he could remember. She was the daughter of a very close friend of his father's youth. Orphaned as a child, the late Judge Holland had, up to her majority, had the control of her small fortune and the guardianship of her person, and she had always spent her holidays with him.

When she came of age, she travelled for some years, having thrown in her lot with a Mrs. Vickers, a widow. It was given out that the two ladies shared expenses, and merely lived together for companionship; but most people believed that Judith Mort really bore a great deal more than her share of the expenses in return for the chaperonage of Mrs. Vickers, for it was quite certain that, with her striking appearance, she could never have lived the independent life that pleased her without adequate and conventional companionship.

Stephen had noticed that for some months before her father's death the old man seemed to take more and more pleasure in the companionship of Judith, of whom he had always been very fond. She had been paying a prolonged visit at Holland Holme with Mrs. Vickers. She had read to Judge Holland in the evenings, and accompanied him in his walks and drives. Next to his son, she seemed to feel her old friend's death more than any one else.

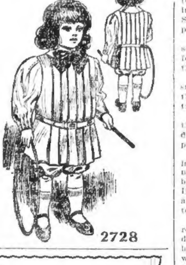
Now she approached him with outstretched hands, and her wonderful eyes were suffused with tears, so that they looked like violets under water.

"Oh, Stephen!" she said, as they clasped hands. She had a beautiful, deep voice, and it trembled with emotion. "Stephen, how lonely the place seems without him!"

TO BE CONTINUED.

Hearst's Boston American Pattern

A Box-Plaited Suit for a Tiny Man



No. 2,728—The Russian suit, be it plain, tucked or plaited, is an ideal garment for the mankin who has just emerged from the chrysalis state of lingerie dresses. The trousers foster his sense of dignity and gratify his budding manhood, which even at this tender age is beginning to sprout and assert itself. This mode is comfortable, practical and becoming, and long may it keep its hold on the world of fashion. Our model, of cheviot serge, has three box plaits front and back; the fulness at top of sleeve is laid in a box plait, while the bottom is disposed of in two forward-turning and two backward-turning tucks, forming what may be called a stitched double box plait. The belt may be of the same material as the suit, or of leather. A white linen "Buster Brown" collar with colored, plaid or black Windsor tie completes this natty costume. The quantity of material required for the medium size is 1⅝ yards 44 inches wide.

Pattern No. 2,728 is cut in three sizes, from 2 to 6 years.

Send 10 cents to obtain this pattern, postpaid, and the size, name and address to HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN PATTERN DEPT., P. O. Box 230, Boston, Mass.

No. 2,728.

SIZE..........

NAME..........

ADDRESS..........

A Non-Acid Dentifrice.

Every dentist will tell you that a very large percentage of tooth decay is due to the use of injurious dentifrices. Acid is the deadliest enemy of the teeth—gradually eating its way through the enamel, it attacks the dentine and the tooth is destroyed. To avoid this is simple enough. Select a universally recognized standard dentifrice; one well known and well liked by the people of every nationality of the globe; one that has stood the test of public inspection for sixty odd years, and finally one that has never failed to meet all the requirements of a dentifrice. There is positively but one such;

IT IS SOZODONT.

You cannot afford to use any other. Do not be ill advised. Ask for it. Get it.

We will send free of charge our books—THE CARE OF THE TEETH, by G. F. J. Colburn, D. D. S., and ALICE REVISITS WONDERLAND, an interesting Sozodont story.

HALL & RUCKEL, New York City.

80 CANVASES AT MONET EXHIBIT IN COPLEY HALL

Society Event Beginning Next Tuesday Favored by Pictures From Wealthy Patrons.

POST-LENTEN WEDDING

Eighty canvases have been procured for the Claude Monet exhibition, given by the Copley Society in Copley Hall, beginning Tuesday afternoon, March 14. The usual smart tea will be given then to formally open the exhibit. Besides being a society event, the exhibition will be one of the most important Monet exhibitions ever held in America. The success of the affair, and it is already conceded to be a success, will be due to the efforts of Holker Abbott and Desmond Fitzgerald, who are members of the committee that secured the pictures. Among the contributors will be James F. Sutton, of New York, Frank Thompson, of Philadelphia, Mrs. Potter Palmer, of Chicago, Mrs. John Nicholas Brown, of Providence, Theodore N. Davis, of Newport, and Henry Howe and Denman W. Ross, of Boston. The exhibition will be open for three weeks.

* * *

The William J. Winches, of Commonwealth avenue, have forsaken the city, and are spending a fortnight at their country home at Windsor, Vt. They plan to open their home there at the first suggestion of Spring, and their visit at this time of the year is to make arrangements for the opening. Several members of the Kennedy family are also in Windsor, and are occupying their estate nearby. Miss Alice Kennedy, who is one of the best known of the local society girls, left the Vermont home yesterday for a three weeks' visit in New York. She will return in time to be present at the Vincent Club theatricals.

* * *

Miss Annie Lyman of Walnut street and Newport is spending the week in New York as the guest of Miss Marguerite Pierson, and is being much entertained. Miss Lyman is one of the leading members of the Boston set at Newport, and in the Summer her home is the scene of some very smart affairs. Miss Pierson, whom she is visiting, is the daughter of General and Mrs. J. Fred Pierson of West Fifty-second street.

* * *

Colonel and Mrs. James A. Frye leave to-morrow to spend the week end at their Summer home at Keene, N. H. Owing to the Fryes being in mourning they have not taken part in society affairs this Winter, but as their period of mourning will be over by next Fall it is expected that they will resume their place in the local set at that time. The Fryes' Summer home at Keene is one of the prettiest of the places there and they entertain some smart week-end parties during the Summer.

* * *

Miss Hetty Sargent is being much missed in Vincent Club circles, for her recent departure for California with her grandfather, T. Jefferson Coolidge, prevents her taking part in the coming theatricals that the club is busy rehearsing for. In former years she has taken a leading part. Miss Sargent will remain away until the middle of April and will return to witness the Vincent production.

* * *

In connection with the engagement of Miss Margaret Nichols and Arthur Shurtleff, the announcement of which was made last week, comes the news that the wedding will take place shortly after Easter and promises to be one of the smart early Spring nuptials. Miss Nichols is a popular member of the Boston set and is exceptionally well known and liked. She is the daughter of Dr. Arthur Nichols of Mt. Vernon street and is a tennis player of much note. Mr. Shurtleff is an instructor at Harvard.

* * *

Miss Margaret Jackson of Dorchester is visiting in Atlanta, Georgia, where she is to remain for a month. She is being pleasantly entertained by her uncle, the Rev. Oliver N. Jackson.

* * *

Mrs. Curtis Guild and her sisters, Mrs. John Lavelle and Miss Mary Johnson, leave to-day for Atlantic City for their annual visit. The party plans to remain away for the remainder of the month and will return to Boston about the middle of April.

☛ **A thoughtful and instructive lesson to mothers on the art of beginning to cultivate the beauty of a child in its babyhood is a feature of next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.**

LEGISLATURE HARD ON 'RUM'

"The present Legislature is the 'toughest' ever appealed to by liquor dealers for favorable legislation," said Edward F. Hollis, legal counsel and clerk of the Wine and Spirit Dealers' Association of Massachusetts at the annual meeting held at the American House.

"We may count ourselves lucky on having been able to prevent new legislation which would prove still more unfavorable and restrictive to the trade," continued Mr. Hollis," as the present Legislature is an ideal body for the total abstinence advocates, and is almost unanimous in its opposition to so-called 'rum legislation.'"

BRAVE MEN

We all admire, but the man or woman who will submit to pain needlessly is worse than a coward. When you suffer pain in having your teeth extracted you suffer needlessly. We extract teeth, fill teeth and crown teeth without the least pain. There is no reason why you should suffer at the hands of unskilled operators when we give you such opportunities for painless work at such moderate prices.

☞We guarantee a perfect fit or no pay.

FULL SET TEETH..............$5.00
GOLD FILLINGS...............$1.00
SILVER FILLINGS.............50c
GOLD CROWNS.................$5.00

We will carefully examine your teeth and tell you in advance exactly what your work will cost, free of charge.

NO CHARGE for painless extracting when teeth are ordered, and a written guarantee for 20 years with all work.
Hours: 8 A. M. to 8:30 P. M.; Sundays, 10 to 4.

COLEMAN DENTAL PARLORS,
633 Washington St., Boston.
Opposite Essex St. Ladies' Attendant.
Telephone 1454-8 Oxford.

RICH SUITOR BUYS BOSTON BRIDE; SHE WILL NOT WED

GIRL WHO WILL NOT WED RICH SUITOR.

Imbued with the spirit of free America, with the courage to follow her own mind, pretty nineteen-year-old Christian Harley, the belle of the Syrian colony in Boston, whose home is at No. 24 Oxford street, has upset the Oriental custom of dowry marriages and has refused to wed the man her mother and older sister had selected for her.

At the last moment, while on the way to New Brunswick to marry Lees Afash, a wealthy Syrian merchant in New Castle, the fair Christian balked and despite the entreaties of her irate mother and sister she denounced the man she was to wed. She will have none of him she says for she does not love him.

Afash, who is forty years old, came to Boston several days ago in quest of a wife. His pockets bulged out with greenbacks, the fruit of a lucrative business in the Provinces, and he was ready to pay well for his bride. That is the custom in Syria. He lavished presents on pretty Christian in order to get her to plight her troth with him. He gave her mother $500, the sister, Faridie, $200, and compelled Christian to accept as her dowry money $1,000.

NEWS OF THE THEATRES

E. S. Willard presented "David Garrick" last night at the Tremont. The audience was large, and Mr. Willard's portrayal received a great deal of applause.

Mr. Willard's impersonation of Garrick is familiar here and requires no extended comment. It is a role which reveals to the full the delicate quality of his art, his intense sympathy in the rendering of tender emotion, and the charm and grace he can give to a character. Mr. Willard comes very near to being a great actor, and in certain respects he has no superior on the stage to-day. There is no one who gives more the impression of acting from the heart, while at the time he acts with the most artistic finish.

Boston theatregoers are fortunate in having had the opportunity of seeing in this role, within the space of a few days, two of the foremost actors on the English stage.

Mr. Willard's company gave him excellent support, Miss Lonnon's Ada Ingot being very commendable. A charming comedietta, "A Silent Woman," was given as a curtain raiser.

"The Professor's Love Story" will be given this evening, to-morrow night and Saturday afternoon. "Tom Pinch" will be the bill Saturday night. Next week will come the Cadet theatricals, and that "Goodie & Co." will be given to crowded houses is a foregone conclusion. A week from Monday "The Cingalee" will be seen for the first time in Boston.

Boston Theatre.

This is the day of the "Parsifal" matinee at the Boston. "Die Fledermaus" will be given to-night, "La Gioconda" on Friday night, "Les Huguenots" at the Saturday matinee and "Die Meistersinger" Saturday night. Next Monday Chauncey Olcott will be the Boston's attraction, appearing in "The Romance of Athlone." This actor and sweet singer is immensely popular here and a succession of crowded houses is looked for. Arthur Pryor and his band will give a concert at the Boston Sunday night.

Majestic Theatre.

"Piff, Paff, Pouf" has struck a fast gait again at the Majestic Theatre and is crowding the house at every performance. It is one of the merriest and liveliest musical comedy productions that has ever been seen here and is full of fun and good music. Fred Mace has made a big hit in Eddie Foy's old part, and the Pony Ballet is as madly effervescent as ever. Next week Alice Fischer will be succeeded by Sadie Martinot as the widow. "The Filibuster" will be the next attraction.

Colonial Theatre.

Eleanor Robson has made a charming impression in "Merely Mary Ann" at the Colonial Theatre. The play is a very pretty and enjoyable one. It furnishes Miss Robson with opportunities to do some very delightful acting, and she is supported by a company whose work is almost flawless. "Merely Mary Ann" will be followed at the Colonial a week from Monday by "Humpty Dumpty," which is said to be the most gorgeous spectacle the stage has ever seen.

Keith's Theatre.

A series of panoramic motion pictures of the inauguration ceremonies at Washington that did not arrive in time for the Monday show now form a prominent feature of the entertainment at Keith's Theatre. There are nearly 9,000 separate photographs in the film, and President Roosevelt is shown at three different points under the escort of the Rough Riders. The bill at Keith's this week is a very enjoyable one.

Empire Theatre.

Comedy dominates this week's vaudeville show at the Empire Theatre, with a substantial leaven of dancing turns and up-to-date specialties. Katie Rooney and her eight Yankee Doodle girls, the Ten Ichi troupe of Japanese wonder workers, Lawrence and Harrington, Smith and Fuller and many other first-class acts make up an entertainment which is pleasing a series of large audiences.

Globe Theatre.

That old favorite, "In Old Kentucky," does not seem to have lost any of its charm for theatregoers, if the big attendance at the Globe counts for anything. It is a stirring play, and is full of fun as well. Next week Eugenie Blair, who has been appearing for several seasons in "Zaza" and "Iris," will come to the Globe in a revival of "Sapho."

Hollis Street Theatre.

Only four chances are left to see Lillian Russell in "Lady Teazle" at the Hollis Street, as the last performance will be given Saturday night. Miss Russell has scored a success in this musical version of Sheridan's comedy, which furnishes an excuse for some of the most beautiful stage pictures imaginable. Maxine Elliott will come to the Hollis on Monday, appearing in Clyde Fitch's comedy, "Her Own Way."

Park Theatre.

This is the last week of Cecilia Loftus in "The Serio-Comic Governess" at the Park Theatre. Miss Loftus gives a very clever performance in the title role, and in one of the scenes she gives a number of her famous imitations. Her company is an admirable one and an enjoyable presentation is given of Zangwill's comedy. Next week Charles Hawtrey comes to the Park in "A Message From Mars."

Grand Opera House.

Lottie Williams, in "Only a Shop Girl," is winning popularity at the Grand Opera House this week. The play is a pleasing one, and Miss Williams is excellently supported. Next week's attraction will be the successful play of Southern life, "At the Old Cross Roads."

Howard Athenaeum.

The bill at the Howard this week is giving great satisfaction to the patrons of this house and is filling it at every performance. It is a good show and is replete with taking vaudeville acts. Dolan and Lenharr are immensely funny in their farce, Irving Jones is making a hit, and LaValle and Grant are doing a remarkable athletic act, while there are many other strong features.

Castle Square Theatre.

The stock company at the Castle Square Theatre is giving an entertaining performance of "The Magistrate" this week. Next Monday the famous Boucicault play, "The Colleen Bawn," will be given a revival.

Bowdoin Square Theatre.

"A Working Girl's Wrongs" is pleasing the patrons of the Bowdoin Square Theatre this week. It will be given for the last time Saturday night, and "Shandon Bells" is announced for next week.

Columbia Music Hall.

The Black Crook, Jr., Burlesquers are making one of the hits of the season at the Columbia. The burlesquers are entertaining and the olio is attractive.

Lyceum Theatre.

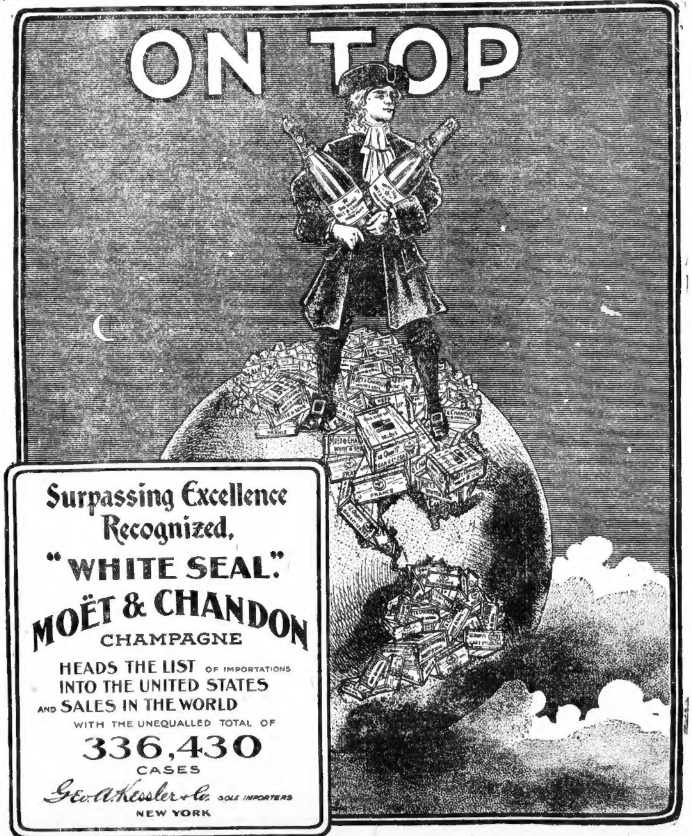
The City Sports Show is packing the Lyceum Theatre right along. The company is one of the best of its kind on the road, and a very attractive entertainment is given.

Palace Theatre.

The Thoroughbred Burlesquers are scoring heavily at the Palace Theatre this week. They are winning a lot of applause, and give a good show.

Austin & Stone's Museum.

"A Dream of the Orient," now in full swing at Austin & Stone's Museum, introduces as the stellar attraction the beautiful Moorish odalisque, La Belle Rosa, and her troupe of Egyptian dancing girls. The first in Colonel A. B. White's series of one-act comedies, with a complete cast of characters and independent stage settings, is meeting with great success.



Surpassing Excellence Recognized,
"WHITE SEAL."
MOËT & CHANDON
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HEADS THE LIST OF IMPORTATIONS
INTO THE UNITED STATES
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WITH THE UNEQUALLED TOTAL OF
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CASES
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NEW YORK

WELL-KNOWN MAINE LAWYER IS DEAD

BIDDEFORD, March 9, 1905.—John M. Goodwin, the oldest member of the York County bar, died here, aged eighty-two years. He was born in East Baldwin, and was graduated from Bowdoin College. He was a former member of the Maine Legislature, and had been Democratic candidate for United States senator.

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL

Few People Know How Useful it is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal, says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat; I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

AMUSEMENTS.

Albert Chevalier
The Great English Character Comedian, is in His Last Week at Keith's, surrounded by as Strong a Bill as Last Week:
Jiu Jitsu — Sidney Grant
Maddox and Prouty — Misses Delmore
Kelly and Reno — Mr. and Mrs. Crane
Pony Don — Russell and Tillyne
National Trio — Theo. Morse Trio
Carl Herbert — Dollar Troupe
Biograph Pictures, showing President Roosevelt in the inauguration parade, and Gov. Douglas and staff leaving the State House.
Next Week—The Mysterious Zancigs.

EMPIRE THEATRE
FORMERLY BOSTON MUSIC HALL
Twice Daily. Every Seat Reserved.
Doors Open 1 and 7 P. M.
Watch the Thumb-Tying Trick.
The TEN ICHI TROUPE
Japanese Wonder Workers.
ALL STAR VAUDEVILLE

HOLLIS ST. THEATRE
Isaac B. Rich.........Proprietor and Manager
LAST WEEK.
Eve'gs at 8. Farewell Matinee Saturday at 2.
S. S. Shubert Amusement Co., Incp., Presents
LILLIAN RUSSELL
In the New York Casino Comic Opera Success,
LADY TEAZLE
100—ONE HUNDRED PEOPLE—100
Including the Famous Chorus of
60—BEAUTIFUL CASINO GIRLS—60
Next Week—MAXINE ELLIOTT in "Her Own Way."

COLONIAL THEATRE
Chas. Frohman, Rich & Harris, Lessees & Mgrs.
TO-NIGHT AT 8
Direct from Ten Months' Success in London and New York.
ELEANOR ROBSON
(LIEBLER & CO., Managers.)
as MERELY MARY ANN
in a Comedy by I. ZANGWILL.
Supported by FRANK MILLS.
MATINEES WED. AND SAT. AT 2.

TREMONT THEATRE
LAST WEEK OF MR. E. S.
WILLARD
TO-NIGHT, Friday Eve. and Saturday Matinee,
The Professor's Love Story.
By J. M. BARRIE.
Saturday Evening—TOM PINCH.

PALACE
THOROUGHBRED BURLESQUERS
GRAND SMOKING CONCERTS
Prices—10—20—25.
Telephone 2150 Haymarket.

COLUMBIA
Tel. 90 Trem. Smoking.
Black Crook, Jr., Burlesquers.
Daily Mats. 25c. Eve'gs 10 to 50c.

HOWARD TODAY 1 till 11 P. M.
Dolan and Lenharr, Bellman and Moore, Irving Jones, La Velle and Grant, Lew Wells, Carter and Bluford, Sutton and Sutton, and other varietyists. Our aggregation of attracters in the new burletta, "All the Money." New verses for "Mary Wise" and "Susie Smithers."

AMUSEMENTS.

AUTOMOBILE
—AND—
POWER BOAT
SHOW
MECHANICS HALL
March 11-18
Opens Saturday, March 11, 7:30 P. M.
Other Days, 10 A. M. to 11 P. M.
The largest show of its kind ever held in America.
325—EXHIBITORS—325
Cafe in the Building Will Be Open Throughout the Show

BOSTON THEATRE
Lawrence McCarty.........Lessee & Manager
GRAND OPERA
Director, Heinrich Conried
THIS MORNING AT 11:30
Wagner's Opera
PARSIFAL
Mme. Fremstad, MM. Burgstaller, Van Rooy, Blass, Goritz, Muhlmann; Conductor, Hertz.
NOTE—Act 1. will end at 1:15 p. m. There will be an intermission until 2:30.
TO-NIGHT, March 9, at 8
Johann Strauss's Comic Opera
DIE FLEDERMAUS
Mmes. Sembrich, Weed, Alten, MM. Dippel, Reiss, Goritz, Greder, Bayer, Muhlmann, Conductor, Franko.
Friday Eve., Mar. 10............La Gioconda
Sat. Mat., Mar. 11............Les Huguenots
Sat. Eve., Mar. 11............Die Meistersinger
PRICES:
PARSIFAL $10, $7, $5, $3.50, $2
OTHER OPERAS $5, $3, $2, $1
Weber Pianos Used.
NEXT WEEK CHAUNCEY OLCOTT
SUNDAY EVENING, MARCH 12
ARTHUR PRYOR, HIS BAND AND SOLOISTS
Miss Cecilia Niles, Soprano; Miss Dorothy Hoyle, Violinist; Mr. Walter Rogers, Cornet; Mr. Simone Mantia, Euphonium, and ARTHUR PRYOR, Trombone. SPECIAL Musical Event.
Prices, 25-35-50-75-$1.00.

MAJESTIC
TRY THE LAUGH CURE
PIFF
PAFF
POUF
NOTHING LIKE IT

THE SYMPHONY HALL
Automobile Show
WILL OPEN
MONDAY, MARCH 13
8 P. M.

PARK THEATRE
Chas. Frohman, Rich & Harris, Lessees & Mgrs.
LAST 3 NIGHTS (Curtain Up) 8
CECILIA LOFTUS
In ISRAEL ZANGWILL'S Comedy,
The Serio-Comic Governess
Last Mat. Sat. at 2.
PRICES: 1.50, 1.00, 75, 50, 25.
NEXT WEEK CHARLES HAWTREY in A MESSAGE FROM MARS

AUSTIN & STONE'S MUSEUM

Scollay Sq. Admission 10c.
LA BELLE ROSA
Famous Whirlwind Dancer.
Other Attractions in the Curio Hall.
GREAT STAGE SHOWS
by two different companies, alternately, nearly every hour, from 10 to 10.

GLOBE EVENINGS 25-50-75-1.00
POP. MAT. SAT. 25-50-75
The most popular American play ever written,
IN OLD KENTUCKY Bigger, Brighter, Better Than Ever
50 Comical Pickaninnies, 6 Thoroughbred Kentucky Racers, Pickaninny Band.
Next Week—Eugenie Blair in Sapho.
Every Sunday Night—25c, 50c Concert.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Evenings at 8
MATINEE TO-DAY
Lottie Williams Reception
Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat. at 2
Chas. E. Blaney presents
LOTTIE WILLIAMS
in Only A Shop Girl
(The Girl with the Wink.)
Ev'gs 20c, 30c, 50c, 75c. Mats. 20c, 30c, 50c.
Next Week—"At the Old Cross Roads."

CASTLE SQ. THEATRE
Daily—2 and 8 P. M.
Prices 15, 25, 35, 50, 75
The Magistrate
Pinero's Great Comedy.
Next Week—THE COLLEEN BAWN.

BOWDOIN SQUARE THEATRE
Every Afternoon at 2. Every Evening at 8.
A WORKING GIRL'S WRONGS
Any Seat in the House 25c.
NEXT WEEK—"Shandon Bells."

EDITORIAL PAGE OF HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN THURSDAY, MARCH 9

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, MARCH 9, 1905.

Mr. Roosevelt and the Social Democrats

Since He Thinks They Are an Actual Menace, the Public Ought Surely to Know JUST WHAT THEY ARE

Mr. Jackson Tinker, Washington correspondent of the Republican New York Press, gives, in Public Opinion, a very interesting statement concerning Mr. Roosevelt. Mr. Roosevelt is represented as telling the railroad presidents that unless they would consent to some moderate control of their freight rates and other exercises of privilege through the Republican party the alternative would be government ownership and various plutocratic disasters, through the party of the Social Democrats.

We quote the exact words of the writer:

"Then he (Mr. Roosevelt) summoned some of the railroad presidents again, and told them frankly that he was convinced that they were standing in the way of their own best interests by not being willing to accept moderate regulation of railroads by Federal authority. 'Gentlemen,' he said, 'you are only inviting still more radical action—government ownership.' One of his visitors was shocked when the President, turning upon him in his abrupt manner, exclaimed: 'The Republican party will not go up against any more "stuffed clubs" in a good while. The Democratic party will not try that game again in this generation.'

"'What then?' gasped his visitor.

"'Social Democracy,' came the astounding rejoinder. 'That will be their next move, unless we Republicans, with full power in the executive and legislative departments of the Government, satisfy the people and reform existing conditions. If we don't do this, we shall be overwhelmed.'"

Mr. Roosevelt's ideas about the Social Democrats will interest many Americans—especially as Mark Hanna, in a more emphatic way, expressed the same views and fears concerning possible control of Government by the Social Democrats.

Mr. Roosevelt's statement must interest especially the mass of Americans who haven't the slightest idea as to what the Social Democracy may be. Some think that the Social Democratic party consists of men anxious to divide up property and spend it as fast as possible on beer, etc.

Others, confounding ALL political movements that are not of the old class, suppose that Social Democrats, Anarchists, Fabians, etc., are all alike, and that their general idea is to take away money from those that have worked for it and give it to those that **WOULD NOT WORK** under any possible, imaginable circumstances.

It might be worth while, since Mr. Roosevelt himself directs attention to the subject, to inform ourselves as to what the Social Democrats—who are to govern us if we don't look out—really amount to. This newspaper lacks the necessary information; it isn't prepared to say, offhand, just what this Social Democratic movement amounts to **IN AMERICA**. Perhaps some of the Social Democrats themselves will inform Mr. Roosevelt and the reading public as to the exact theories which they entertain.

In the meanwhile a few facts, evident to everybody, are worth reviewing.

In Germany the Social Democratic party is, of course, **THE PARTY OF THE PEOPLE**. It is the only party that stands between absolute exploitation of the masses, through military and plutocratic power, and the rights of those masses. The Social Democratic party in Germany includes not only able men, **BUT THE VERY ABLEST MEN IN GERMANY**. There is not a man of learning, or of the commonest, every-day knowledge, in Germany who ventures to deny the high character, honest purpose and unquestioned ability of men like Bebel, Vollmar, the late Liebknecht and the other great Social Democratic leaders in the German Empire.

The programme of the Social Democrats in Germany is, from the American point of view, extremely radical. But it is certain that, out of one hundred intelligent Americans, ninety-nine, if they lived in Germany, would belong to the Social Democratic party. And if you should eliminate from those hundred the one hundredth American of plutocratic possessions, or of plutocratic hopes and tendencies, you would find that the entire hundred would be Social Democrats if they lived in Germany, with the army, the Emperor and the hard conditions of life squeezing them into a sensible view of political action.

Now, how about the United States, which, according to Mr. Roosevelt, must become either Social Democratic or be blessed with some mild concessions by the railroads sufficient to calm the people without hurting dividends?

Is there any **NECESSITY** in this country for a real, energetic and radical movement on the part of the people?

Is it a fact that both of the old parties have failed?

Does there exist in the United States any of that "class struggle" of which all classes of Socialists talk so frequently and so much?

Is there in the United States a very great dissatisfied [illegible], and, if there is, upon what is that dissatisfaction based?

These questions we ask in good faith. We shall be glad to get intelligent answers and shall, possibly, print some of them.

In the meanwhile, we believe that Mr. Roosevelt is mistaken in his idea that a very **SLIGHT** concession by some hundred-time millionaires will satisfy the people of the United States.

In this country **ONE PER CENT. OF THE POPULATION OWNS FIFTY PER CENT. OF ALL THE PROPERTY**.

And in this country fifty per cent. of the population **OWN ABSOLUTELY NOTHING AT ALL**, except the clothes and the loose change that they carry around with them.

This statement doesn't come from any Social Democrat, but from the cold, heartless statistics of Government employes: from the investigations of scientific men who are perfectly satisfied with the present system and simply study it, as they might study a beetle or a rattlesnake.

We are inclined to think that one of two things must be true:

Either the Divine Government under which we human beings live intends that a great majority of us shall have nothing and a very small minority shall have too much, **OR ELSE, IN THE CHANGES THAT ARE COMING, SOMETHING BETTER MUST BE DONE THAN TO TAKE OFF A FEW CENTS FROM THE FREIGHT RATES OF THE BIG RAILROADS.**

If Mr. Roosevelt thinks that the railroad men, by making some deceptive concessions, can settle the questions which civilization confronts, he is very badly mistaken. He had better call the railroad managers together again—also the other trust managers—and look into the matter a little more thoroughly.

AREN'T MEN THE WRETCHES

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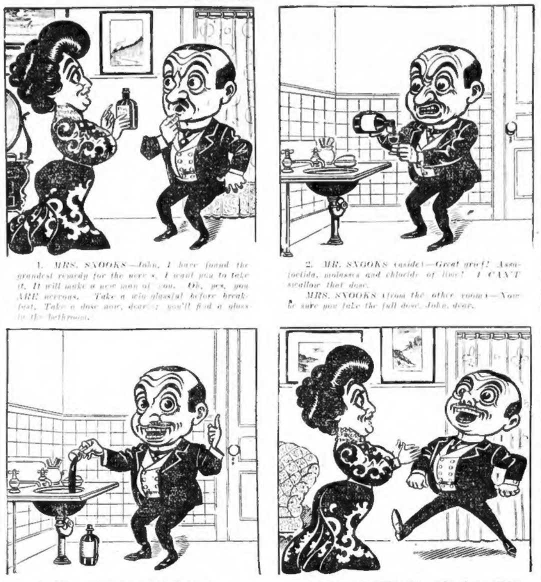

1. *MRS. SNOOKS—John, I have found the grandest remedy for the nerves. I want you to take it. It will make a new man of you. Oh, yes, you ARE nervous. Take a wineglassful before breakfast. Take a dose now, dearie; you'll find a glass in the bathroom.*

2. *MR. SNOOKS (aside)—Great gruff! Assafoetida, molasses and chloride of lime! I CAN'T swallow that dose.*

MRS. SNOOKS (from the other room)—Now be sure you take the full dose, John, dear.

3. *MRS. SNOOKS—How is it, John?*

MR. SNOOKS—It smells pretty bad, but the taste don't affect me at all. I'm getting it down all right!

4. *MRS. SNOOKS—Why, John, that medicine has had an instantaneous effect!*

MR. SNOOKS—Well, I should say so! Houp-de-do-de-doo-doo-di! By Jove, I feel like a two-year-old! One bottle of that will fix my nerves up for the balance of my life! Many thanks to you, dearie!

EVERYDAY DREAMS

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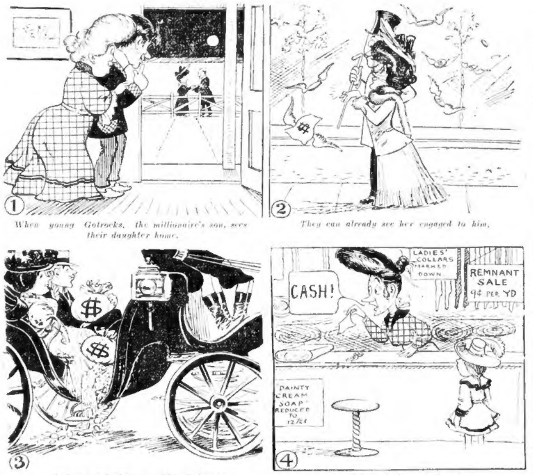

①
②
③
④
$
$
$
CASH!
LADIES' COLLARS MARKED DOWN
REMNANT SALE 9¢ PER YD
DAINTY CREAM SOAP REDUCED TO 12 1/2¢

① *When young Gotrocks, the millionaire's son, sees their daughter home.*

② *They can already see her engaged to him,*

③ *And married—living a life of luxury.*

④ *But fate decrees otherwise.*

JUST KIDS

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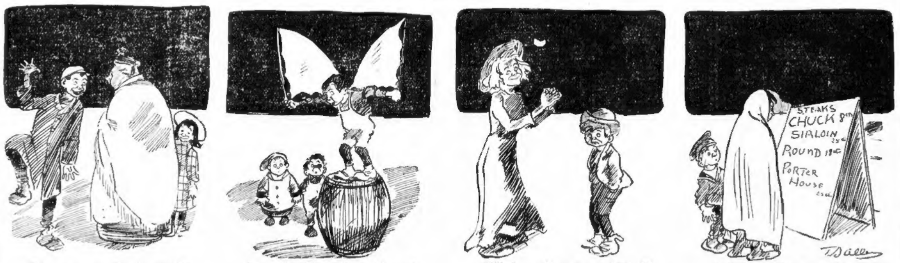

"What are you standing like that for, boy?"

THE HUMOROUS KID—Jest ter save shoe leather, lady.

"Remember, friends, if me flying machine don't work, ter tell de world dat I died game."

"What's yer ideal of a husband, Mirandy?"

"He must be er man wot kin pay a whole lot of alimony."

"What's de good of readin' all dat w'en we ain't got de price?"

"Well, it don't cost nuffin' ter feed yer imagination, does it?"

Again We Say— TAKE CARE OF YOUR TEETH

The Teeth Make the Man. Neglect of Them Is Fatal

A scientific dentist, as able as any in the United States, has been writing on the Woman's Page, preceding this, a series of articles on the care of the teeth. We engaged this doctor to cover the subject thoroughly for the benefit of BOSTON AMERICAN readers.

The last of a series of six articles was published on Tuesday. This first series was prepared principally for mothers, giving them instructions as to the care of the teeth of their children.

On the Woman's Page to-day we publish the first of a series of six more articles by the same author. These six articles will give advice and directions to **ADULTS**, grown men and women, telling them how important the teeth are to health, and how they should be cared for.

It is of the greatest importance to select your diet with intelligence. Having selected it, the next important thing is to have the teeth and the digestive apparatus to utilize that diet in building up your strength.

Nothing is more important than the work that the teeth do. Everything that is not done by them must be done—**AND WITH GREAT DIFFICULTY**—by the digestive apparatus.

You are well aware that there are **NO TEETH IN THE STOMACH**. And yet out of a hundred human beings more than ninety swallow their food before the teeth have half finished their work. And a great number, unfortunately, even in this country, where we have the best dentists in the world, neglect their teeth, and before middle age are incapable of chewing properly, even if they wanted to.

Neglected teeth actually poison the system, bring on old age prematurely, and seriously affect the health in ways innumerable.

The individual who takes great care of his bicycle, his skates, typewriter or automobile is intelligent enough to know that a machine intended to do certain work must **BE KEPT IN CONDITION TO DO IT**.

That same individual is an unusual goose if he cannot realize that the work that the teeth have to do is the most important in the world to him, since it means his health or ill-health. If he can't understand that the complicated machinery which we have in our mouths needs taking care of as much as a bicycle or a typewriter, he is not a very intelligent human being. Take care of your teeth!

A Spring Poem

(That is, a New Englander's Bluff at Writing One.)

By James Montague

NOW lights the sky at eventide
  With warmer red and gold
(Run, Tommy, shut the door outside,
  My hands are numb with cold).
The genial zephyrs' soft perfume
  From far off meadows waft—
(Is there no place in this whole room
  Where there is not a draft?)

In country, town and everywhere
  Glad Spring begins to dawn
(Say, Dick, chop up a kitchen chair
  For wood; the coal's all gone);
The birds will soon begin to wing
  The wakening woodland through,
And sweet, homecoming carols sing,
  (I'm catching cold! Kerchoo!)

The chill north wind has vanished now,
  The earth begins to stir
With promises of Maytime (how
  Is the thermometer?)
Of Maytime, when the droning bees
  Through warm days wing their flight
(What! only seventeen degrees?
  She'll drop to two by night!)

And then we'll stroll around the park
  Through evenings long and warm
(What makes it so confounded dark?
  Those clouds look like a storm),
Thus wakes glad nature with a smile
  From her long Winter's sleep
(Has it been snowing all this while?
  Great Scott! It's three feet deep!)

Dinkelspiel's Philosophy

By George V. Hobart

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IF at first you doan'd succeed efery udder failure in der vorld vill begin to talk abouid you.

If at first you do succeed der failures vill talk abouid you anyvay.

Mostly alvays you vill find dot Flattery vas only sugar-coated Envy.

Nudding in der vorld stays insulted so long as a neglected opportunity.

All men are born equal, but some use a more eggspensive style of stork.

Lives of great men all remind us dot dare is nudding didding mitouid getting rich fairst.

After a man gets dare mit a big bunch of money very few peoples take der trouble to valk back und see vare der money came from.

It keeps many a goot man down to keep up appearances.

Der visest philosopher dot efer lived dit not believe half der tings he tolt himself.

Of two evils choose der vun least likely to be talked abouid.

Little Editorials from the People

"YOU WILL BE WHAT YOU WILL TO BE."

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox's poem in the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN voices the sentiments of many people. I am glad that she and others speak cheering and encouraging words to those who need and deserve them, but I wish that many people could have much that is more substantial than words and to which they have a moral right.

The thought of Mrs. Wilcox's poem seems to be to put all responsibility upon the individual and none upon environment.

It seems to me plain that a part of the environment of each individual must be the other individuals, and therefore if the power of the individual is generally underestimated, as it may be, then the power of that portion of one's environment which is made up of all the other individuals must be underestimated.

I quote the following line:

"You will be what you will to be."

It is well to remember we each have power, but no one has all of it. Many times an individual of superior ability and the best intentions may be defeated, in a worthy undertaking, by knaves and fools; to say nothing of other "environment."

We may all do something, we don't know how much, but the great work is to improve the environments that have been made by ignorance, or by "man's inhumanity to man," and not to ignore them.

L. N. SMITH.

Swampscott.

IS BOSTON THE WICKEDEST CITY?

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Bishop Mallalieu did not put it any too strong when he said Boston was the wickedest city. It certainly is. Look at the beer shops, almost every other door on some of our streets. A liquor seller should be punished as much as a drunkard. Nearly every railroad or steamer accident, murder or suicide is caused by rum.

Cigarettes are another great evil which is killing many of our young men. I know of several cases where the parties have committed suicide. Young girls have the same habit.

Very few pastors speak forcefully enough. They seem to be afraid to speak their minds lest they hit some of their parishioners.

C. W. P.

Boston.